

# AF0500

## ARC-FLASH RELAY

REVISION 0-E-120817



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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

|       |                                                                                             |    |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1     | KEY FEATURES.....                                                                           | 7  |
| 1.1   | Easy Installation.....                                                                      | 7  |
| 1.2   | Fail-Safe Installation.....                                                                 | 8  |
| 1.3   | Fast Error and Fault Location.....                                                          | 8  |
| 1.4   | Ethernet Communication.....                                                                 | 8  |
| 1.5   | USB Interface.....                                                                          | 8  |
| 2     | ARC-FLASH PROTECTION SYSTEM DESIGN.....                                                     | 9  |
| 3     | SENSOR PLACEMENT.....                                                                       | 12 |
| 3.1   | General Guidelines.....                                                                     | 12 |
| 3.2   | Switchgear Protection.....                                                                  | 12 |
| 3.3   | Transformer Protection.....                                                                 | 12 |
| 4     | OPTICAL SENSORS.....                                                                        | 13 |
| 4.1   | PGA-LS10 Photoelectric Point Sensor with Sensor Check.....                                  | 14 |
| 4.1.1 | PGA-LS10 Connection.....                                                                    | 15 |
| 4.1.2 | PGA-LS10 Installation.....                                                                  | 16 |
| 4.2   | PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Fiber-Optic Sensors with Sensor Check.....                            | 17 |
| 4.2.1 | Fiber Connection.....                                                                       | 17 |
| 4.2.2 | Receiver Wiring Connections.....                                                            | 17 |
| 4.2.3 | Transmitter Wiring Connections.....                                                         | 17 |
| 4.2.4 | PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Connection.....                                                       | 18 |
| 4.2.5 | Fiber-Optic Sensor Adjustment.....                                                          | 19 |
| 4.2.6 | Sensor Adjustment For a Fiber Length Other Than 60 cm (24 in).....                          | 19 |
| 5     | APPLICATION EXAMPLES.....                                                                   | 20 |
| 5.1   | Basic Scenario: One Sensor – One Circuit Breaker.....                                       | 20 |
| 5.2   | Two Independent Trip Zones.....                                                             | 21 |
| 5.3   | Two Zones Combined To One By Cabling.....                                                   | 22 |
| 5.4   | Several Zones Combined To One By Cabling.....                                               | 23 |
| 5.5   | Upstream Circuit Breaker Trip on Local Circuit Breaker Fail.....                            | 24 |
| 5.6   | Main-Tie-Main using PGA-1100 Logic Diode Unit.....                                          | 24 |
| 5.7   | Main-Tie-Main from a Dedicated AF0500 Zone.....                                             | 26 |
| 5.8   | Total Clearing Time.....                                                                    | 26 |
| 5.8.1 | Arc-Detection Delay.....                                                                    | 26 |
| 5.8.2 | Circuit Breaker Operating Time.....                                                         | 26 |
| 5.8.3 | Total Clearing Time Examples.....                                                           | 27 |
| 5.8.4 | Total Clearing Time for Upstream Circuit Breakers In Case of a Circuit Breaker Failure..... | 27 |
| 6     | INSTALLATION AND TERMINALS.....                                                             | 29 |
| 6.1   | Power Supply.....                                                                           | 30 |
| 6.1.1 | Line AC Supply.....                                                                         | 30 |
| 6.1.2 | Station Battery DC Supply.....                                                              | 30 |
| 6.1.3 | Auxiliary DC Supply.....                                                                    | 31 |
| 6.1.4 | Supply Surveillance.....                                                                    | 31 |
| 6.2   | Common I/O Block.....                                                                       | 31 |
| 6.2.1 | ERROR Signal Relay.....                                                                     | 31 |
| 6.2.2 | TRIPPED Signal Relay.....                                                                   | 32 |
| 6.2.3 | C/B Fail Output.....                                                                        | 32 |
| 6.2.4 | RESET Input.....                                                                            | 32 |

|                                                      |                                                                     |    |
|------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 6.3                                                  | Trip Zone I/O .....                                                 | 32 |
| 6.3.1                                                | INHIBIT Input .....                                                 | 33 |
| 6.3.2                                                | TRIP Input .....                                                    | 33 |
| 6.3.3                                                | C/B ON Input .....                                                  | 33 |
| 6.3.4                                                | TRIPPED Output .....                                                | 33 |
| 6.4                                                  | TRIP COIL Output .....                                              | 34 |
| 6.5                                                  | Sensors .....                                                       | 34 |
| 6.5.1                                                | Zone Association .....                                              | 34 |
| 6.5.2                                                | Light Immunity Adjustment .....                                     | 34 |
| 6.5.3                                                | Extending or Shortening Cable Length .....                          | 35 |
| 6.6                                                  | Ethernet .....                                                      | 35 |
| 7                                                    | USER INTERFACE .....                                                | 36 |
| 7.1                                                  | Reset Button .....                                                  | 36 |
| 7.2                                                  | LED Indications .....                                               | 36 |
| 7.3                                                  | USB Configuration Software .....                                    | 39 |
| 7.3.1                                                | USB Configuration Software – Screen Examples .....                  | 40 |
| 7.4                                                  | USB Event Log .....                                                 | 46 |
| 7.5                                                  | Firmware Upgrade .....                                              | 47 |
| 8                                                    | COMMISSIONING .....                                                 | 48 |
| 8.1                                                  | Configuration of Installed Sensors .....                            | 48 |
| 8.2                                                  | Testing the Sensors .....                                           | 48 |
| 8.3                                                  | Testing the Trip Coil Outputs and Associated Circuit Breakers ..... | 49 |
| 8.4                                                  | Full Operation Test .....                                           | 49 |
| 9                                                    | SUPPORT RESOURCES .....                                             | 51 |
| 9.1                                                  | Sending Information for Support .....                               | 51 |
| 10                                                   | SPECIFICATIONS .....                                                | 52 |
| 10.1                                                 | AF0500 .....                                                        | 52 |
| 10.2                                                 | EMC Tests .....                                                     | 54 |
| 10.3                                                 | Environmental Tests .....                                           | 55 |
| 10.4                                                 | Safety .....                                                        | 55 |
| 10.5                                                 | Certification .....                                                 | 56 |
| 10.6                                                 | Sensors .....                                                       | 57 |
| 10.7                                                 | Ordering Information .....                                          | 58 |
| 10.8                                                 | Related Products .....                                              | 58 |
| 10.9                                                 | Warranty .....                                                      | 58 |
| APPENDIX A: MODBUS TCP REGISTER MAP .....            |                                                                     | 59 |
| APPENDIX B: INSTALLATION LOG SHEET .....             |                                                                     | 64 |
| APPENDIX C: REDUNDANT TRIP CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION ..... |                                                                     | 67 |
| APPENDIX D: AF0500 REVISION HISTORY .....            |                                                                     | 68 |

## LIST OF FIGURES

|    |                                                                            |    |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 1  | AF0500 Default Trip Zones .....                                            | 8  |
| 2  | AF0500 Typical Wiring Diagram .....                                        | 10 |
| 3  | AF0500 24-Vdc Source Typical Wiring Diagram.....                           | 11 |
| 4  | PGA-LS10 Detection Range for a 3 kA Fault.....                             | 14 |
| 5  | PGA-LS10 Connection Diagram .....                                          | 15 |
| 6  | PGA-LS10 Mounting Detail .....                                             | 16 |
| 7  | PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Connection Diagram .....                             | 18 |
| 8  | Basic AF0500 Configuration .....                                           | 20 |
| 9  | AF0500 with Two Independent Trip Zones .....                               | 21 |
| 10 | AF0500 with Two Trip Zones Combined.....                                   | 22 |
| 11 | AF0500 with Several Trip Zones Combined .....                              | 23 |
| 12 | AF0500 Upstream Circuit Breaker Trip On Local<br>Circuit Breaker Fail..... | 24 |
| 13 | PGA-1100 Configuration.....                                                | 25 |
| 14 | Main-Tie-Main Using PGA-1100 .....                                         | 25 |
| 15 | AF0500 TRIP/TRIPPED Connected to Two AF0500 Units (Three Zone Units).....  | 26 |
| 16 | AF0500 Outline And Mounting Details.....                                   | 29 |
| 17 | Fail Safe Error Indication using Multiple AF0500's .....                   | 31 |

## LIST OF TABLES

|   |                                         |    |
|---|-----------------------------------------|----|
| 1 | Circuit Breaker Operating Time.....     | 27 |
| 2 | Sample Table for Testing a System ..... | 50 |

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## **1 KEY FEATURES**

The AF0500 Arc-Flash Relay is a high-speed, arc-detection device for electrical power-distribution systems. The AF0500 has outputs for two trip coils in two zones, and has inputs for up to four optical sensors for optimal arc detection. The inputs support both point sensors and fiber-optic line sensors, which cover a larger area.

Using optical sensors rather than relying strictly on current measurement allows a much faster detection time than overcurrent relays or a circuit breaker alone can typically provide, as the light from the arc is unique for the fault, whereas current pulses above the nominal level are part of normal operation for many systems.

On the occurrence of an arc fault, the AF0500 detects the fault and pulses the trip contact in less than one millisecond, which trips the circuit breaker(s) supplying the fault. The total arcing time is effectively reduced to the mechanical opening time of the circuit breaker, typically between 30 and 75 milliseconds. This reduces the energy of the arc fault significantly, increasing worker safety, reducing fault damage, and improving uptime. Switchgear can often be simply cleaned, inspected, and put back in service after an arc fault instead of having to be replaced.

The trip contacts are solid-state switches (IGBT's), and provide fast reaction and sufficient drive capability for connection directly to circuit-breaker trip coils.

The AF0500 can be used on ac or dc electrical systems and can be powered from either an ac or dc supply, or both.

### **1.1 Easy Installation**

The AF0500 design philosophy is to configure one or more zone units to provide arc-flash protection. Each zone unit provides two sensors, one trip coil output, and digital inputs and outputs which make it possible to combine the zone units into larger zones, or to trip an upstream circuit breaker if a local circuit breaker has failed to trip. Each AF0500 provides two zone units, which can be combined freely, with no differences if the zone units are on the same AF0500 or on different physical units. See Fig. 1. The complete configuration and “programming” of the system can be done by simply wiring the inputs and outputs marked with green arrows – no external software is needed.

To facilitate this, the zone units are equipped with digital inputs and outputs, which allow a system with multiple zones and upstream circuit breakers to be wired with no programming required. This means that in many applications, the switchboard wiring diagram can completely describe how the arc-flash system works.

The relay will automatically learn which sensors, power supplies and trip coils are connected, and will indicate an alarm if a previously connected wire breaks or is unplugged. If a configuration change is needed, the redetection process can be triggered by pressing the Reset button for three seconds. All changes to the configuration are logged in a non-volatile text log, and if needed, the installation memory can be locked and password-protected using the USB configuration software.

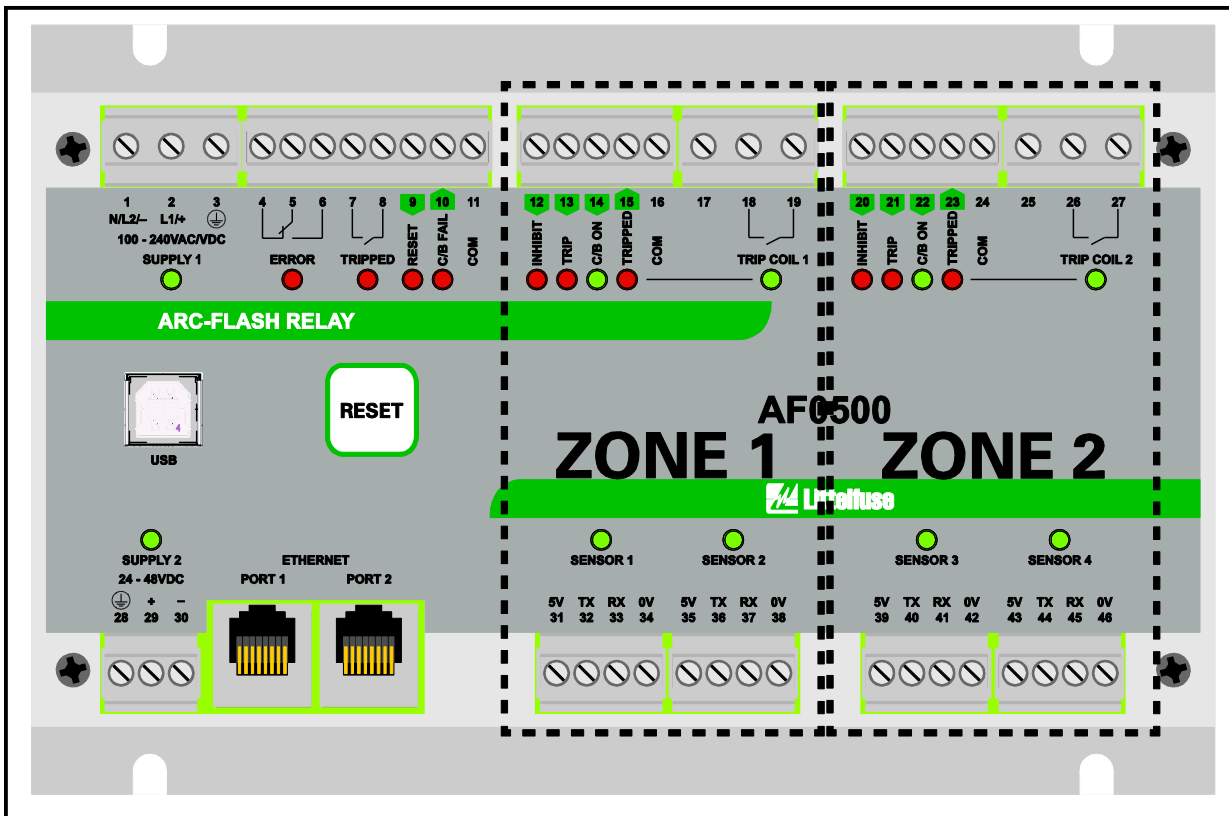


FIGURE 1. AF0500 Default Trip Zones.

## 1.2 Fail-Safe Operation

The AF0500 continuously monitors its internal circuitry as well as the connected optical sensors. Any system faults, including a sensor-cable fault, are indicated by an Error relay and the Error LED on the front panel. System faults are also logged locally and are available using MODBUS TCP.

A redundant trip circuit ensures that the AF0500 will trip the circuit breaker on an arc flash even if a primary trip-circuit component fails. The design of the redundant trip circuit also provides a significantly faster response to an arc on power-up (for example, after maintenance during a shutdown) than is possible with microprocessor-only relays, which is an advantage in smaller self-powered systems.

## 1.3 Fast Error and Fault Location

The optical sensors used with the AF0500 have built-in LED's for indication of health and for easy location of arc faults. The AF0500 also has one LED per optical sensor on the front panel to indicate which sensor(s) have caused a trip and for indicating problems in the installation.

## 1.4 Ethernet Communication

The AF0500 can be supervised via MODBUS TCP. This provides status information for sensors, analog inputs, digital inputs, digital outputs, and numerous event and error flags for an external SCADA system.

## 1.5 USB Interface

A USB interface on the front panel of the AF0500 provides easy PC access to configuration settings and access to an event log which provides detailed diagnostic information about measurements before and after a trip. No PC driver or software installation is required.



## 2 ARC-FLASH PROTECTION SYSTEM DESIGN

In order to find the necessary components and configuration for protecting a system, a single line diagram and knowledge of the physical configuration of the system is needed.

1. Start by identifying the number and type of sensors that are needed to have coverage of the complete system. In order to have complete coverage, all bus bar sections, circuit breaker connection points, and bolted connections must have a sensor nearby. Typically, a single point sensor per enclosed switchgear compartment is sufficient, but if a large internal component is blocking the line-of-sight, an additional sensor may be necessary. A fiber sensor can be threaded along a bus bar to protect many compartments, but only if they are interrupted by the same circuit breaker. The fiber sensor can also be used to improve coverage of compartments with many bulky components.
2. Identify which circuit breakers to open in order to completely interrupt all current to each sensor. If more sensors are isolated by the same set of circuit breakers, these are said to be in the same zone – an arc-flash event on any of these sensors will open the same set of circuit breakers.
3. Identify if the system needs coordinated tripping – if upstream circuit breakers, which trips the incoming feeder for several downstream circuit breakers, are present in the system, a decision must be made to either merge all the smaller zones and trip all circuit breakers at once (fast and cheap, but may trip more outgoing feeders than necessary), or to only trip the upstream circuit breaker if the downstream circuit breaker fails to interrupt the current (slower and costlier, but trips only what is necessary).
4. Based on the number of sensors and zones, the necessary number of outputs and sensors can be found. Each AF0500 provides two zones (two circuit breaker outputs) and two sensor inputs per zone, which can be bundled into larger zones by a single wire, and which can combine fiber and point sensors completely as needed. See Fig. 1.
5. Now, place one AF0500 trip output for each circuit breaker in the system. If there are more than two sensors per zone, connect the AF0500 zones together by connecting the “TRIP” and “TRIPPED” terminals on all zones. Zones can also be made larger by using a sensor covering a larger area, i.e. by changing point sensors to fiber sensors. Place the sensors in the cabinets, and connect them to the zone inputs. The sensor cables, which use copper wire, can be shortened or extended as needed.

