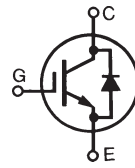


# GenX3™ 600V IGBT with Diode

## IXGR72N60C3D1

High-Speed Low-V<sub>sat</sub> PT IGBT  
40-100 kHz Switching



$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

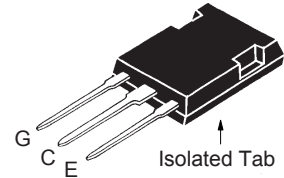
$$I_{C110} = 35A$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 2.7V$$

$$t_{fi(typ)} = 55ns$$

Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
$V_{CES}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	600	V
$V_{CGR}$	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$ , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	600	V
$V_{GES}$	Continuous	$\pm 20$	V
$V_{GEM}$	Transient	$\pm 30$	V
$I_{C25}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ (Limited by Leads)	75	A
$I_{C110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	35	A
$I_{F110}$	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	36	A
$I_{CM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ , 1ms	400	A
$I_A$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	50	A
$E_{AS}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	500	mJ
<b>SSOA</b>	$V_{GE} = 15V$ , $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ , $R_G = 2\Omega$	$I_{CM} = 150$	A
<b>(RBSOA)</b>	Clamped Inductive Load	$V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	
$P_C$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	200	W
$T_J$		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
$T_{JM}$		150	$^\circ C$
$T_{stg}$		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
$V_{ISOL}$	50/60 Hz, RMS, $t = 1$ Minute	2500	V~
	$I_{ISOL} < 1mA$ $t = 20$ Seconds	3000	V~
$F_C$	Mounting Force	20..120/4.5..27	N/lb
$T_L$	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ C$
$T_{SOLD}$	1.6mm (0.062 in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ C$
<b>Weight</b>		5	g

### ISOPLUS 247™



G = Gate      C = Collector  
E = Emitter

### Features

- Silicon Chip on Direct-Copper Bond (DCB) Substrate
- Optimized for Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Isolated Mounting Surface
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- Avalanche Rated
- 2500V Electrical Isolation

### Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

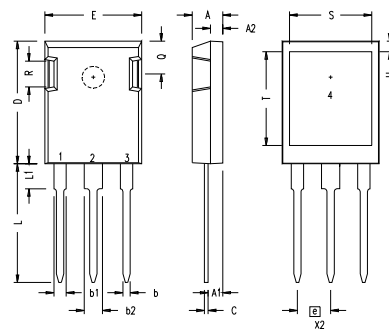
### Applications

- High Frequency Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Battery Chargers
- Welding Machines
- Lamp Ballasts

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ C$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$ , $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.5 V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ , $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			300 $\mu A$ 5 mA
$I_{GES}$	$V_{CE} = 0V$ , $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			$\pm 100$ nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 50A$ , $V_{GE} = 15V$ , Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ C$		2.10 1.65	V V

Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$g_{fs}$	$I_C = 50\text{A}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$ , Note 1	33	55	S
$C_{ies}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , $f = 1\text{MHz}$		4780	pF
$C_{oes}$			330	pF
$C_{res}$			117	pF
$Q_g$	$I_C = 50\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		175	nC
$Q_{ge}$			33	nC
$Q_{gc}$			72	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive Load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 50\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 480\text{V}$ , $R_G = 2\Omega$ , Note 2		27	ns
$t_{ri}$			37	ns
$E_{on}$			1.03	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			77	130 ns
$t_{fi}$			55	110 ns
$E_{off}$			0.48	0.95 mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive Load, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 50\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 480\text{V}$ , $R_G = 2\Omega$ , Note 2		26	ns
$t_{ri}$			36	ns
$E_{on}$			1.48	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			120	ns
$t_{fi}$			124	ns
$E_{off}$			0.93	mJ
$R_{thJC}$			0.62	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{thCS}$		0.15		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

### ISOPLUS247 (IXGR) Outline



SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.190	.205	4.83	5.21
A1	.090	.100	2.29	2.54
A2	.075	.085	1.91	2.16
b	.045	.055	1.14	1.40
b1	.075	.084	1.91	2.13
b2	.115	.123	2.92	3.12
C	.024	.031	0.61	0.80
D	.819	.840	20.80	21.34
E	.620	.635	15.75	16.13
e	.215 BSC		5.45 BSC	
L	.780	.800	19.81	20.32
L1	.150	.170	3.81	4.32
Q	.220	.244	5.59	6.20
R	.170	.190	4.32	4.83
S	.520	.540	13.21	13.72
T	.620	.640	15.75	16.26
U	.065	.080	1.65	2.03

- 1 - GATE
- 2 - DRAIN (COLLECTOR)
- 3 - SOURCE (EMITTER)
- 4 - NO CONNECTION

NOTE: This drawing will meet all dimensions requirement of JEDEC outline TO-247AD except screw hole.

### Reverse Diode (FRED)

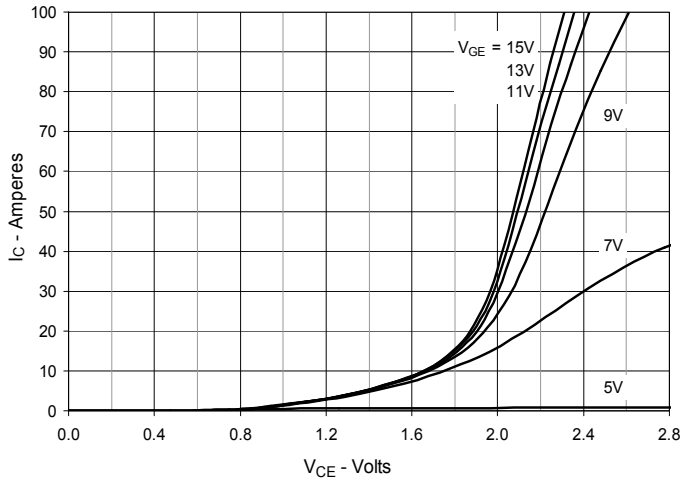
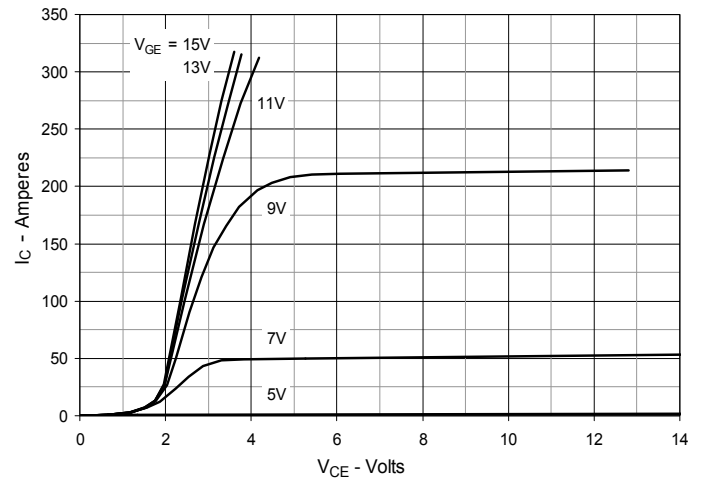
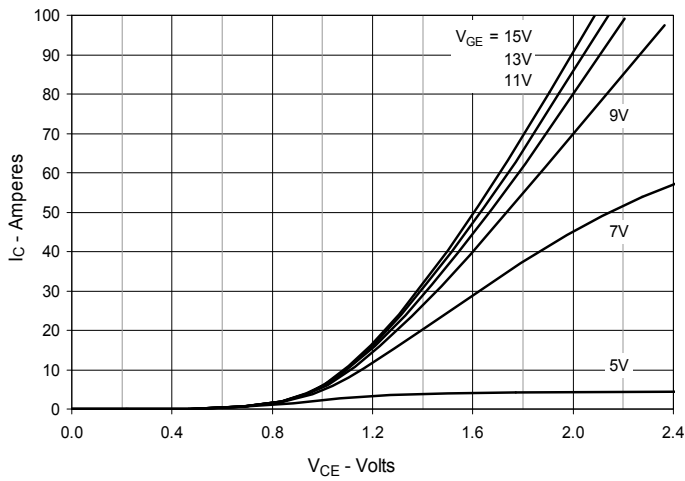
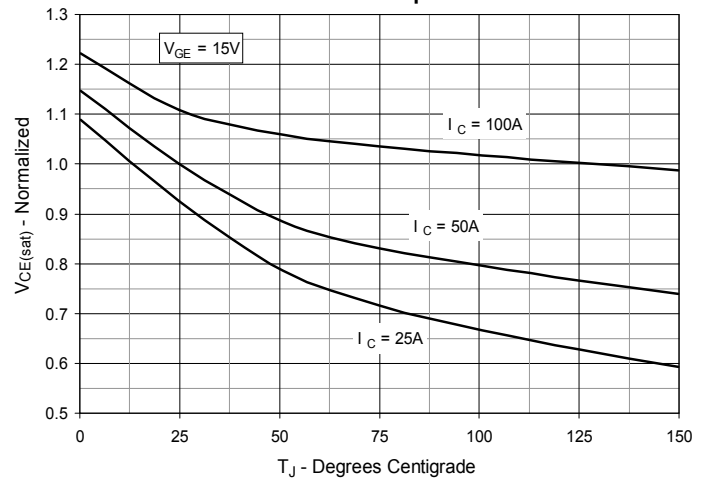
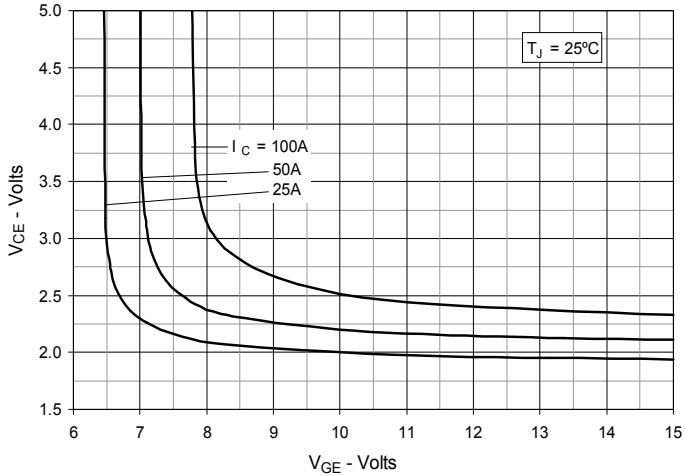
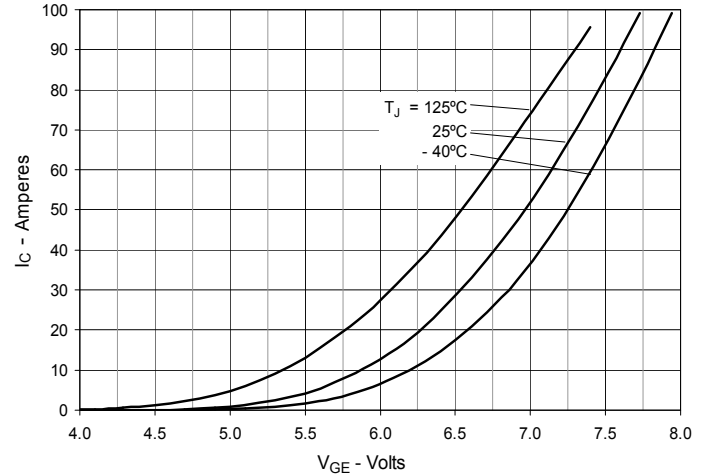
Symbol	Test Conditions ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$V_F$	$I_F = 60\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , Note 1 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	2.5 V
$I_{RM}$	$I_F = 60\text{A}$ , $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ , $-di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 100\text{V}$ $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$		8.3	A
$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 1\text{A}$ , $-di/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 30\text{V}$		35	ns
$R_{thJC}$				0.85 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