**NOTE:** If upstream circuit breakers must be controlled, all downstream circuit breakers must be equipped with feedback switches in order to detect if they tripped. This feedback contact must be connected to the “C/B ON” input for the corresponding output. By default, the AF0500 expects a NO contact to COM such that a tripped circuit breaker connects the input to COM, but this can be configured. A failure to open a circuit breaker within the normally expected opening time will activate the “C/B FAIL” output, which must then be connected to a “TRIP” input on the upstream zone. Remember that if the system contains more circuit breakers which may fail, all C/B FAIL outputs must be connected to the upstream zone TRIP input.

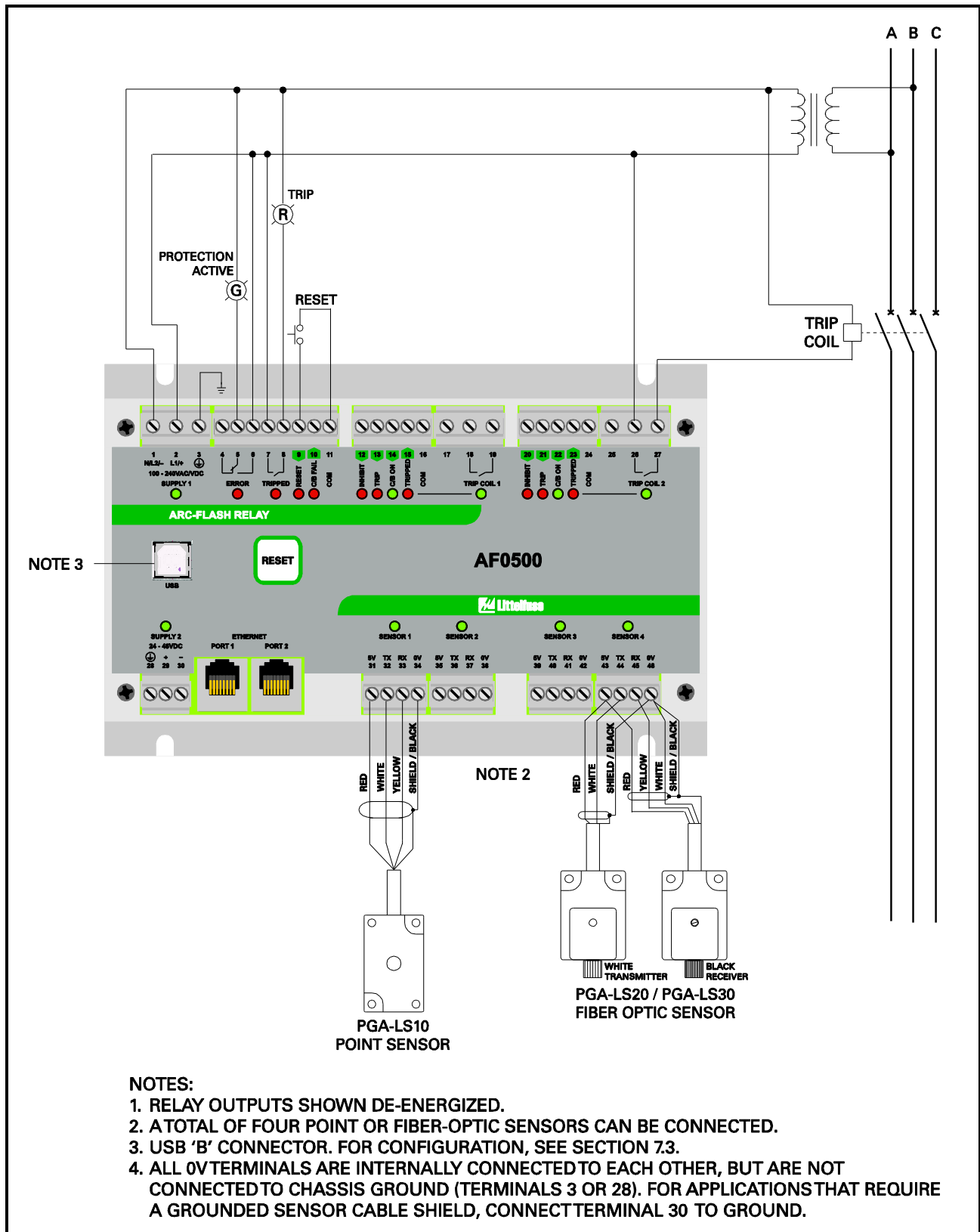


FIGURE 2. AF0500 Typical Wiring Diagram.

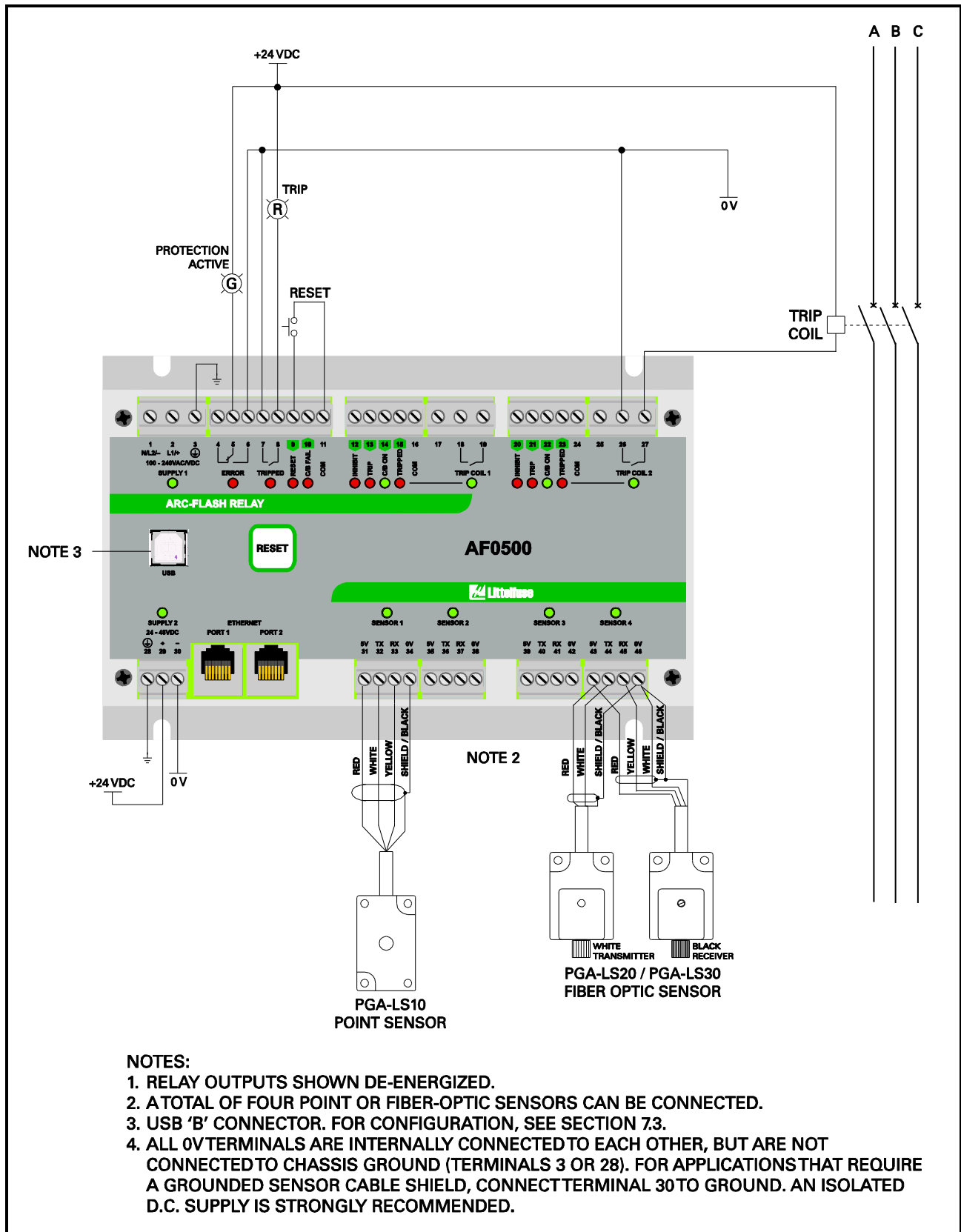


FIGURE 3. AF0500 24-Vdc Source Typical Wiring Diagram.

### 3 SENSOR PLACEMENT

#### 3.1 General Guidelines

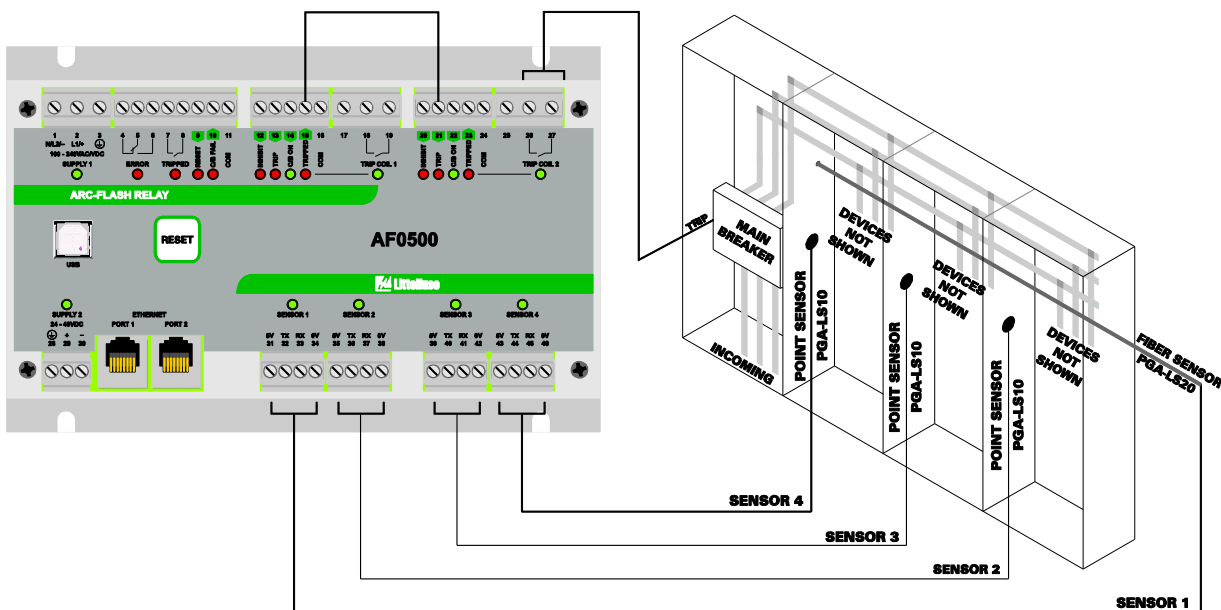
Optical sensors should have line-of-sight to points being monitored. Ensure that the point sensors and fiber are not blocked by fixed or moveable objects. Areas that will be accessed for maintenance or with moveable parts (such as draw-out circuit breakers) should be considered a high priority for installation. Do not place sensors or cables on bare components that will be energized and avoid sharp bends in the cable, particularly when using the PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 fiber-optic sensors. The electrical cables and sensors should be considered to be at ground potential when determining electrical clearances.

Sensors should be mounted in a location that will minimize the chance of debris or dust build-up and with easy access for maintenance if needed. A point sensor mounted at the top of an enclosure and facing down is optimal for reducing dust build-up. It should be noted that most enclosures are metallic and the reflectivity combined with the high intensity of an arc mean that even a moderately dusty sensor will collect adequate light.

In dusty environments, sensor cleaning should be part of a regular maintenance schedule and can be performed using compressed air or a dry cloth.

#### 3.2 Switchgear Protection

The sensors used for arc-flash detection are optical sensors. Line-of-sight between the points where an arc could occur and the sensor is optimal, but the reflectivity of metallic compartments will help in distributing the light from an arc fault in the entire cabinet.



Often one point sensor is sufficient to monitor a complete switchgear compartment. However, if there are large components such as circuit breakers that cast shadows over wider areas, more than one point sensor is required.

#### 3.3 Transformer Protection

The AF0500 can also be used for the protection of transformers. Two or more point sensors should be used per transformer to monitor the primary and secondary connection terminals. For the placement of the sensors, the same considerations apply as for switchgear protection.

## 4 OPTICAL SENSORS

The AF0500 has four inputs for optical arc-fault sensors.

Two sensor types are supported:

- PGA-LS10 Photoelectric Point Sensors with sensor check
- PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Fiber-Optic Sensors with sensor check

The sensors can be used together, in any combination.

Both sensor types have LED indication of sensor health and fault location. A sensor-check circuit tests the sensor to verify that the sensor assembly is functioning correctly. A healthy sensor will flash its internal red LED every few seconds. A sensor that has detected an arc will indicate solid red until the trip is reset.

The sensors connect to the AF0500 with shielded three-wire 20 AWG (0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>) electrical cable. Each sensor includes 10 m (33 ft) of cable which can be shortened or extended up to 50 m (164 ft). These cables should be considered to be at ground potential when determining electrical clearances in the cabinet.

Any connected optical sensor with circuit check will be automatically detected and cause the AF0500 to report an error if it is subsequently disconnected.

**NOTE:** Inserting and removing a sensor cable can cause a trip, depending on which terminals make contact first. To guard against nuisance tripping, remove the trip coil terminal blocks before connecting and disconnecting sensors, or perform the maintenance while the system is de-energized.

**PGA-LS10**



**PGA-LS20 / PGA-LS30**



#### 4.1 PGA-LS10 Photoelectric Point Sensor with Sensor Check

This sensor has a detection area of a 2-m (7-ft) half-sphere for arcs of 3 kA or more.

A built-in LED enables the AF0500 to verify the function of the light sensor, wiring, and electronics. If the sensor does not detect the sensor-check LED, a sensor-fail alarm will occur – the ERROR relay will change state and the sensor indication LED will begin to flash. See Section 7.

The sensor includes 10 m (33 ft) of shielded three-wire electrical cable which can easily be shortened or extended to a maximum of 50 m (164 ft). Use Belden 85240 or equivalent cable (wire colors may vary).

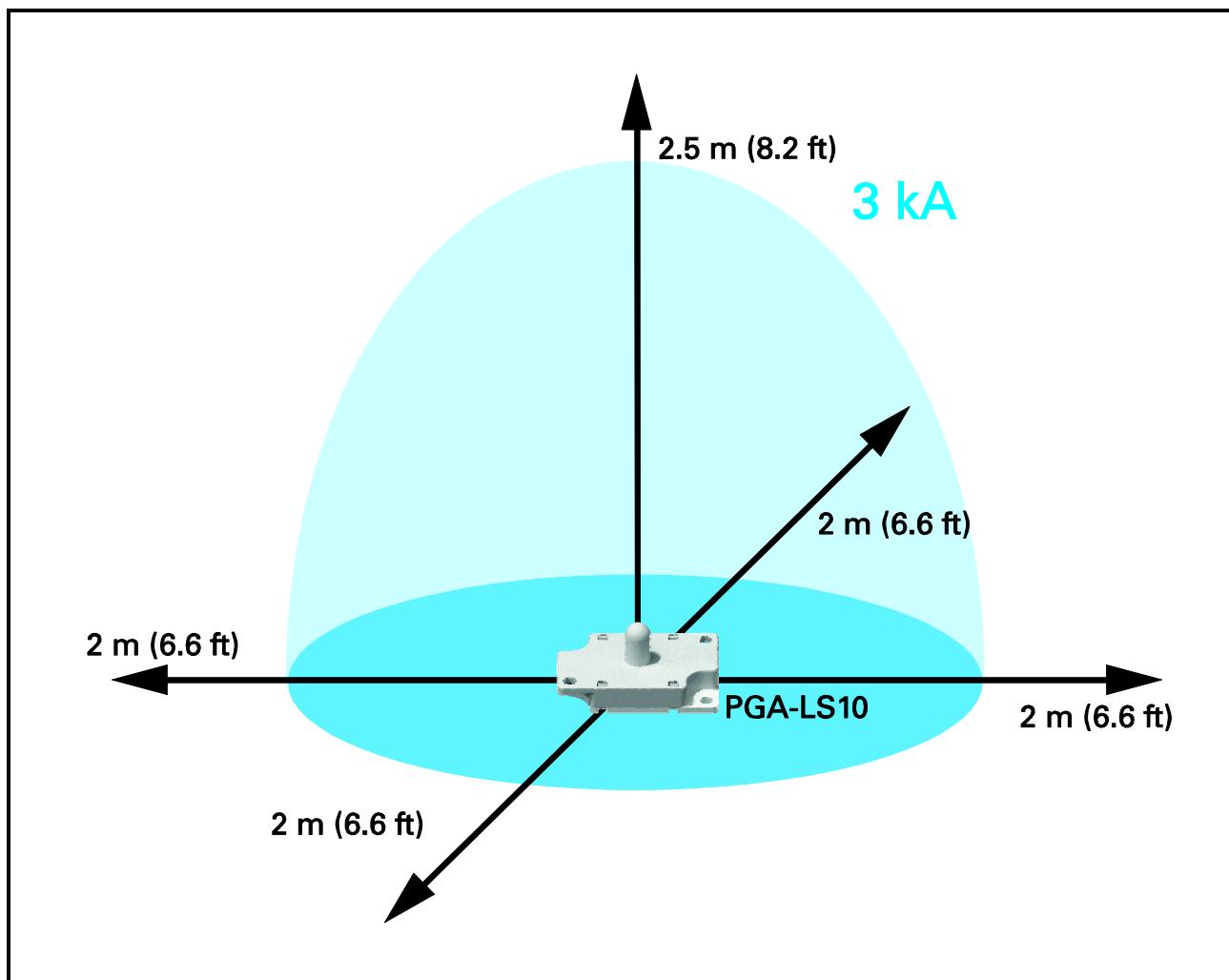


FIGURE 4. PGA-LS10 Detection Range for a 3 kA Fault.

### 4.1.1 PGA-LS10 Connection

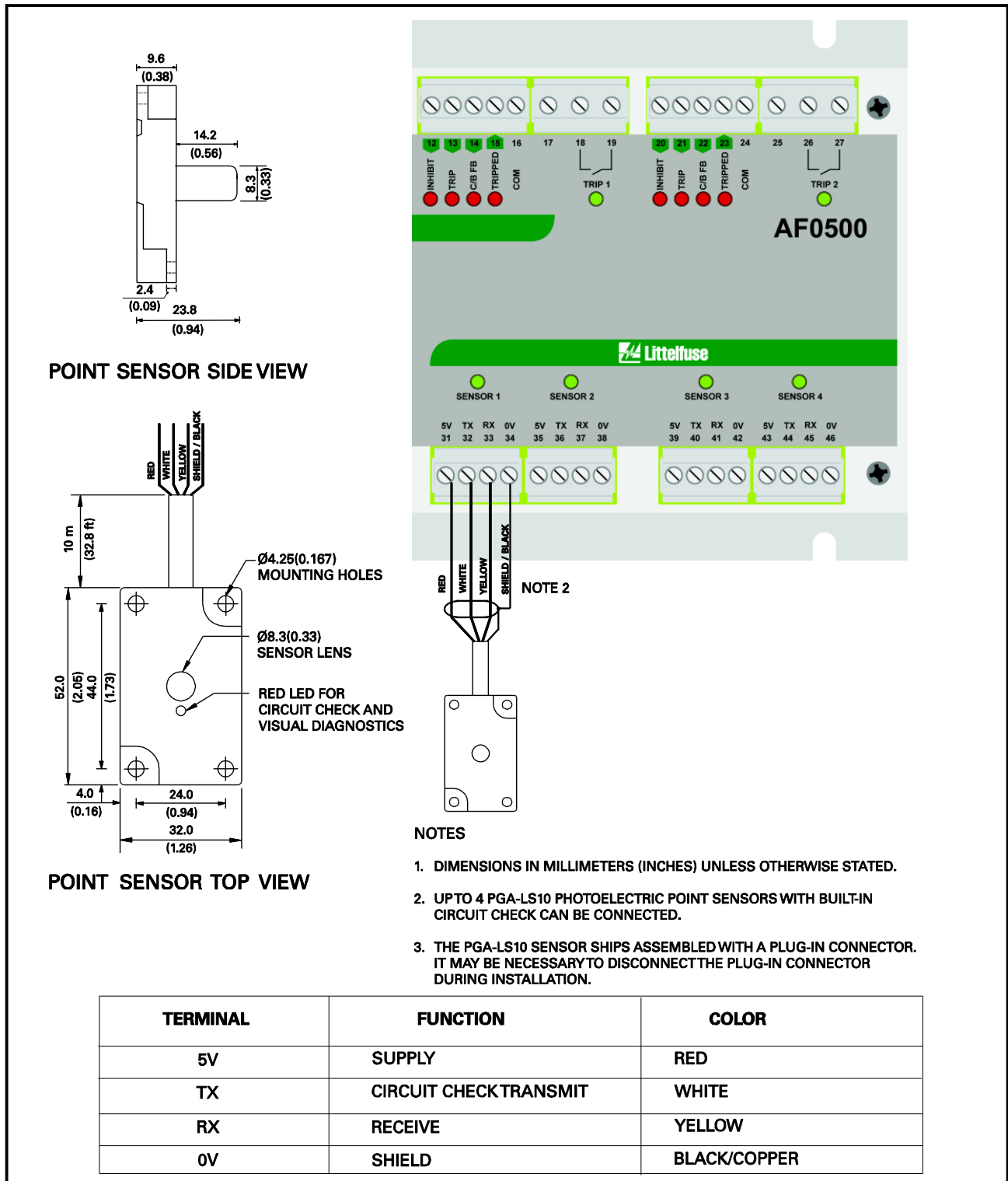


FIGURE 5. PGA-LS10 Connection Diagram.

#### 4.1.2 PGA-LS10 Installation

The PGA-LS10 point sensor includes an adhesive-backed drill template for easy surface or panel-mount installation.

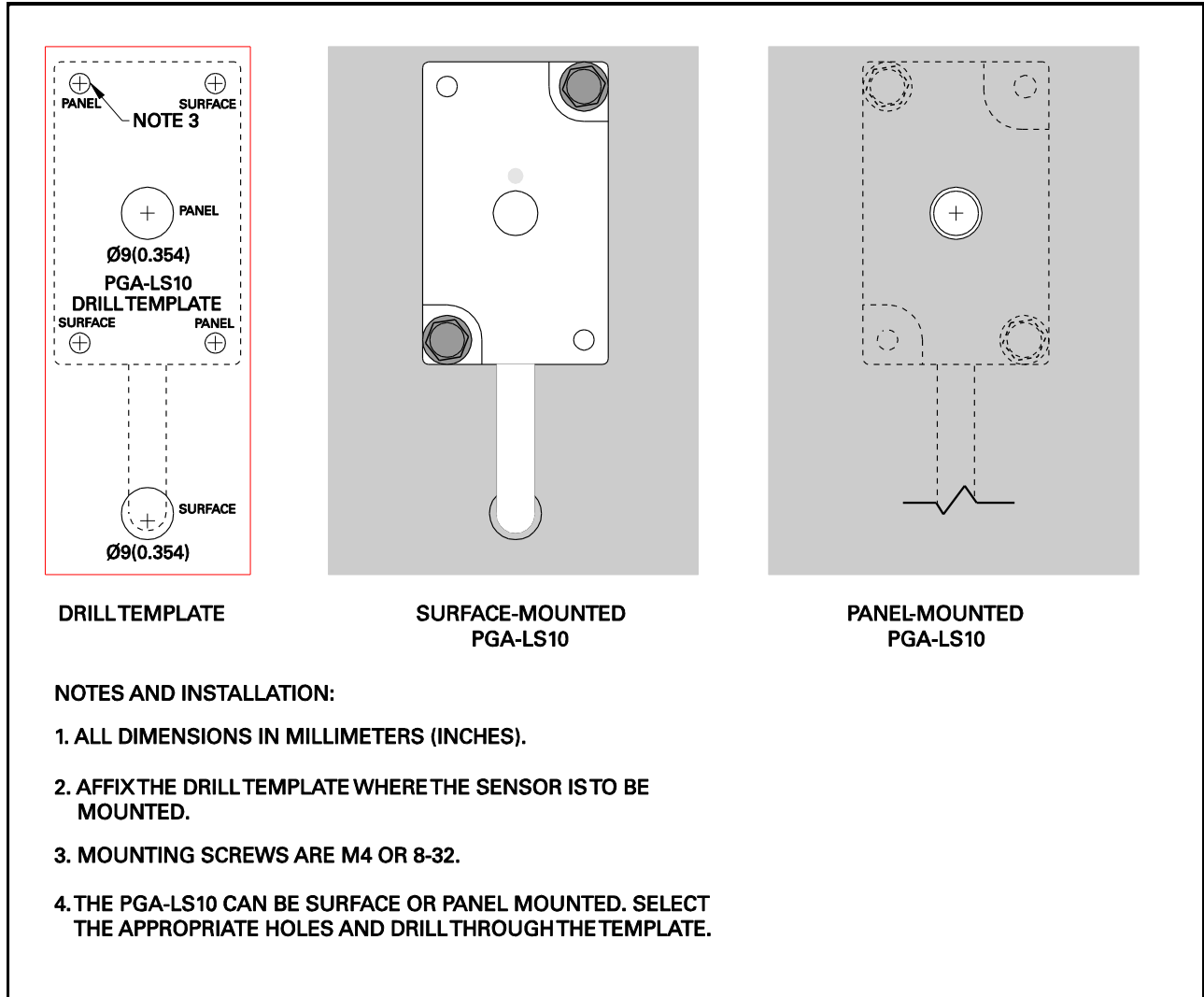


FIGURE 6. PGA-LS10 Mounting Detail.



#### **4.2 PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Fiber-Optic Sensors with Sensor Check**

The PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 sensors have a 360° detection zone along the fiber's length. A built-in LED enables the AF0500 to verify the function of the light sensor, wiring, and electronics. If the sensor does not detect the sensor-check LED, a sensor-fail alarm will occur. The ERROR output will change state, and both the LED on the front panel and the indicator LED in the sensor itself will begin to flash red. See Section 7.

The PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 sensors have three components:

1. A fiber-optic cable, with one end covered with a black sleeve.
  - PGA-LS20 has 8 m (26 ft) of active fiber and 2 m (7 ft) of covered fiber.
  - PGA-LS30 has 18 m (59 ft) of active fiber and 2 m (7 ft) of covered fiber.
2. A transmitter with a white enclosure and a white thumb nut.
3. A receiver with a white enclosure, a black thumb nut, and an adjustment screw behind an access hole.

Both the receiver and the transmitter connect to one AF0500 input using shielded three-wire electrical cable. All three components are monitored to ensure correct operation.

##### **4.2.1 Fiber Connection**

The fiber is the light-collecting element of the PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30. It must be installed so it has line-of-sight to all current-carrying parts. In some cases this may be accomplished by following the bus bars along the back wall of the cabinets.

Drill holes using the included drill template and fasten the transmitter and receiver to the cabinet walls using rivets or screws. Connect the attached cables to the AF0500. The wires of the transmitter and receiver must be connected as shown in Fig. 7.

Connect the black-sleeve-covered end to the receiver using the black thumb nut, and the white uncovered end to the transmitter using the white thumb nut. Ensure the fiber is inserted completely into the transmitter and receiver and the nuts are tightened. Pull gently on the cable to verify a secure connection. The maximum pull strength of the fiber is 30 N (6.7 lbf).

The fiber should not be sharply bent or pinched. The minimum bending radius is 5 cm (2 in). Ensure that any drilled holes are free of any sharp edges or burrs. Use grommets for further protection.

**NOTE:** Removing the fiber from the transmitter can cause a trip if the fiber end is pointed towards a light source, since the fiber conducts light. This can also happen if the receiver is pointing directly towards a light source without a fiber connected. To guard against nuisance tripping, remove the trip coil terminal blocks before connecting and disconnecting sensors and fibers, or perform the maintenance while the system is de-energized.

##### **4.2.2 Receiver Wiring Connections**

Connect the red wire to 5V.  
Connect the yellow wire to RX.  
Connect the white wire **and** the shield to 0V.

##### **4.2.3 Transmitter Wiring Connections**

Connect the red wire to 5V.  
Connect the white wire to TX.  
Connect the shield to 0V.

The yellow wire is not used.

#### 4.2.4 PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Connection

The sensor is shipped with the wires mounted in a terminal block. See Fig 7.

The transmitter and receiver include 10 m (33 ft) of shielded three-wire electrical cable which can be shortened or extended up to 50 m (164 ft). Transmitter and receiver cables can be different lengths and must be independently shielded. Use Belden 85240 or equivalent cable (wire colors may vary). Failure to independently shield transmitter and receiver cables can lead to an incorrect circuit check – a faulty sensor could be falsely detected as continuous. However, if there is no sensor fault, arc-flash detection will function normally in this condition.

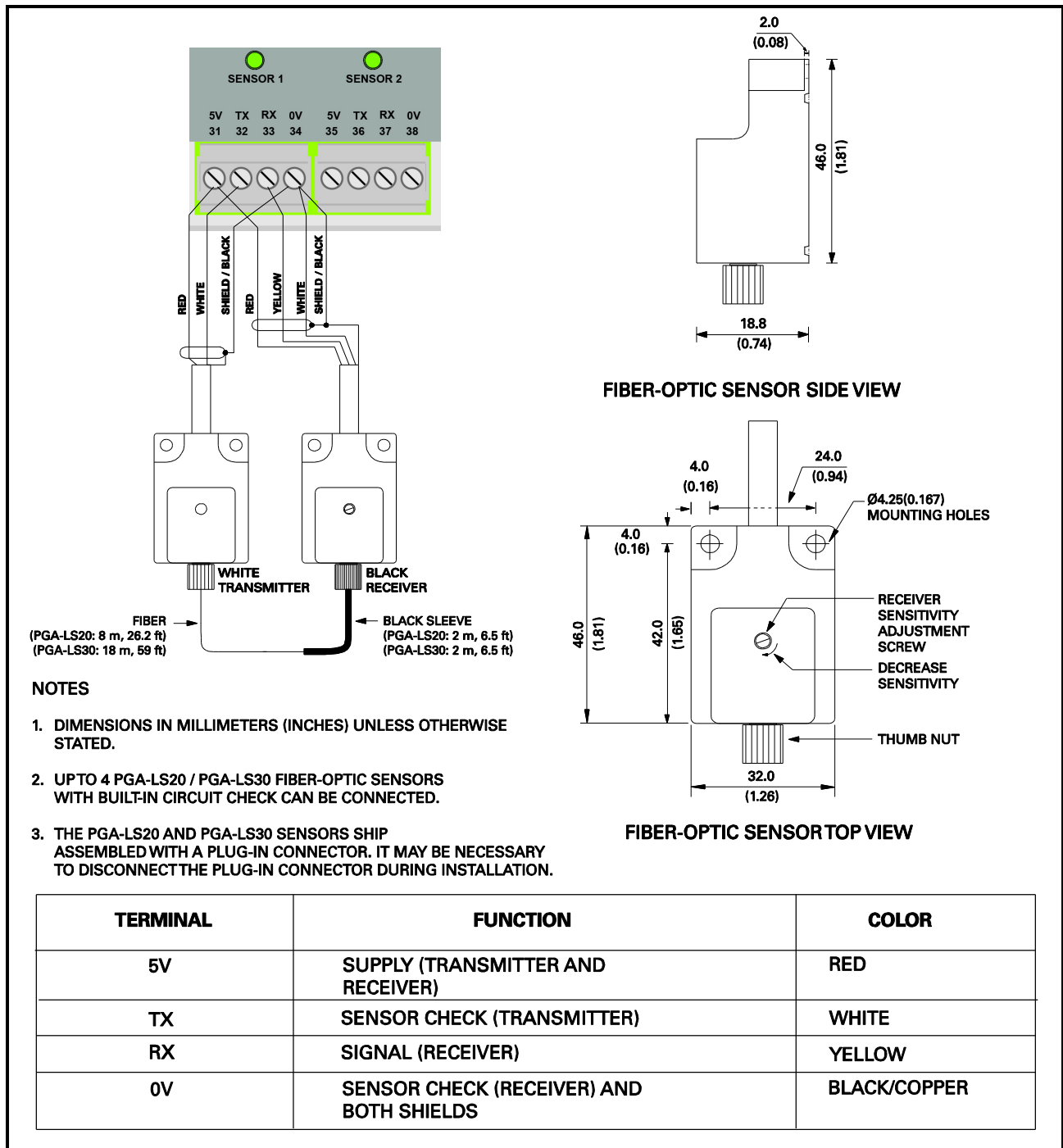


FIGURE 7. PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30 Connection Diagram.

#### **4.2.5 Fiber-Optic Sensor Adjustment**

The sensor is calibrated at the factory for 60 cm (24 in) of fiber in each monitored compartment. When using a fiber-optic sensor in compartments with less than 60 cm (24 in) of fiber, the sensitivity may have to be adjusted. The sensor is unable to differentiate between 10,000 lux on 60 cm (24 in) of fiber and 30,000 lux on 20 cm (8 in) of fiber – the same amount of light is transmitted through the fiber to the receiver. To achieve the desired sensitivity, the receiver (with the black thumb nut) must be adjusted.