### Notes:

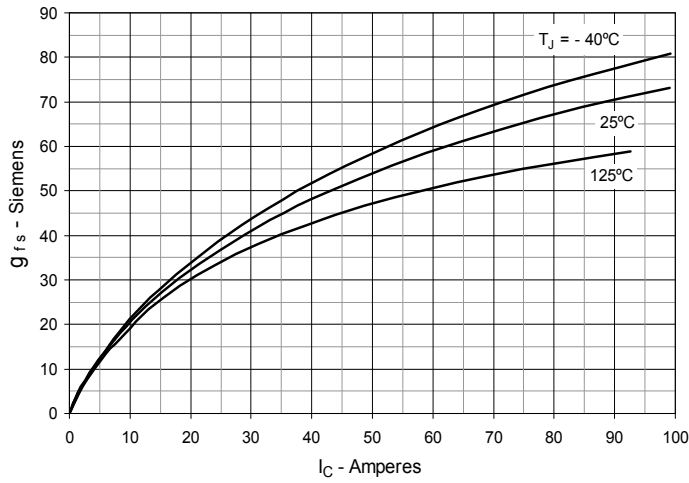
1. Pulse test,  $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle,  $d \leq 2\%$ .
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher  $V_{CE}(\text{Clamp})$ ,  $T_J$  or  $R_G$ .

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

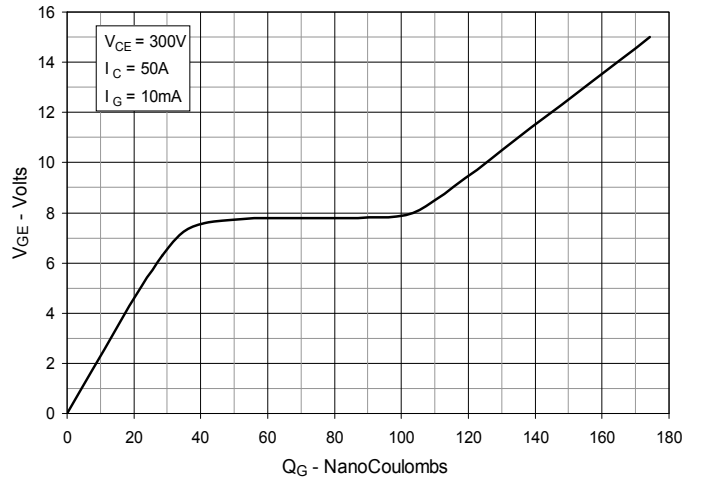
IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,850,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

**Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$** 

**Fig. 4. Dependence of  $V_{CE(sat)}$  on Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

**Fig. 6. Input Admittance**


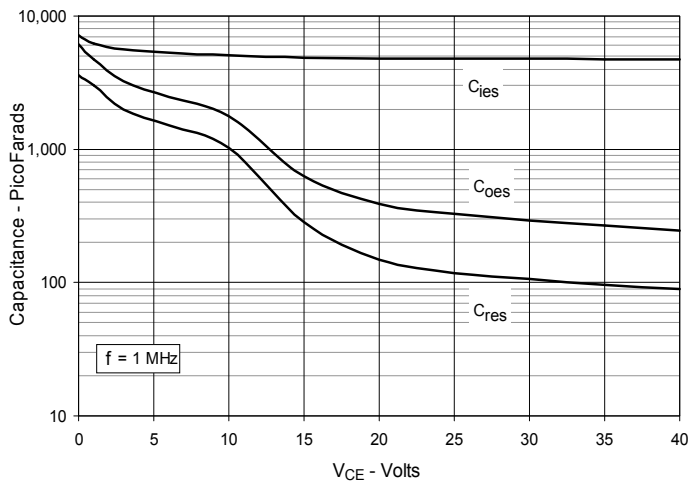
**Fig. 7. Transconductance**



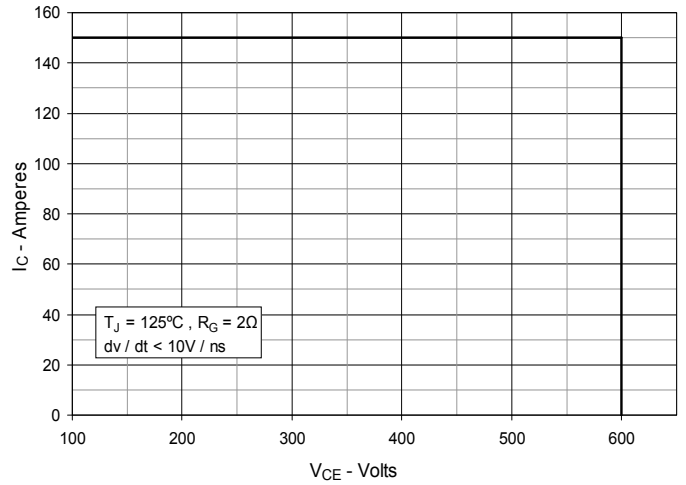