#### **4.2.6 Sensor Adjustment For a Fiber Length Other Than 60 cm (24 in)**

To adjust the fiber length, a powerful light source of at least 100 lumen (e.g. 500 W halogen lamp) and a spare point sensor is required. Use the following procedure to calibrate the sensor:

1. Remove the trip coil connector to avoid tripping the circuit breaker while testing.
2. Use a point sensor to find the distance to the lamp at which the sensor just trips. Note the distance between the lamp and the point sensor (typically 15-40 cm (5.9-15.7 in), depending on the lamp).
3. Adjust the receiver (black thumb nut) sensitivity level to the minimum by turning the small metal screw clockwise until it begins to click. This may be too low to detect the sensor-check signal and may cause the related LED on the relay to flash red to signal the error. This has no implication for the rest of the procedure, since the trip signal is transmitted anyway.
4. Place the lamp facing the fiber in the compartment closest to the transmitter end (white thumb nut) of the fiber. This allows for loss along the full length of the fiber. The distance between the lamp and the fiber should be the same as the distance observed in step 2.
5. Slowly turn the metal screw on the receiver counter-clockwise until the AF0500 sensor-indicator LED for that sensor changes to red, indicating a trip.
6. Press reset on the relay, and check that the sensor indicator LED turns green, indicating that the sensor-check signal is detected, and that the fiber is thus protected by circuit check.

If the system compartment is very small, it may not be possible to adjust the fiber to provide sufficient sensitivity. Contact Littelfuse for support.

## 5 APPLICATION EXAMPLES

### 5.1 Basic scenario: One Sensor – One Circuit Breaker

No configuration necessary.

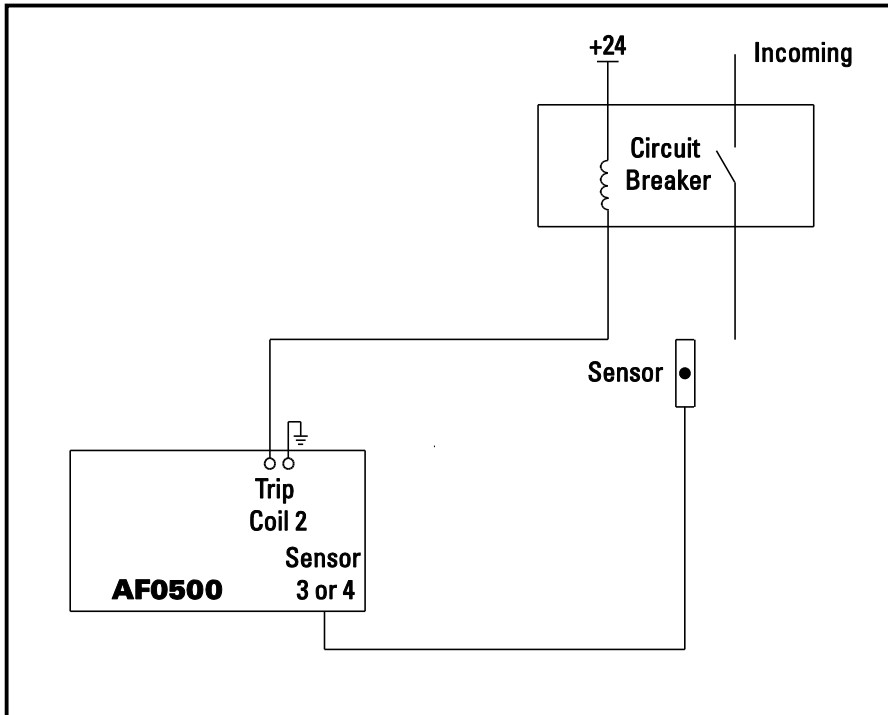


FIGURE 8. Basic AF0500 Configuration.

## 5.2 Two Independent Trip Zones

No configuration necessary.

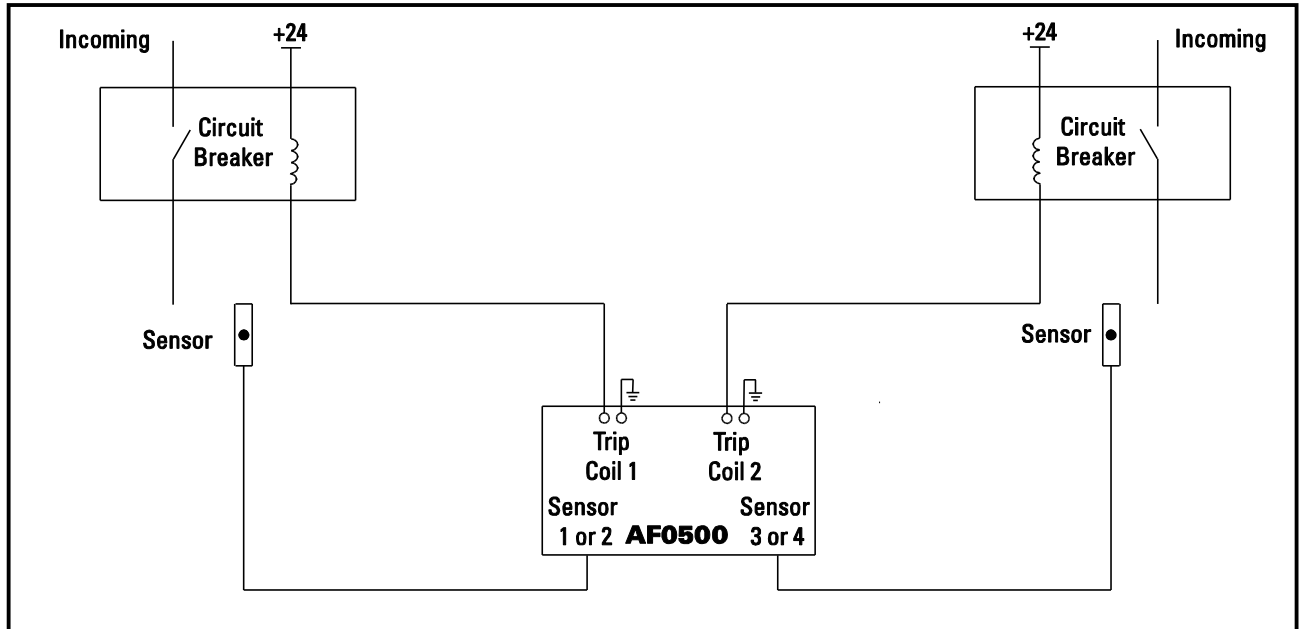


FIGURE 9. AF0500 with Two Independent Trip Zones.

### 5.3 Two Zones Combined To One By Cabling

No configuration necessary.

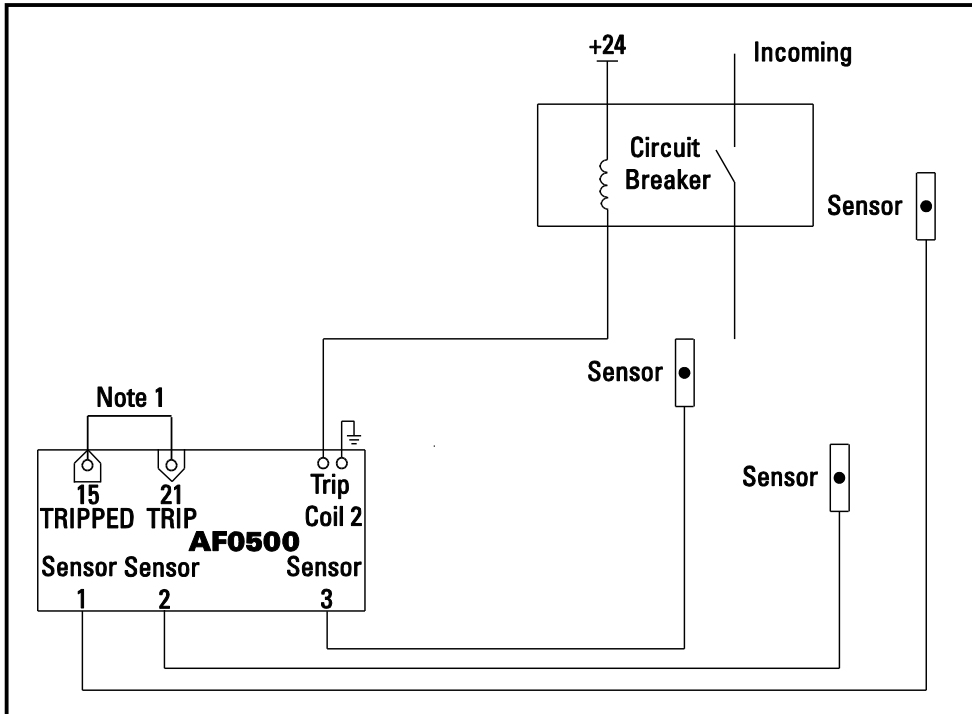


FIGURE 10. AF0500 with Two Trip Zones Combined.

The wire marked “Note 1” in Fig. 10 connects the TRIPPED output from one zone unit to the TRIP input on another. This means that the first zone will trip the other, so that either sensor 1, 2 or 3 will trip the TRIP COIL 2 output.

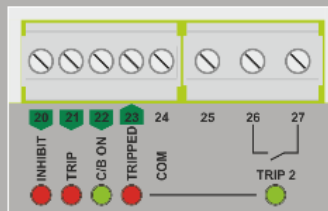
This could also be achieved through configuration, by assigning all sensors in the Zone 2 Settings to trip TRIP COIL 2.



### AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

#### Zone 2 settings



#### Trip sources

|                                                  |                                     |                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Light sensor 1 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 2 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 3 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 4 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Circuit breaker feedback failure trips this zone | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

### 5.4 Several Zones Combined To One By Cabling

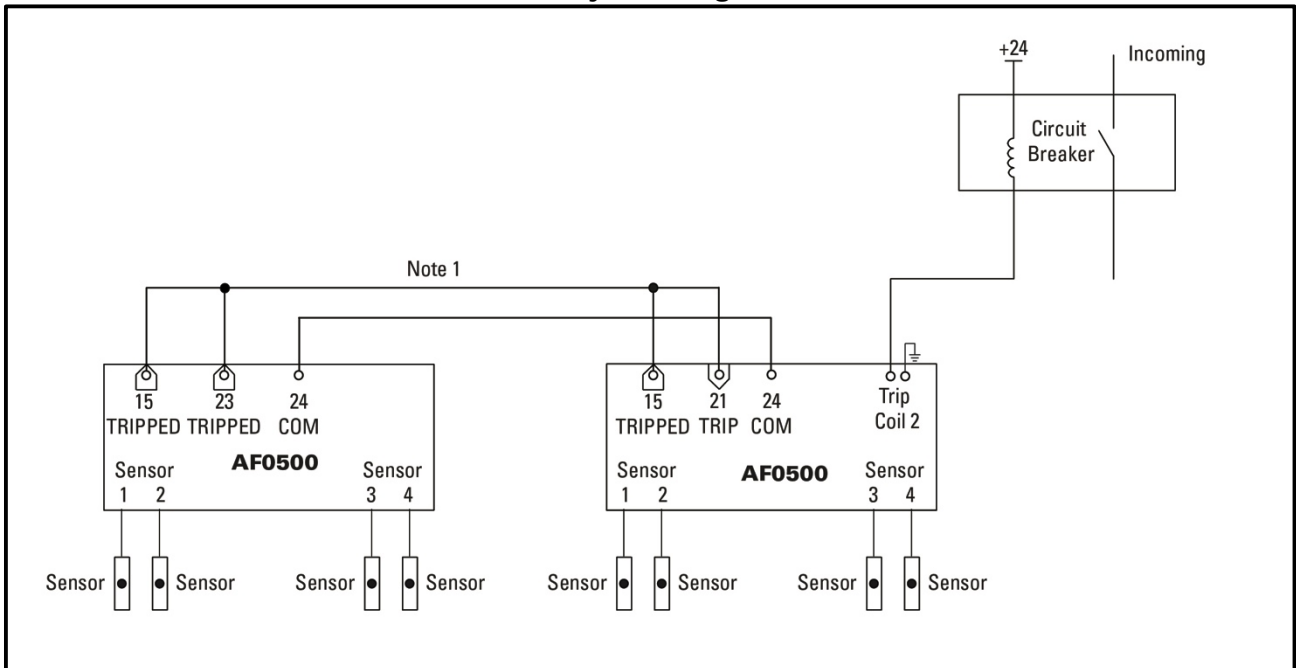


FIGURE 11. AF0500 with Several Trip Zones Combined.

The wire marked “Note 1” in Fig.11 connects all TRIPPED outputs to the TRIP input on the right-most zone. This means that any of the 8 sensors connected will trip the right-most TRIP COIL 2 output.

**NOTE:** Several TRIP COIL outputs can be tripped from this common zone by connecting the common wire to their TRIP inputs (terminal 13 or 21).

**NOTE:** If several AC-powered units are connected together, ensure that a COM terminal from each unit are also connected together.

### 5.5 Upstream Circuit Breaker Trip on Local Circuit Breaker Fail

No configuration necessary

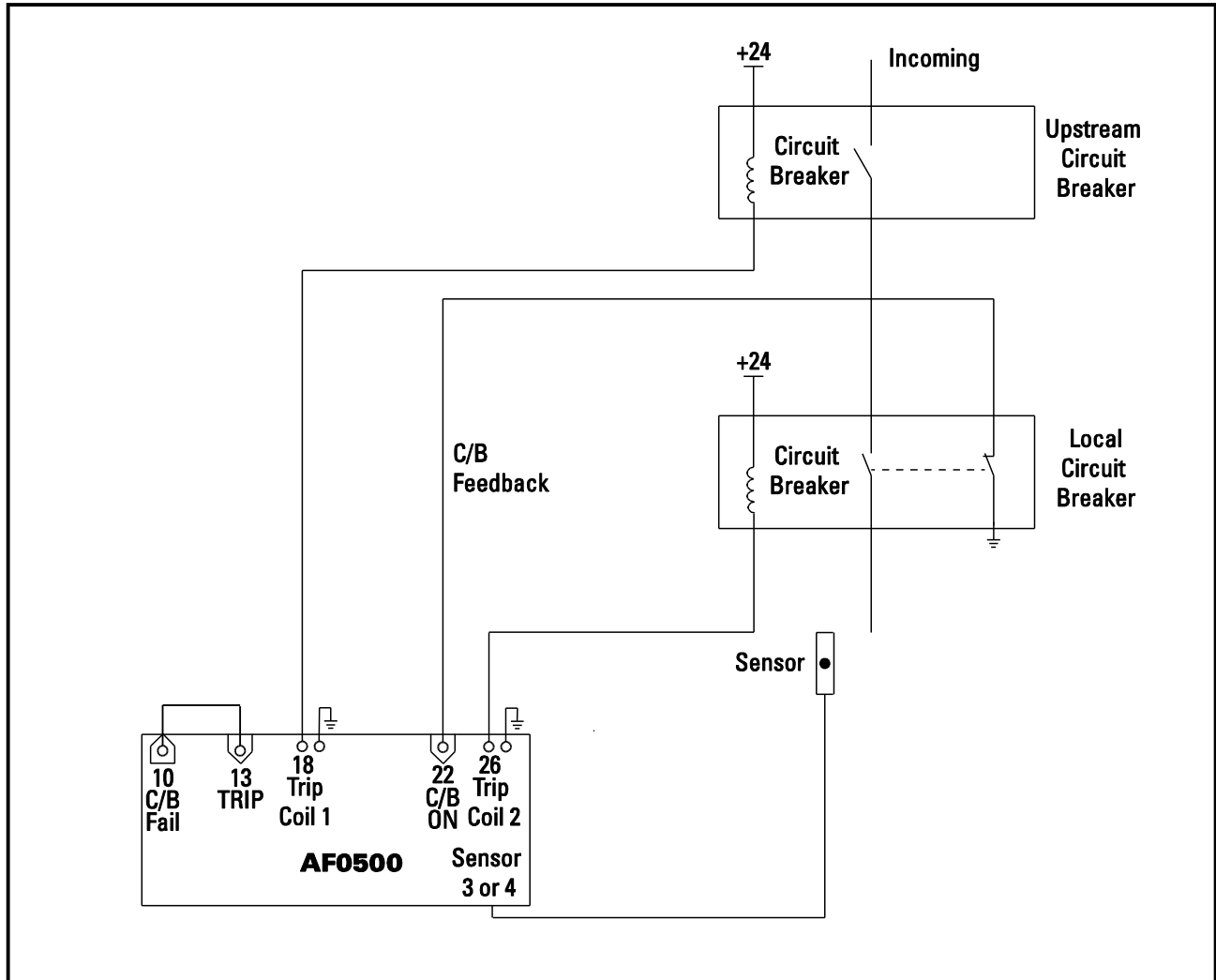


FIGURE 12. AF0500 Upstream Circuit Breaker Trip on Local Circuit Breaker Fail.

**NOTE:** This could also be achieved through configuration, by assigning ZONE 1 to trip on CB FAILURE.

An available auxiliary contact in a circuit breaker must be used to provide feedback of the main contact positions in order to detect that the local circuit breaker did not interrupt the current.

**NOTE:** The default configuration for C/B ON is a normally-closed signal, but this can be changed in the Configuration Software via USB.

### 5.6 Main-Tie-Main using PGA-1100 Diode Logic Unit

When several AF0500 protected zones are used and a common upstream circuit breaker should be tripped if any of the downstream zones experience a local clearing failure, the upstream circuit breaker may run out of inputs. The PGA-1100 Diode Logic Unit makes it possible to combine several trip outputs to the common circuit breaker, both for ground-return and powered circuit breakers.



The PGA-1100 contains six power diodes connected as shown in Fig. 13. Terminals 4 and 8 are common, and are always connected to the coil on the circuit breaker. If the positive supply is connected to the coil, and the contacts on AF0500 are ground returned, terminals 5, 6 and 7 are used for connecting up to three different trip sources to the breaker. If the coil has a fixed ground return, and the contacts on AF0500 are switching the positive supply, use terminals 1, 2 and 3 instead.

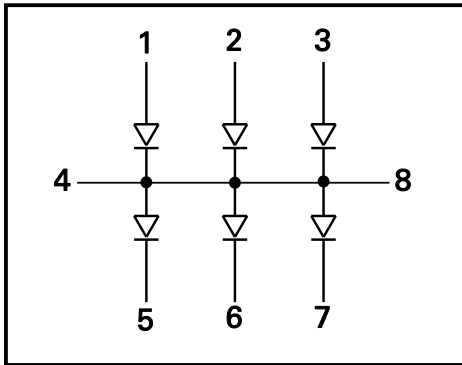


FIGURE 13. PGA-1100 Configuration.

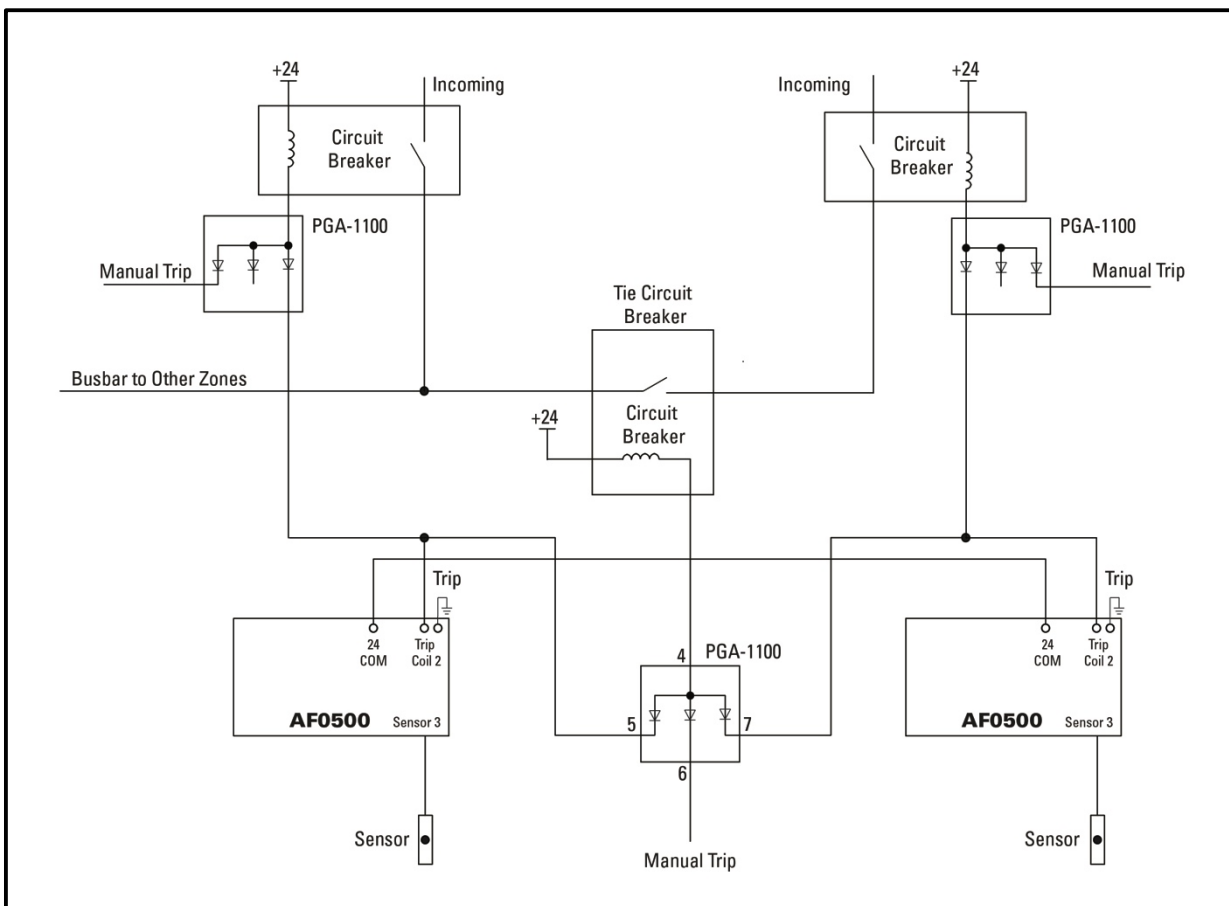


FIGURE 14. Main-Tie-Main Using PGA-1100.

Fig. 14 shows two incoming feeders and a tie circuit breaker. Each incoming circuit breaker trip coil is connected to an independent AF0500 through a PGA-1100 Diode Logic Unit. The tie circuit breaker trip coil is also connected to the trip coil of each AF0500 through a separate PGA-1100.

If a trip occurs at either AF0500, both the tie circuit breaker and the corresponding circuit breaker will trip.

### 5.7 Main-Tie-Main from a Dedicated AF0500 Zone

If the zones on each side are small, it is possible to implement the tie circuit breaker trip directly by wiring.

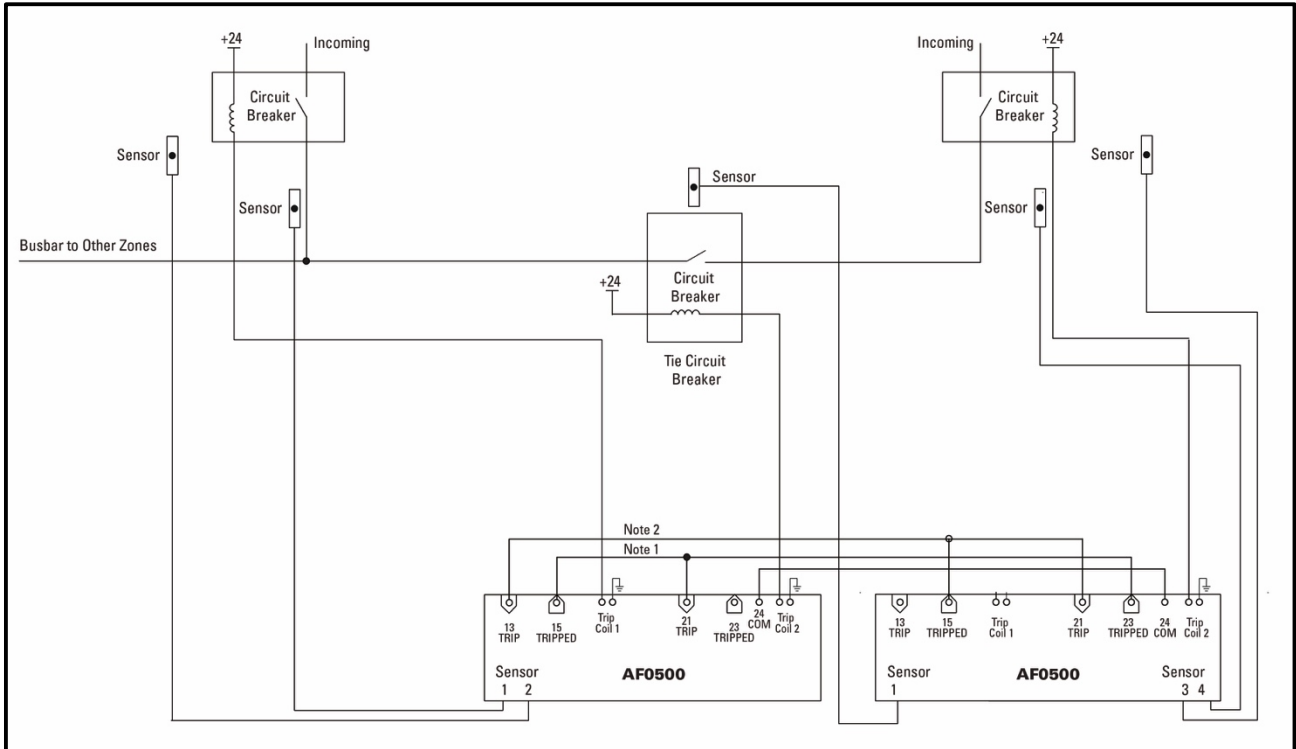


FIGURE 15. AF0500 TRIP/TRIPPED Connected to Two AF0500 Units (Three Zone Units).

The wire marked “Note 1” in Fig. 15 allows each side of the switch gear to trip the tie circuit breaker. The (optional) wire marked “Note 2” disconnects both incoming feeders in case of an arc flash in the tie circuit breaker itself. It is necessary to have two separate wires for these functions

**NOTE:** If the zones on each side are larger and made from several discrete zone units, connect only the wire marked “Note 1”, since the two sides can otherwise trip each other through the shared wire, or use the scheme with diode logic units detailed in Section 5.6.

### 5.8 Total Clearing Time

The AF0500 is capable of tripping a circuit breaker in less than 1 ms from when light hits the sensor. This is not the same as the clearing time for the fault. The arc fault will continue until the current to the fault has stopped flowing, which happens when the circuit breaker connected to the unit has reacted.

#### 5.8.1 Arc-Detection Delay

The AF0500’s default arc-flash detection intentional delay time is 1 ms, but can be configured between 0.5 and 10 ms via the USB configuration software.

#### 5.8.2 Circuit Breaker Operating Time

Circuit breakers have a predetermined operating time, dependent on the type of circuit breaker. Older circuit breakers have clearing times up to eight cycles, while modern circuit breakers are able to open in one to five cycles. Refer to the specifications of the installed circuit breaker.

TABLE 1. CIRCUIT BREAKER OPERATING TIME.

| CIRCUIT BREAKER OPERATING TIME | 50 HZ  | 60 HZ  |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|
| 8 cycles                       | 160 ms | 133 ms |
| 5 cycles                       | 100 ms | 83 ms  |
| 3 cycles                       | 60 ms  | 50 ms  |
| 2 cycles                       | 40 ms  | 33 ms  |
| 1½ cycles                      | 30 ms  | 25 ms  |
| 1 cycle                        | 20 ms  | 17 ms  |

The total clearing time is:

Total Clearing Time = Arc-Detection Delay + Local Circuit Breaker Operating Time

With the AF0500, the dominating time by far is the circuit breaker operating time.

### 5.8.3 Total Clearing Time Examples

#### Example: Total Clearing Time with a 3-cycle circuit breaker

A 3-cycle circuit breaker at 50 Hz tripping due to light on an AF0500 sensor will have a total clearing time of:

$$1 + 60 = 61 \text{ ms}$$

It is possible to reduce the total clearing time by installing special devices, which shunt the current away from the arc fault. These can be found with clearing times down to 1-2 ms, reducing the total clearing time down to less than 3 ms.

### 5.8.4 Total Clearing Time for Upstream Circuit Breakers In Case of a Circuit Breaker Failure

The AF0500 detects the operation of the circuit breaker by detecting that an auxiliary contact, mechanically connected to the main contact set, switches state. If this does not happen, the circuit breaker is assumed to have failed. This takes the same time as the opening of the contact set.

Before the AF0500 can detect that the local circuit breaker failed to clear the fault, it needs to have time to (fail to) operate. Thus, the total clearing time when the arc fault must be cleared from an upstream circuit breaker is:

Total Clearing Time = Arc-Detection Delay + Local Circuit Breaker Nominal Operating Time + Output Delay + Upstream Circuit Breaker Operating Time

Here, two new terms must be included, the delay in communicating to the upstream zone, and the operating time for the upstream circuit breaker. Again, the circuit breaker operating time dominates, especially since we now need to add both circuit breaker operating times.

The reason for still including the local circuit breaker is that this time must be programmed into the AF0500, so that it knows when to sample the CB ON input to see if the trip succeeded in clearing the fault. Only after the local circuit breaker had time to react can the signal be sent to the upstream circuit breaker.

Each interconnection wire between the AF0500 zones causes a small intentional delay of 0.5 ms. In the following, this is rounded to 1 ms. If desired, this small delay can be avoided by programming the zone to react to a CB FAIL signal in the USB configuration software. This, however, will only work for a zone in the same unit, whereas the CB FAIL signal can be wired to other units in the system. Generally, the delays in the AF0500 are inconsequential in relation to the circuit breaker operating times.

Finally, the upstream circuit breaker must obviously operate, which is added to the total clearing time.

**Example: Total Clearing Time with 3-cycle breakers and a local circuit breaker fault**

Two 3-cycle circuit breakers at 50 Hz, with the upstream circuit breaker tripped by connecting the CB FAIL output on one AF0500 to the TRIP input on another AF0500 zone:

$$1 + 60 + 1 + 60 \text{ ms} = 122 \text{ ms}$$

**Example: Total Clearing Time with two-cycle circuit breakers and a local circuit breaker fault**

Two 2-cycle circuit breakers, with the upstream circuit breaker tripped by a zone on the same AF0500 unit, configured via the USB configuration software:

$$1 + 40 + 0 + 40 = 81 \text{ ms}$$

## 6 INSTALLATION AND TERMINALS

The AF0500 can be surface mounted using four 5-mm (10-32) screws, or it can be DIN-rail mounted using the optional mounting brackets (PGA-0031).

Ensure there is enough clearance around the module to allow the plug-in terminals to be removed and inserted.

Do not install modules which have been damaged in transport.

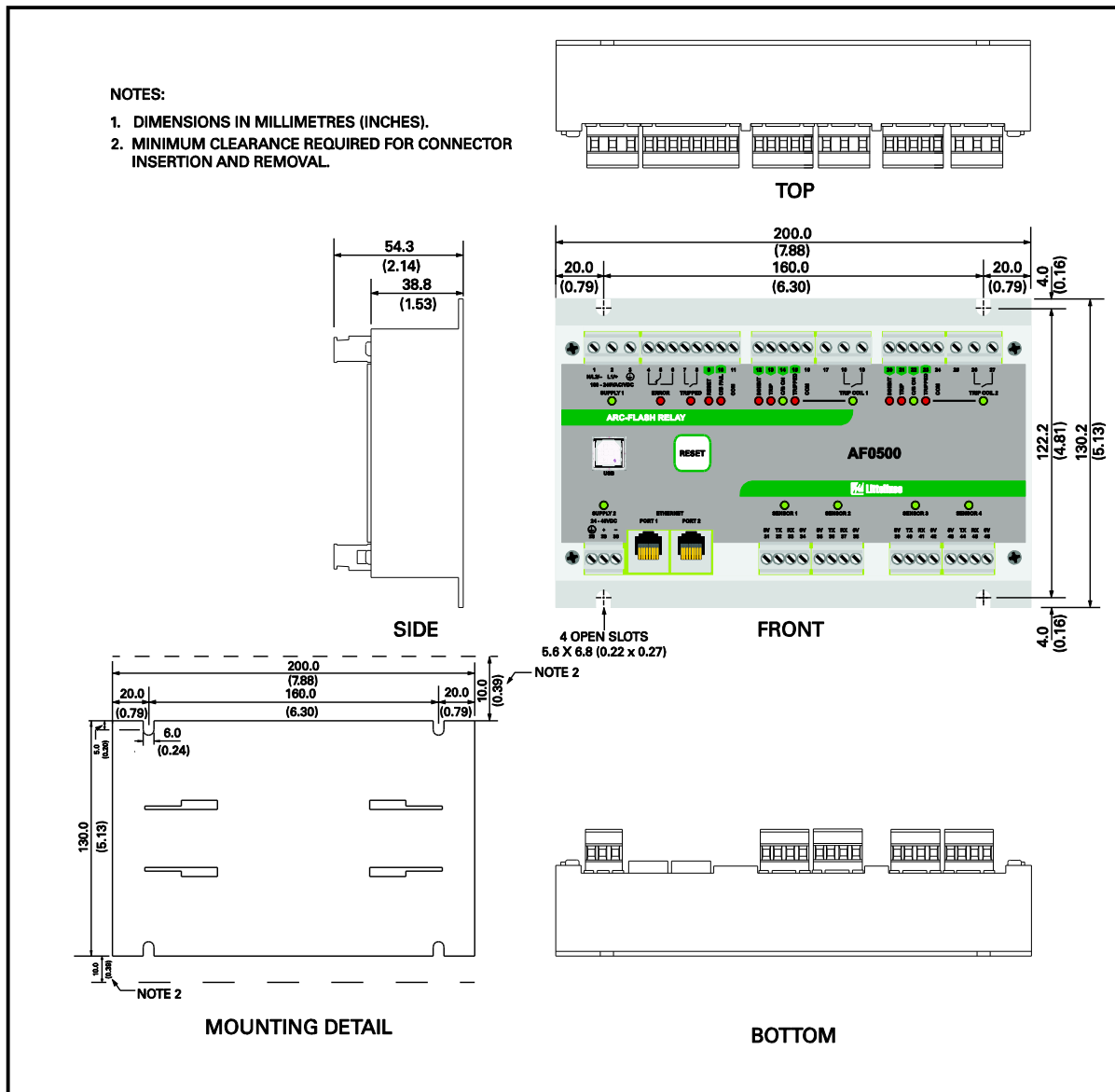


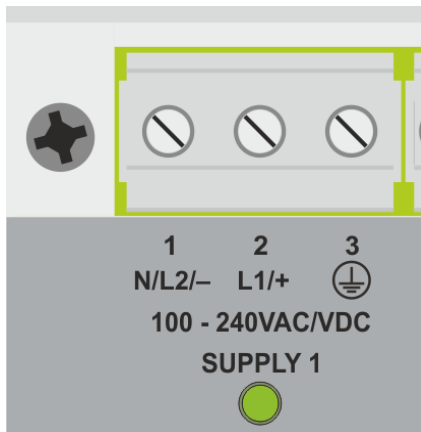
FIGURE 16. AF0500 Outline and Mounting Details.