**Fig. 8. Gate Charge**



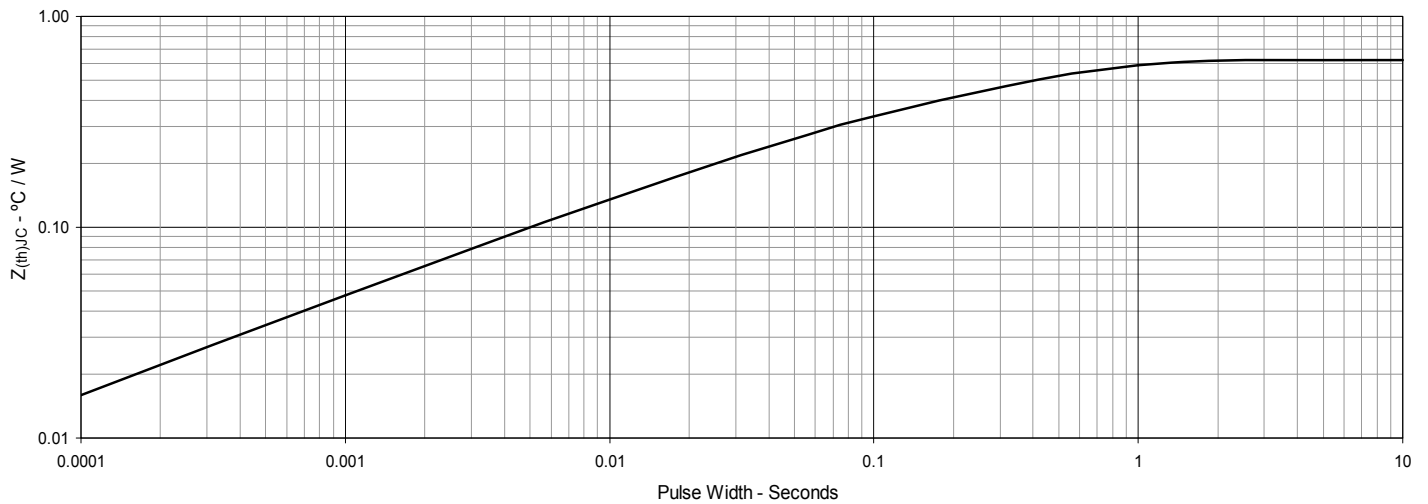
**Fig. 9. Capacitance**

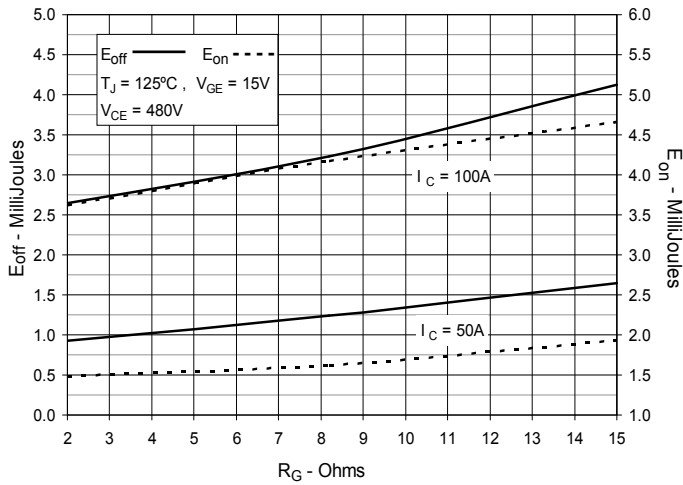
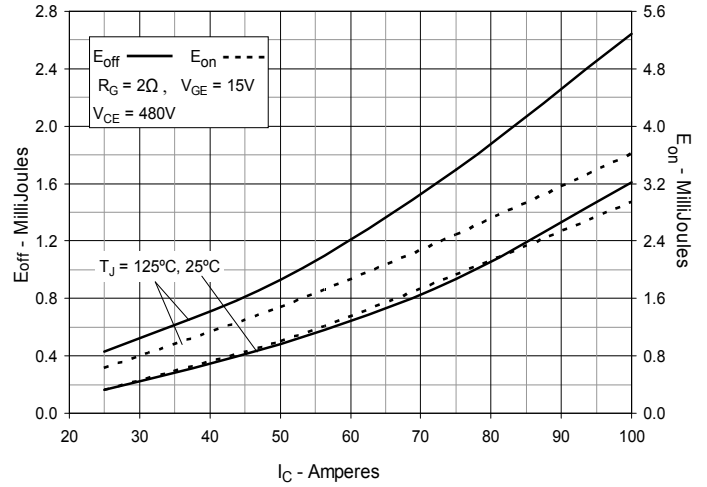
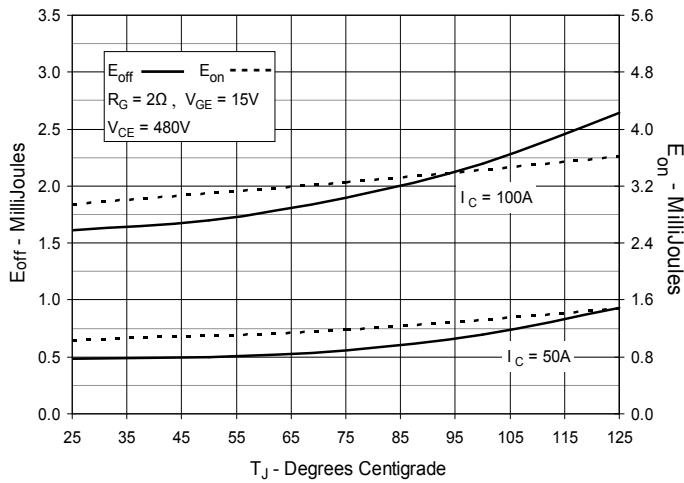
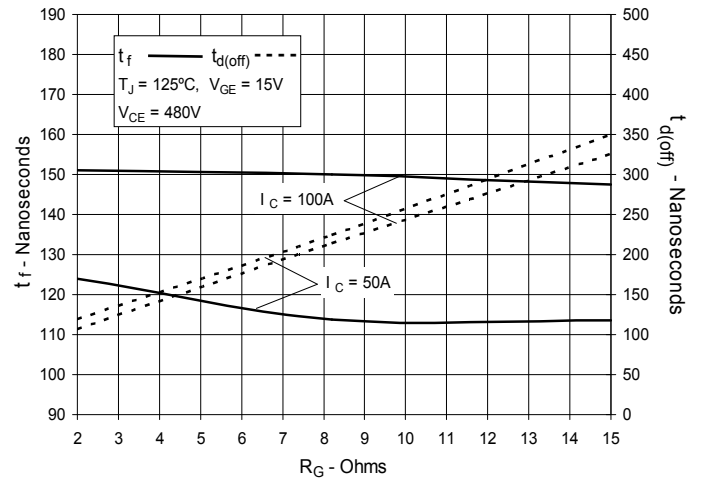
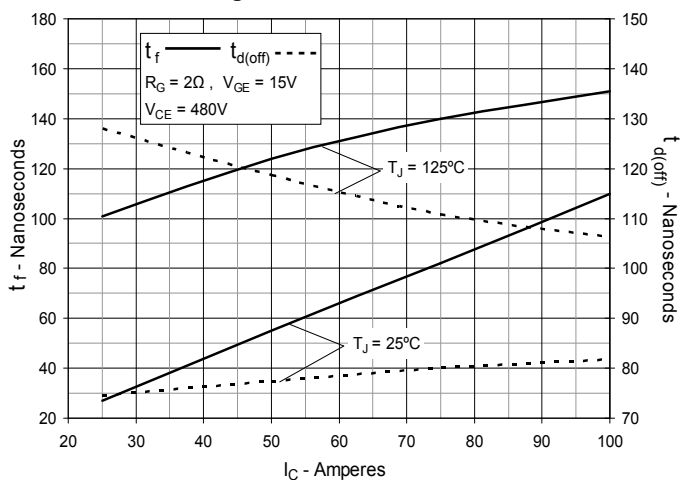
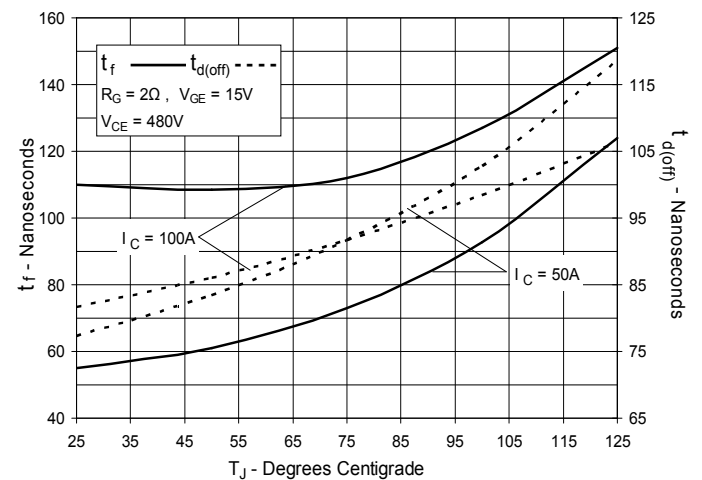


**Fig. 10. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area**

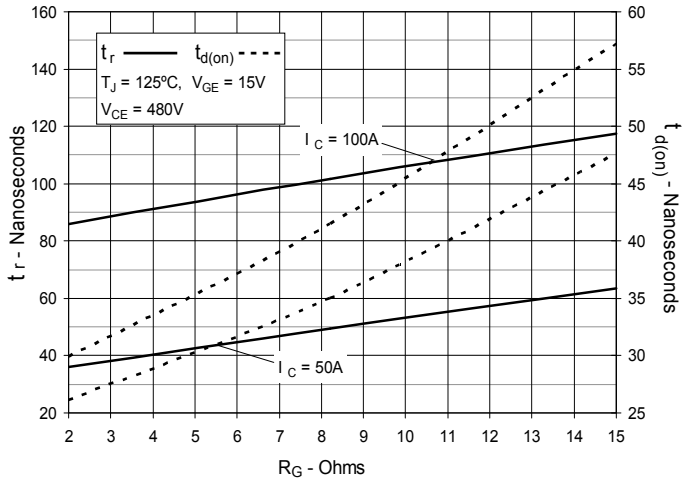


**Fig. 11. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**

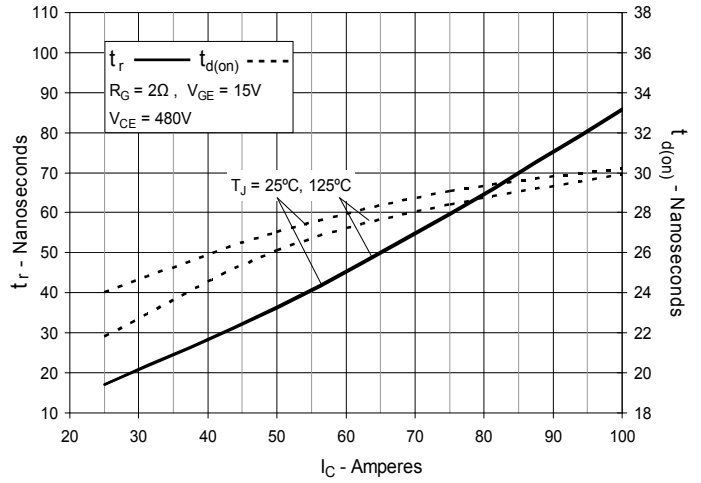


**Fig. 12. Inductive Switching  
Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 13. Inductive Switching  
Energy Loss vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 14. Inductive Switching  
Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature**