## **6.1 Power Supply**

The AF0500 Arc-Flash Relay can be supplied by either a high voltage ac or dc supply, an auxiliary low voltage supply, or both.

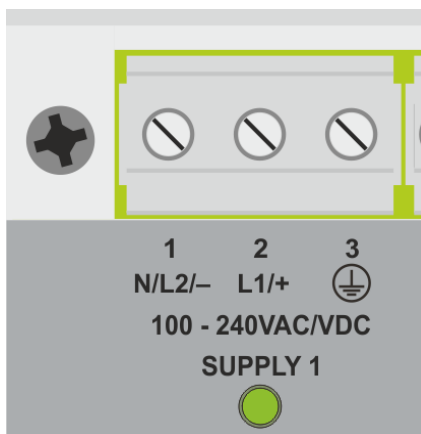
### **6.1.1 Line AC Supply**

Connect an ac supply to terminals 1 and 2. The supply voltage must be 100 to 240 Vac.



### **6.1.2 Station Battery DC Supply**

Connect a dc supply to terminals 1 and 2. The supply voltage must be 110 to 240 Vdc.



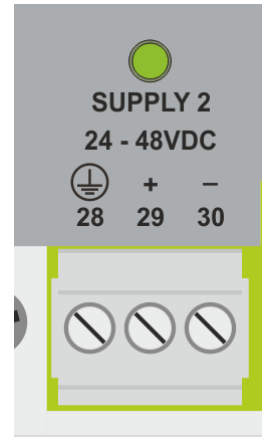
### 6.1.3 Auxiliary DC Supply

Connect a dc supply to terminals 29 and 30, ensuring correct polarity. The supply voltage must be 24 to 48 Vdc.

### 6.1.4 Supply Surveillance

The AF0500 will automatically learn which supplies to expect, and will indicate an alarm if one of the supplies is missing or out of nominal range. This is useful to make sure that a failure in a redundant supply is detected.

The alarm will auto-reset when the supply is re-established or can be disabled by holding the RESET button for three seconds, which will refresh which supplies are connected to the AF0500. See Section 7.1 for more information on the RESET button.



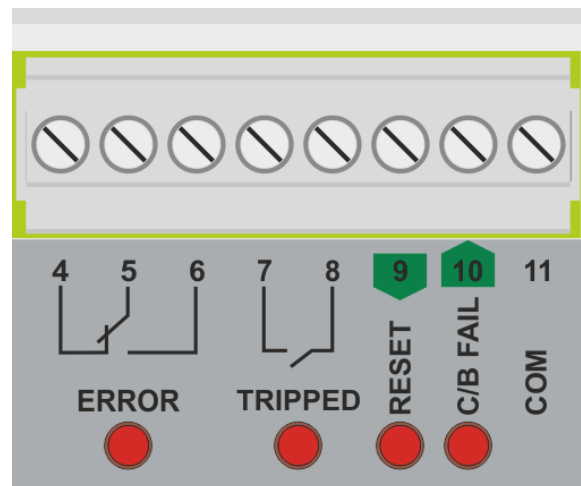
## 6.2 Common I/O Block

An LED provides visual indication of each output status. The output contacts are shown on the front panel in the de-energized state.

### 6.2.1 ERROR Signal Relay

The ERROR output signals the health of the arc-flash relay and its connected sensors and trip coils.

The ERROR output consists of an insulated electromechanical change-over contact (Form C / SPDT) on terminals 4, 5, and 6. Terminals 4 and 5 are connected when the relay is not powered or when an error exists, signalling that the protection is not active. When the relay is active and healthy, the relay is energized and terminals 5 and 6 are connected.



If an error is currently active and an additional error occurs, the ERROR output will briefly energize, then de-energize again. This is to communicate to connected equipment the error state has changed, but there are outstanding errors.

If possible, an LED on the front panel will indicate where the error is by flashing. Otherwise, the configuration software will show an overview of the current errors.

The ERROR relays of several units can be combined into one fail-safe signal by daisy-chaining terminals 5 and 6. In that way, if just one of the linked units experiences an error, the connection between the ends will be broken. Likewise, if the wire breaks, an alarm will be raised.

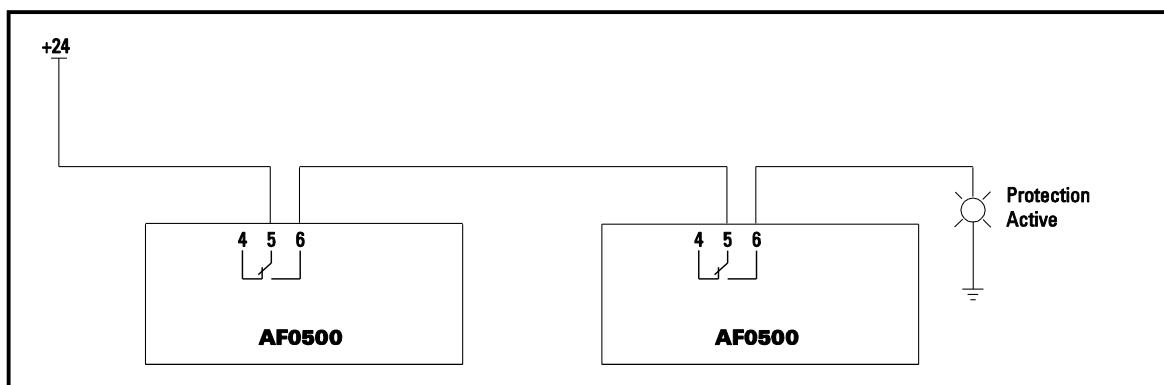


FIGURE 17. Fail Safe Error Indication using Multiple AF0500's.

### 6.2.2 TRIPPED Signal Relay

The TRIPPED output is used for signalling a trip condition to a remote monitoring system. It is not rated for tripping circuit breakers.

The TRIPPED output consists of a normally-open insulated electromechanical relay contact (Form A / SPST-NO) on terminals 7 and 8.

The TRIPPED output will energize if the AF0500 detects an arc fault, and will stay active until the arc-fault event is reset by pressing the Reset button. In case of a new event occurring before the first was reset, the output will deactivate and reactivate in order to generate a new alarm on connected equipment.

The TRIPPED output of several units can be combined to one by connecting terminals 7 and 8 on all units in parallel. This connection is not fault tolerant, and cannot detect a broken cable. It can be protected using parallel resistors, if the receiving equipment supports it.

### 6.2.3 C/B FAIL Output

The C/B FAIL output is used to signal to an upstream circuit breaker that the local circuit breaker failed to clear the fault. This is detected by requiring that the C/B ON signal is inactive within a certain timeout after the trip signal is sent to the local circuit breaker via the TRIP output. If the C/B ON signal is still active, the C/B FAIL output is pulsed.

Typically, the C/B FAIL output will be connected to the TRIP input of a zone unit at an upstream circuit breaker, tripping this to interrupt the current feeding the arc fault.

### 6.2.4 RESET Input

The RESET input is used as a remote reset after an arc fault has been detected.

Activating this input will reset an alarm, clear the TRIPPED and TRIP COIL outputs, and clear the indicators. The RESET input will not change the configuration of the relay, and errors cannot be cleared using this input. For this functionality, see Section 7.1.

If the reset input is permanently connected to COM, the AF0500 will auto reset immediately after a trip has occurred.

A new trip event will pulse the trip coil output regardless of its trip state.

## 6.3 Trip Zone I/O

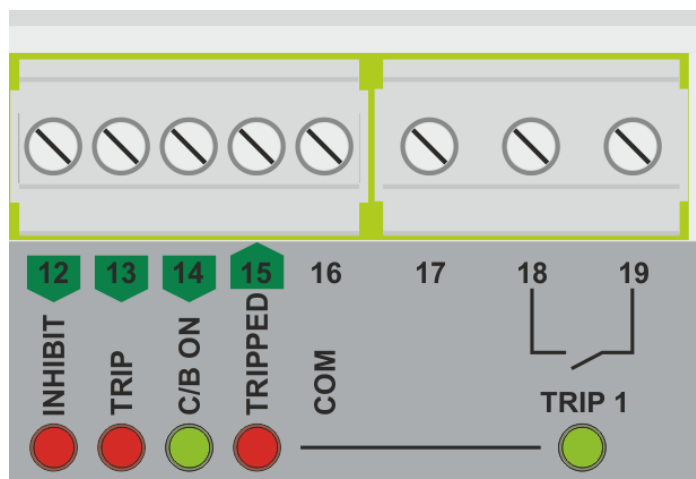
Each trip zone has a block of I/O attached.

The AF0500 has three digital-input functions; inhibit, trip and C/B feedback.

By default, the inputs are considered active when connected to COM, except for the C/B ON input, which is considered active (circuit breaker conducting power) when the terminal is open circuit.

The LED's are solid ON when the corresponding terminal is active, or if it has been active in relation to a trip event, and OFF otherwise.

The terminals with green arrows are meant for fast communication between zone units. The





maximum delay of such a connection is less than 1 ms, which can be safely ignored in relation to the total clearing time.

The connections marked with a green arrow are not equipped with circuit check. Littelfuse recommends that the connections are kept within the same cabinet.

### **6.3.1 INHIBIT Input**

The INHIBIT function suppresses the light sensors and TRIP input so that the circuit breaker is not tripped. The purpose could be to connect an external current sensor module for inhibiting nuisance trips.

If the INHIBIT input is activated, the AF0500 will indicate on the sensor LED that light above the threshold is being detected, but will not pulse the TRIP COIL output, nor activate the TRIPPED output. In the event log available via USB (see section 7.4), logged data will indicate a possible arc fault was detected, but not tripped due to the inhibit function.

Inhibit blocks all sources of trip from activating the trip coil output, including the TRIP input and all remote channels.

### **6.3.2 TRIP Input**

The TRIP input is used to remotely trip the AF0500. Once activated, the AF0500 will pulse the TRIP COIL output in less than 1 ms.

### **6.3.3 C/B ON Input**

Feedback from a circuit breaker auxiliary contact is used with the C/B ON input to detect the circuit breaker closure status. If a circuit breaker failure is detected, the C/B FAIL signal can be used to trip an upstream circuit breaker.

The polarity of the input is programmable in the USB configuration software, but in order to be fail-safe, the default configuration expects the circuit breaker to conduct power to the system when the input is open circuit. This means that a broken wire will have the AF0500 assume that the circuit breaker did not open, thus opening the upstream circuit breaker.

### **6.3.4 TRIPPED Output**

The TRIPPED output is used to remotely trip another AF0500. It is pulsed briefly active when a trip event occurs, and the zone TRIP output is energized. If this output is connected to the TRIP input on another zone as shown in Fig. 7, zone 1 will trip zone 2 as well. If the reverse connection is made, the two zones are merged into one – any trip event in one zone will also trip the other zone. This makes it possible to e.g. extend the number of sensors tripping a single TRIP output.

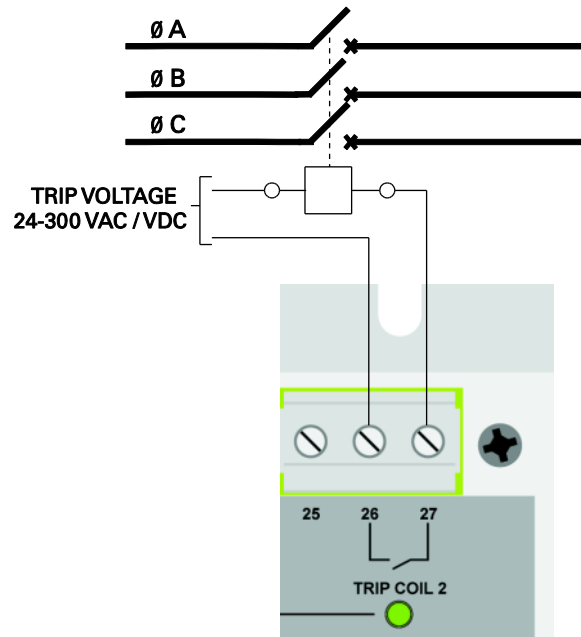
## 6.4 TRIP COIL Output

Use the TRIP COIL outputs to trip a shunt or undervoltage circuit breaker. The operating mode is programmable using the AF0500 configuration software. See Section 7.3.

The TRIP COIL output can be used for trip coils with a 24 to 300 Vac/Vdc supply voltage. The output is monitored to verify that there is voltage available to the tripping circuit. If voltage is not detected, the ERROR output will change state, and the TRIP COIL LED will flash red to indicate an error.

The TRIP COIL output is a pulsed output when in shunt trip mode. When an arc flash is detected, the TRIP COIL output is activated in less than one millisecond. The TRIP COIL output is deactivated after the adjustable pulse period delay. The output is an IGBT which can be directly connected to trip coils up to 200 VA. For detailed ratings, see Section 10.

The TRIP COIL output is galvanically isolated up to 1,000 Vac.



**NOTE:** The TRIP COIL output consists of a rectifier bridge and an IGBT. In combination, this creates a very fast relay-like switch which is able to trip even large circuit breakers without the added delay of a mechanical relay. There is a voltage drop of 2-4 V across the TRIP COIL output when energized.

**NOTE:** The TRIP COIL output functions as a momentary switch and is protected against thermal overload. It will gradually lower the time the trip coil is active if the AF0500 is tripped repeatedly.

## 6.5 Sensors

Each zone in the AF0500 is by default associated with two light sensors as shown in Fig. 1. In the USB configuration software, this assignment can be changed if desired. It is also possible to connect the zones together by wiring the TRIPPED output from one zone to the TRIP input in the other zone. In this case, the first zone will only trip the second zone.

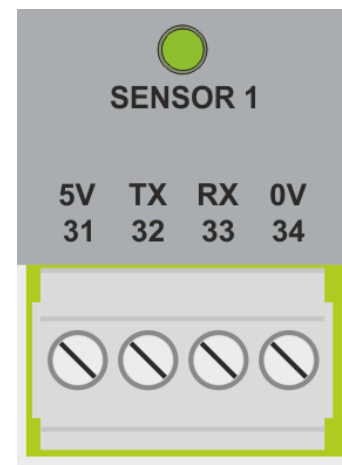
### 6.5.1 Zone Association

The zone association can be changed in the USB configuration software, which allows any sensor to be associated with any output.

It is possible to associate e.g. sensor 4 with trip 1, and sensors 1-3 with trip 2, but it can easily cause confusion. We recommend keeping the standard configuration if it is at all possible in the application.

Zones can also be combined by wiring their TRIPPED outputs and TRIP inputs together. This creates a larger zone with more sensors and outputs, which will trip together. See application examples in Section 5.

For information on using the USB configuration software, see Section 7.3.



### 6.5.2 Light Immunity Adjustment

By default, the sensors will signal an arc-fault event if the light intensity is above approximately 10 klux. The light intensity from an arc fault is very high, typically in the area of 1 Mlux, and the choice of 10 klux is mostly a compromise between being sufficiently above normal light levels (about 1 klux in a very well lit office environment) and the need to be able to test the system with a manageable light source such as a flashlight.

The immunity level can be changed up to 25 klux via the USB configuration software. For information on using the USB configuration software, see Section 7.3.

This may be required for applications with powerful work lights or regulation requirements for the trip level.

The light sensors are not usable outdoors or in direct sunlight, as the intensity in direct sunlight will saturate the sensors.

### 6.5.3 Extending or Shortening Cable Length

Both point and fiber sensors are delivered with 10 m (33 ft) of three-wire shielded cable. If the installation requires it, these cables can be shortened or extended up to 50 m (164 ft). See Sections 4.1 and 4.2.4.

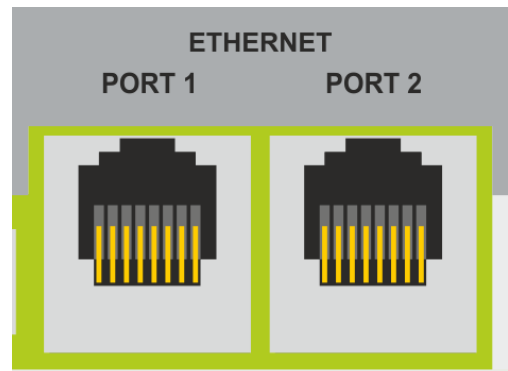
Do not combine several sensor cables within the same shield. Do not combine the cables to transmitter and receiver for the fiber sensors within the same shield.