**Fig. 15. Inductive Turn-off  
Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**

**Fig. 16. Inductive Turn-off  
Switching Times vs. Collector Current**

**Fig. 17. Inductive Turn-off  
Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**


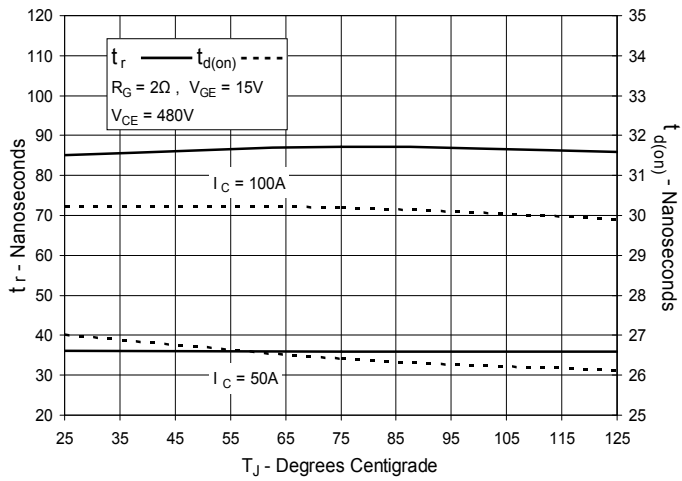
**Fig. 18. Inductive Turn-on  
Switching Times vs. Gate Resistance**