## 6.6 Ethernet

The AF0500 is equipped with two 10/100 BaseTX Ethernet ports. An internal Ethernet switch connects both ports logically to each other and to the processor of the unit.

The Ethernet ports provide SCADA access to the unit status and measurements via MODBUS/TCP on port 502.

See appendix A for memory map.



## 7 USER INTERFACE

### 7.1 Reset Button

The RESET button on the front panel of the AF0500 has two functions: A momentary press will reset any trip events, and holding the button for three seconds will reset and refresh the configuration of the AF0500 with regard to the sensors, trip coils, and power supplies currently present. Sensors, trip coils and power supplies can be added at any time, but once a connection is detected, its removal will cause an alarm.



Pressing the reset button will reset trip indications and error indications for any existing error. The error indication will remain if the error is still present and cannot be reset, e.g. if a sensor is missing or a supply voltage is outside the specification.

Holding the reset button for three seconds will reset the current list of connections to the unit. The AF0500 will then redetect which sensors, trip coils, and power supplies are connected, which will clear the alarms. Do not do this until the reason for the alarm is known, and has been rectified.

If password protection is enabled in the USB configuration, resetting the list of connections is not allowed. In this case, use the USB configuration software to reset the alarm.

Holding the reset button for 10 seconds will reset the internal drives to factory defaults. This does not affect the configuration or the log, but does imply a reset of the connected sensors as detailed above.

### 7.2 LED Indications

Input LED's follow the input state, and provide no information on the history. Since all digital outputs are pulsed, the LED's indicate if the output has been activated since the last reset. Blinking LED's on the front panel indicate errors e.g. an expected sensor is missing, etc. To reset the expected state, use the RESET button.

#### **SUPPLY 1 and 2 (Terminals 1 to 3 and 28 to 30, respectively)**

|                |                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| On, green      | Supply voltage is connected.                                                                                                             |
| Flashing green | Supply voltage on this terminal has previously been detected, but is now missing, or the connected supply is outside the specifications. |
| Off            | Supply voltage is not connected.                                                                                                         |

#### **ERROR Relay (Terminals 4 to 6)**

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| On, red | An error has been detected, and the ERROR relay has been de-energized. If another LED is flashing, use this to localize the error and correct the problem. The event log or the USB configuration software can also be used to show the cause for the alarm, see section 7.3. |
| Off     | No errors detected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

The LED will not always follow the internal contacts. The ERROR relay will be in the state shown on the front panel when power is not connected, and will energize if no errors are detected. The relay will de-energize on errors, and if power is removed. The ERROR relay will furthermore give a one second pulse if an additional error is detected while errors are already present. Use the event log, available via USB, to get more information on the errors present. See Section 7.4.

#### **TRIPPED Relay (Terminals 7 to 8)**

|         |                                                                                               |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| On, red | A TRIP output is or has been active due to an arc-flash event. Press RESET to clear the trip. |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Off                      No unacknowledged trips.

The LED will not always follow the status of the internal contacts. The TRIPPED relay is shown on the front panel in its de-energized state, and will energize on a trip event, and de-energize on reset. The TRIPPED relay will also pulse for one second if an additional trip happens before the previous event was reset. Use the event log, available via USB, to get more information about the history of the trip. See Section 7.4.

### **RESET Input (Terminal 9)**

On, red                      RESET input or another reset source (RESET button or MODBUS) is active.

Off                      RESET input is inactive.

The reset button is blocked during trips. If the RESET input or the MODBUS reset register is permanently activated, errors and trips will be reset as soon as they are cleared or completed.

### **C/B FAIL Output (Terminal 10)**

On, red                      A circuit breaker did not trip as expected. The C/B FAIL output is or has been active. Press RESET to clear the trip.

Off                      No C/B failure is detected.

### **INHIBIT input (Terminals 12 and 20)**

On, red                      INHIBIT input is active. The zone will not trip, even if a sensor or a trip input is activated. The sensor LED's will turn red on such a trip, and can be reset by pressing the RESET button.

Off                      INHIBIT input is inactive

### **TRIP Input (Terminals 13 and 21)**

On, red                      TRIP input is active.

Off                      TRIP input is inactive

### **C/B ON Input (Terminals 14 and 22)**

On, green                      The connected circuit breaker is conducting power.

Off                      The connected circuit breaker is not conducting power.

### **TRIPPED Output (Terminals 15 and 23)**

On, red                      The TRIPPED output is or has been active. Press RESET to clear the trip.

Off                      The TRIPPED output is inactive.

### **TRIP COIL 1 and 2 (Terminals 18 to 19 and 26 to 27, respectively)**

On, green                      The TRIP output is ready and detects a valid trip voltage in Shunt mode, or is configured as Undervoltage trip coil.

Flashing red                      An error has been detected. The connection to the trip coil may be broken. If this trip coil is not meant to be used, press and hold the RESET button for a few seconds.

On, red                      The TRIP output is or has been active. Press RESET to clear the trip.

Off                      The TRIP output is not configured to trip, and no trip coil has been detected.

**Sensors**

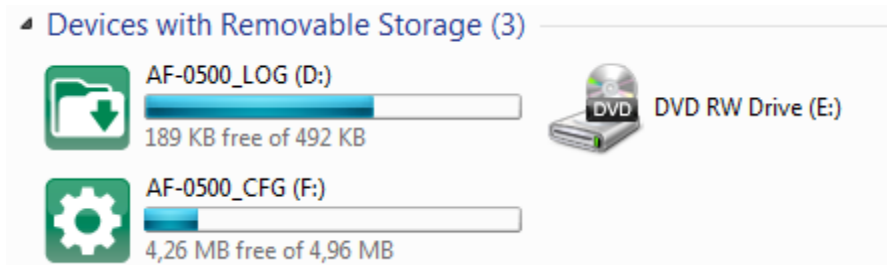
|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| On, green    | The sensor input is active and has a functional sensor connected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| On, red      | The sensor caused a trip event. If no TRIP COIL outputs are red, the trip may have been inhibited; see the event log. The LED in the sensor will also be solid red. Press the RESET button to clear the trip.                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Flashing red | The circuit check of the sensor failed; check the wiring and that fiber sensors are fully seated in the thumb screws. If possible, the LED in the sensor will also be flashing red. If a sensor has been removed temporarily or on purpose, press and hold the RESET button for a few seconds to redetect the state. If adjustments have been made to the fiber sensitivity, see Section 7.1. |
| Off          | The input has not detected a connected sensor. The input will by default still be active.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |

**PGA-LS10, PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30**

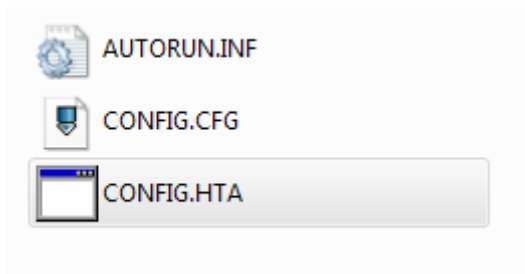
|              |                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Flashing Red | The sensor is operating normally.                                                                                                                 |
| On, red      | The sensor caused a trip event.                                                                                                                   |
| Off          | The sensor is unplugged or faulty, or the AF0500 is without power (check the wiring and that fiber sensors are fully seated in the thumb screws). |

### 7.3 USB Configuration Software

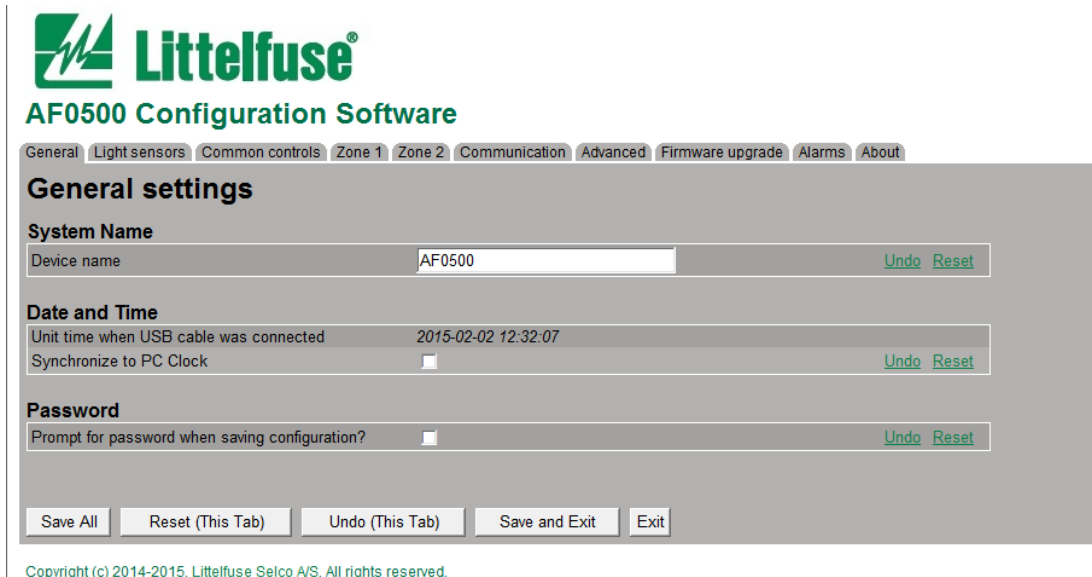
To access the configuration software, plug in a USB connector and connect to a Windows<sup>1</sup> computer. After a few seconds, two new drives appear:



Open the Configuration drive, and double click on the file named 'config.hta'



The configuration software will now open.



Tabs show each logical section of the relay.

Hovering above each setting will display the valid limits for the setting.

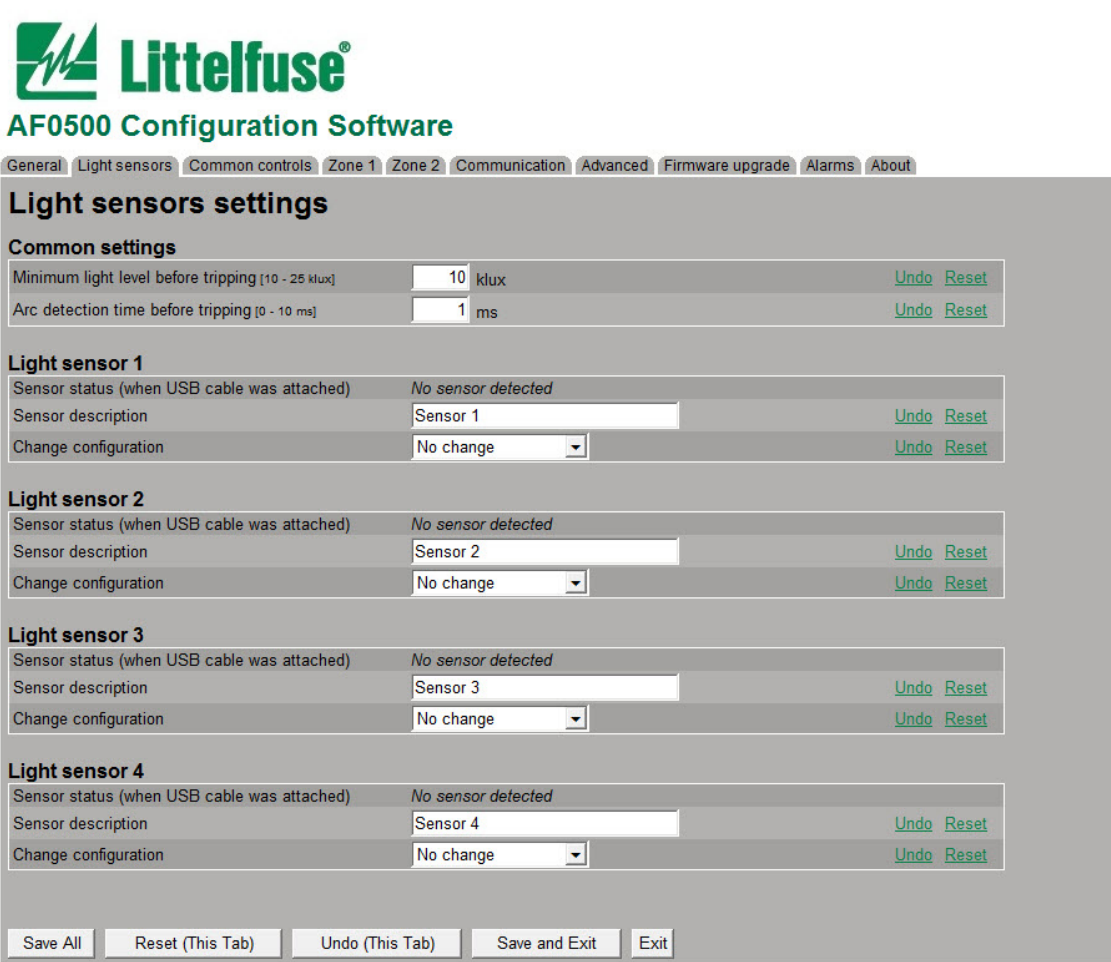
Press the Save button and remove the USB connector to let the AF0500 read the new configuration.

#### NOTE:

<sup>1</sup> All Microsoft Windows versions from and including Windows XP are supported. Some corporate networks may disallow HTA applications, in which case you should contact your system administrator to allow local HTAs to run.

It is not possible to view live data from the unit via USB. The values shown for e.g. IP address and sensor state are the values at the moment the USB connector was plugged in. Setting the password in the USB configuration software will prevent the list of connected devices from being reset via the reset button on the front panel.

### 7.3.1 USB Configuration Software – Screen Examples



**Littelfuse®**  
**AF0500 Configuration Software**

General | Light sensors | Common controls | Zone 1 | Zone 2 | Communication | Advanced | Firmware upgrade | Alarms | About

#### Light sensors settings

**Common settings**

|                                                    |         |                                            |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------|
| Minimum light level before tripping [10 - 25 klux] | 10 klux | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Arc detection time before tripping [0 - 10 ms]     | 1 ms    | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

**Light sensor 1**

|                                             |                    |                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Sensor status (when USB cable was attached) | No sensor detected |                                            |
| Sensor description                          | Sensor 1           | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Change configuration                        | No change          | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

**Light sensor 2**

|                                             |                    |                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Sensor status (when USB cable was attached) | No sensor detected |                                            |
| Sensor description                          | Sensor 2           | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Change configuration                        | No change          | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

**Light sensor 3**

|                                             |                    |                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Sensor status (when USB cable was attached) | No sensor detected |                                            |
| Sensor description                          | Sensor 3           | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Change configuration                        | No change          | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

**Light sensor 4**

|                                             |                    |                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Sensor status (when USB cable was attached) | No sensor detected |                                            |
| Sensor description                          | Sensor 4           | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Change configuration                        | No change          | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

Save All | Reset (This Tab) | Undo (This Tab) | Save and Exit | Exit

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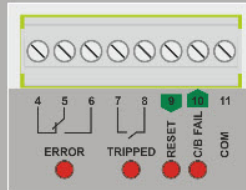




## AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

### Common controls



#### RESET button

Press to reset trip condition and resettable alarms.

When pressed and held for > 2 seconds, the expected sensors, circuit breakers, and power supplies is configured to match the currently detected devices.

Please note, when configuration is password protected long pressing the RESET button is ignored.

#### ERROR relay

Nothing to configure

Terminals 4 and 5 are connected when the AF0500 is not powered or has detected an error. In normal operation, terminals 5 and 6 are connected.

Deactivates on errors (including power failure). Will activate in a brief pulse on later errors

#### TRIPPED relay

Nothing to configure

Terminals 7 and 8 are connected when the unit has tripped.

Activates on a zone trip, deactivates on Reset. Will deactivate in a brief pulse on later trips.