**Fig. 19. Inductive Turn-on  
Switching Times vs. Collector Current**



**Fig. 20. Inductive Turn-on  
Switching Times vs. Junction Temperature**



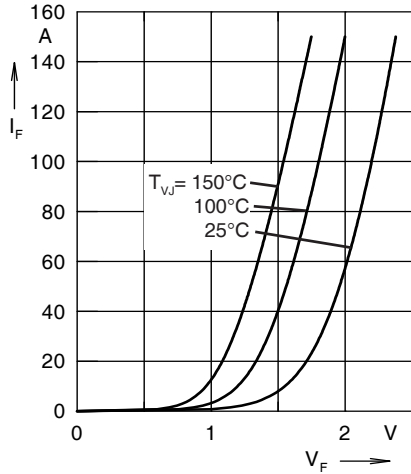


Fig. 21. Forward Current  $I_F$  Versus  $V_F$

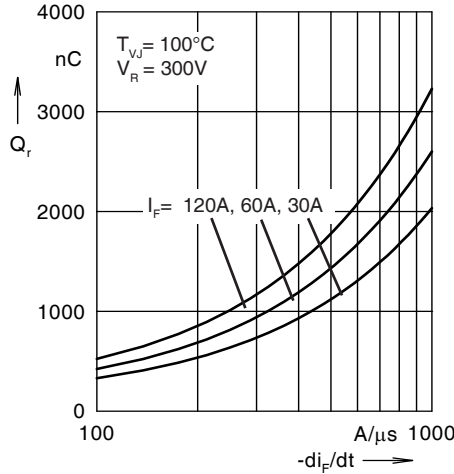


Fig. 22. Reverse Recovery Charge  $Q_r$  Versus  $-di_F/dt$

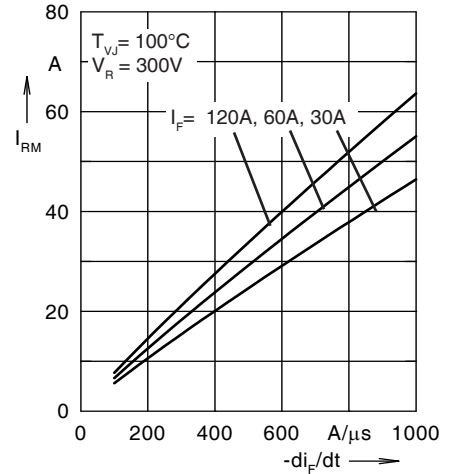


Fig. 23. Peak Reverse Current  $I_{RM}$  Versus  $-di_F/dt$

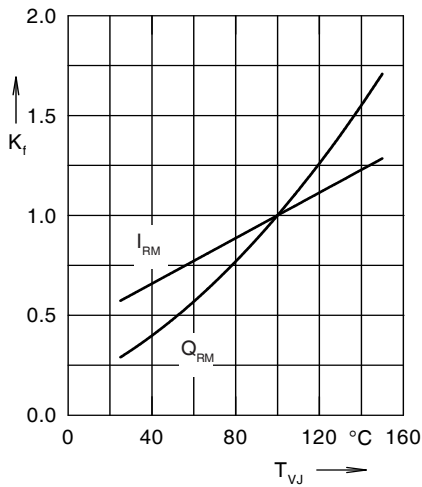


Fig. 24. Dynamic parameters  $Q_r, I_{RM}$  Versus  $T_{VJ}$

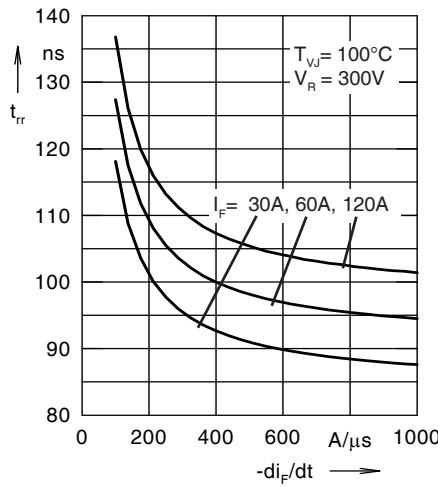


Fig. 25. Recovery Time  $t_{rr}$  Versus  $-di_F/dt$

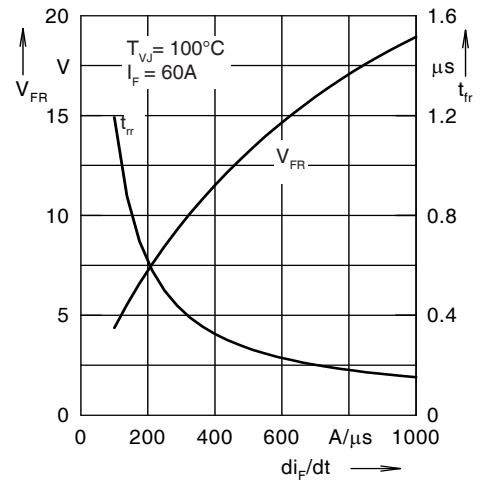


Fig. 26. Peak Forward Voltage  $V_{FR}$  and  $t_{rr}$  Versus  $-di_F/dt$

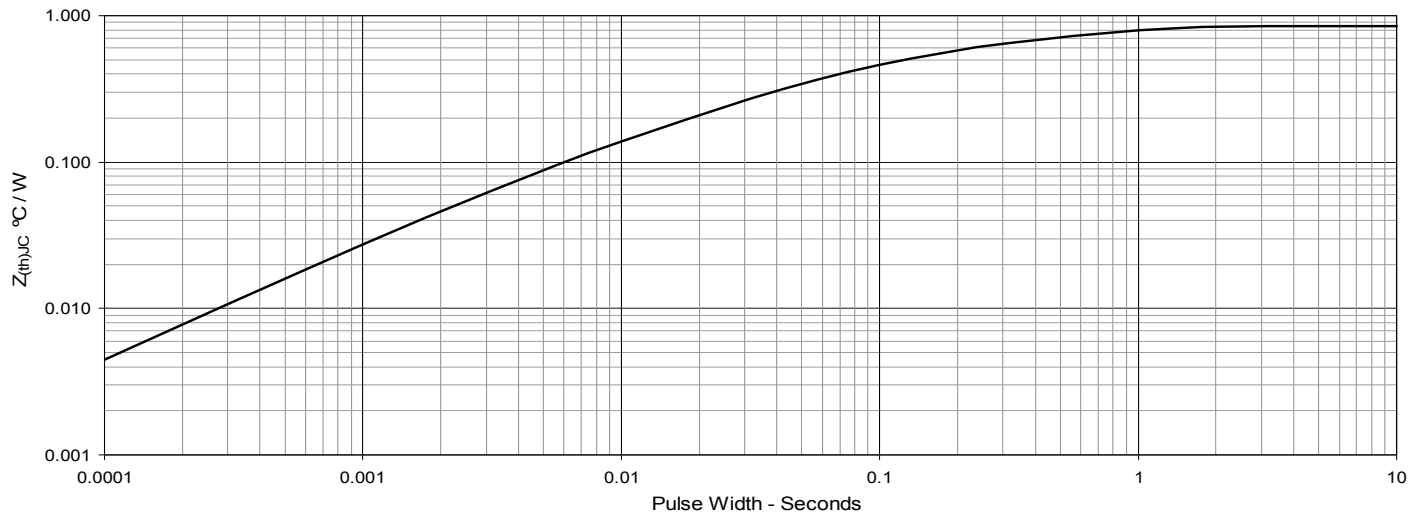


Fig. 27. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (for diode)



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