#### RESET input

Nothing to configure

Activated when low

#### C/B FAIL output

Nothing to configure

Activates (pulses low) on CB failure in any zone

Save All

Reset (This Tab)

Undo (This Tab)

Save and Exit

Exit

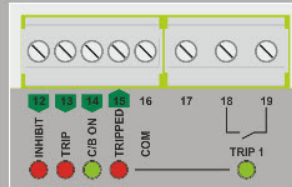
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## AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls **Zone 1** Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

### Zone 1 settings



#### Trip sources

|                                                  |                                     |                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Light sensor 1 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 2 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 3 trips this zone                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 4 trips this zone                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Circuit breaker feedback failure trips this zone | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

#### INHIBIT input

Nothing to configure  
Activated when low

#### TRIP input

Enabled ☐ [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Activated when low

#### C/B ON Input

Enabled ☐ [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Function  [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Maximum local breaker clearing time [2 - 500 ms]  ms [Undo](#) [Reset](#)

#### TRIPPED output

Nothing to configure  
Activates (pulses low) when this zone trips

#### TRIP output

TRIP output function (Trip coil)  [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Circuit breaker pulse time [1 - 5 seconds]  seconds [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Report an error if trip coil is not detected ☐ [Undo](#) [Reset](#)

[Save All](#) [Reset \(This Tab\)](#) [Undo \(This Tab\)](#) [Save and Exit](#) [Exit](#)

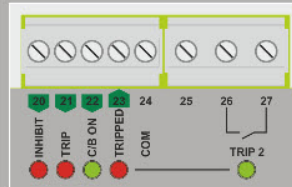
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## AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

### Zone 2 settings



#### Trip sources

|                                                  |                                     |                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Light sensor 1 trips this zone                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 2 trips this zone                   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 3 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Light sensor 4 trips this zone                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Circuit breaker feedback failure trips this zone | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

#### INHIBIT input

Nothing to configure  
Activated when low

#### TRIP input

Enabled ☐ [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Activated when low

#### C/B ON Input

Enabled ☐ [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Function  [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Maximum local breaker clearing time [0 - 500 ms]  ms [Undo](#) [Reset](#)

#### TRIPPED output

Nothing to configure  
Activates (pulses low) when this zone trips

#### TRIP output

TRIP output function (Trip coil)  [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Circuit breaker pulse time [1 - 5 seconds]  seconds [Undo](#) [Reset](#)  
Report an error if trip coil is not detected ☐ [Undo](#) [Reset](#)

[Save All](#) [Reset \(This Tab\)](#) [Undo \(This Tab\)](#) [Save and Exit](#) [Exit](#)

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## AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication **Advanced** Firmware upgrade Alarms About

### Communication settings

#### MODBUS

MODBUS TCP is accessed via the standard MODBUS-TCP port (502)

#### Current IP address

Current IP address 192.168.0.99

The address when the USB cable was inserted.

#### IP address configuration

Set IP address by Fixed

[Undo](#) [Reset](#)

Manually set fixed IP address below. Save changes and detach USB cable to apply changes. Allow for device to re-initialize its network driver, then re-attach USB to inspect the IP address.

#### Manually configured TCP/IP addresses

|                         |              |                                                                                   |                                            |
|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| IP Address              | 192.168.0.99 |  | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Subnet mask             | 255.0.0.0    |  | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |
| Default gateway address | 192.168.0.1  |  | <a href="#">Undo</a> <a href="#">Reset</a> |

[Save All](#) [Reset \(This Tab\)](#) [Undo \(This Tab\)](#) [Save and Exit](#) [Exit](#)

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## AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication **Advanced** Firmware upgrade Alarms About

### Advanced

#### Reset device configuration

Reset discovered devices ☐

[Undo](#) [Reset](#)

This will make the AF0500 reset its internal list of detected sensors, circuit breakers, and power supplies to the currently connected devices (Same as long pressing the RESET button).

#### Internal drives

Reset configuration drive to factory default ☐

[Undo](#) [Reset](#)

(does not erase the configuration)

Reset log drive to factory default ☐

[Undo](#) [Reset](#)

(does not erase the log)

#### Configuration

Reset configuration to factory defaults ☐

[Undo](#) [Reset](#)

[Save All](#) [Reset \(This Tab\)](#) [Undo \(This Tab\)](#) [Save and Exit](#) [Exit](#)

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**AF0500 Configuration Software**

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

**Firmware upgrade****Firmware upgrade procedure**

1. Copy AF0500.bin and AF0500.MD5 to AF0500\_CFG drive
2. Disconnect the USB, the firmware upgrade progress are indicated on the sensor leds
3. The AF0500 will reboot when firmware upgrade is done
4. Close HTA, connect the USB
5. Open HTA, check that the firmware revision is correct in the about box

Save All Reset (This Tab) Undo (This Tab) Save and Exit Exit

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The USB configuration software also shows the cause of any standing alarms in clear text.

**AF0500 Configuration Software**

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

**Alarms****Currently standing alarms**

Number of standing alarms:

Save All Reset (This Tab) Undo (This Tab) Save and Exit Exit

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## AF0500 Configuration Software

General Light sensors Common controls Zone 1 Zone 2 Communication Advanced Firmware upgrade Alarms About

### About



### Version information

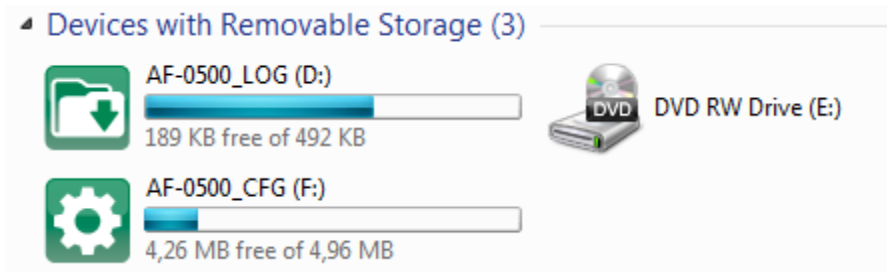
Configuration saved at: 2015-03-11 12:35:23  
 Product type: AF0500  
 Product SW Version: 2014-12-19 (01.00.00)  
 Product HW Version: 0  
 Product serial number: 4294967295  
 IP address: 192.168.0.99 (FIXED)  
 HW MAC address: 00:15:fc:ff:ff:ff

Save All Reset (This Tab) Undo (This Tab) Save and Exit Exit

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## 7.4 USB Event Log

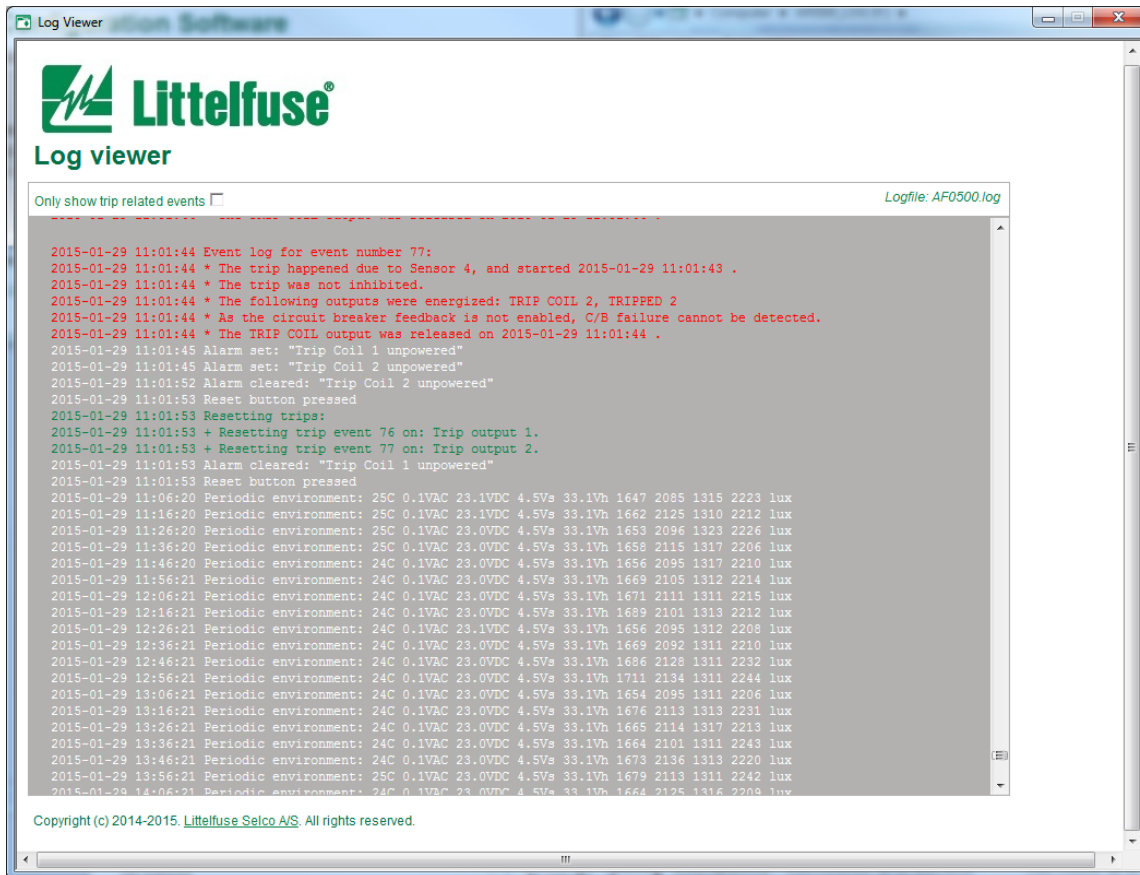
To access the event log, plug in a USB connector and connect to a computer. After a few seconds, two new drives appear:



The log is saved on the AF0500\_LOG drive, and is a text file called AF0500.LOG.

A tool called log\_view.hta allows simple filtering of the log, e.g. to show log lines with relation to events only.





## 7.5 Firmware Upgrade

**NOTE:** The AF0500 will restart during the firmware upgrade process. Ensure the equipment is in a safe state prior to starting the upgrade process. Do not interrupt the firmware upgrade process.

Product information, including hardware and firmware details, can be reviewed in the About tab as shown in Section 7.3.1.

Follow the procedure below to perform a firmware upgrade:

1. Contact Littelfuse at [relays@littelfuse.com](mailto:relays@littelfuse.com) to obtain the newest firmware file.
2. Connect the AF0500 to a computer using a USB cable. See Section 7.3.
3. Copy the AF0500.bin and AF0500.md5 files to the AF0500 Configuration drive.
4. Disconnect the USB cable. The firmware upgrade will begin. Progress will be shown on the front panel as progressively-lit green sensor LED's, starting from Sensor 1 to Sensor 4. The firmware upgrade can take up to 150 seconds.
5. The AF0500 will restart when the firmware upgrade has been completed.
6. Close the Configuration Software screen (HTA file).
7. Reconnect the AF0500 to the computer as in Step 2.
8. Confirm that the firmware revision shown in the About tab is correct.

## 8 COMMISSIONING

With no manual configuration, a freshly unpacked and wired AF0500 will work using the factory default settings. It will trip the TRIP 1 output if any sensors connected to input 1 or 2 exceed the default setting of 10 klux, even if a circuit check is reporting a cable to be broken. Likewise, the TRIP 2 output will trip if any sensor connected to input 3 or 4 gives an alarm.

The digital I/O will operate, and if wired to perform upstream circuit breaker tripping or zone merging, it will work as programmed in the wiring. It is possible to configure these connections in software as well, if so desired. If both wired and software connections are set up, both will be active, and the system will perform a logical “OR” between them: if any input, hardware or software, tells a zone to trip, it will do so.

The INHIBIT input is always active, and will always inhibit a trip from propagating to the TRIPPED as well as to the TRIP COIL outputs if the input is active.

Littelfuse recommends always doing a full systems test on all sensors and outputs to ensure that any errors in the cabling or configuration will be detected and can be corrected before the system is put into normal operation.

**CAUTION:** Make sure that the area is safe before this test. Ensure that loads and power are disconnected at the transformers, etc.

### 8.1 Configuration of Installed Sensors

The AF0500 will auto-detect sensors as they are connected. To reset any errors (shown as blinking red LED in a position where no sensor is attached), e.g. after moving a sensor to another position on the unit, press and hold the RESET button for three seconds. This will redetect which sensors, power supplies, etc. are connected.

### 8.2 Testing the Sensors

To test the tripping of point sensors, the intensity of light at the sensors needs to rise above 10 klux (or the defined light immunity setting, if changed). The LED flash on most phones are not sufficient, nor are most LED flashlights. Most incandescent flashlights (e.g. Mini Maglite with Xenon bulb or larger) can be used, if the beam can be focused to a very small circle and the flashlight is brought right next to the sensor. A normal AC light bulb can also be used.

For fiber sensors, the light intensity needs to be above 10 klux on a much larger area, which is not possible with a flashlight or standard light bulbs. To test fiber sensors, a 300-500 W halogen lamp or a powerful photo flash with a guide number of at least 15 m (50 ft) is needed. See Section 10.7.

1. Unplug the TRIP outputs to avoid tripping the circuit breakers. If the AF0500 TRIPPED outputs are connected to other units, unplug these connectors as well.
2. Confirm that there is a solid green LED for each connected optical sensor. This confirms that sensors are connected and healthy.
3. Confirm that a short red flashing light occurs periodically in each sensor. This indicates that the sensor circuit is being checked.
4. Point the light source at a sensor and check that the LED on the sensor and the front panel of the AF0500 turns red continuously. The TRIPPED LED will also turn on. If this does not happen, the light source may not be powerful enough, especially for fiber sensors.
5. Repeat for the remaining sensors.
6. Check that the indicator LED's on the front panel of the unit have turned red for all connected sensors.



7. Press the RESET button to clear the trip indication.
8. Replace any connectors removed to re-establish protection.

### **8.3 Testing the Trip Coil Outputs and Associated Circuit Breakers**

To ensure the system is ready to test, the system should only have supply power. The TRIP COIL output will be tripped during this procedure. Also be aware that other units connected to the TRIPPED output will also trip, unless the connection is broken for the test.

1. Confirm that there is a solid green light in the TRIP COIL output LED. This means that the trip coil is detected and ready to trip.
2. Connect the TRIP input for the zone to COM using a piece of wire, terminals 13 to 16 for zone 1, terminals 21 to 24 for zone 2.
3. Observe that the connected trip coil operates. The output will reset itself after the configured pulse time, one second by default.
4. Press the RESET button to reset the trip indication. Reset the tripping device if necessary.
5. Replace any connectors removed to re-establish protection.
6. Repeat for each TRIP COIL output.

### **8.4 Full Operation Test**

To ensure the system is ready to test, the system should only have supply power. The TRIP outputs on all connected units will be tripped during this procedure.

1. Use the system diagram to find out which circuit breakers should trip for each sensor. Generally, the system should be set up so that a light on a sensor removes power from any conductor that the sensor can see.
2. Make a table with a line for each sensor, and mark which circuit breakers should trip in order to remove power completely from the area. See Table 2.
3. Confirm that there is a solid green LED for each connected optical sensor. This confirms that sensors are connected and healthy.
4. Confirm that a short red flashing light occurs periodically in each sensor. This indicates that the sensor circuit is being checked.
5. Move a light source towards the sensor. Confirm that the TRIP output trips and that the LED's of the TRIP output and sensor change to red. Confirm that all circuit breakers which supply the area which the sensor can see have tripped. Note the result in the table.
6. Press RESET on all affected units, and reset the tripping device if necessary.
7. Repeat steps 3 to 6 for the remaining sensors.
8. If the system has upstream circuit breakers or tie circuit breakers, repeat steps 1 to 6, but with the local circuit breakers disabled by removing the TRIP COIL outputs to these circuit breakers. This means that the upstream circuit breakers should be the ones to trip for every sensor.

TABLE 2. SAMPLE TABLE FOR TESTING A SYSTEM.

| <b>SENSOR:</b>                                            | <b>SHOULD TRIP THESE CIRCUIT BREAKERS:</b>                                                   | <b>OBSERVED TRIPS:</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Unit 1, sensor 1<br>Placed on Left Busbar                 | Left Incoming and Tie Circuit Breaker                                                        |                        |
| Unit 1, sensor 4<br>Placed in Tie Circuit Breaker Cabinet | Left and Right Incoming                                                                      |                        |
| Unit 2, sensor 3<br>Placed at Output 1                    | Local: Feeder 1<br>Upstream if Feeder 1 Fails to Trip: Left Incoming and Tie Circuit Breaker |                        |
| Etc.                                                      |                                                                                              |                        |

## 9 SUPPORT RESOURCES

The most up-to-date manuals, data sheets, instruction videos, etc. can be found on the AF0500 site at [www.littelfuse.com/AF0500](http://www.littelfuse.com/AF0500).

The AF0500 is supported through the Littelfuse network of technical sales and distributors. For installation help and support, please contact your sales representative. Include detailed information about the installation and application. See Section 2.

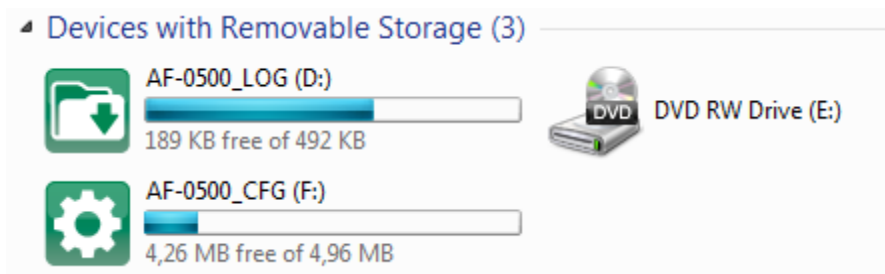
### 9.1 Sending Information For Support

A picture or video of the installation makes it much easier to provide assistance. Also, the configuration and log files can be very helpful, as is the serial number of the unit.

Attaching the files to the support email can be done like this:

Plug in a USB connector and connect to a computer.

After a few seconds, two new drives appear:



From the LOG drive, select and attach the AF0500.LOG file.

From the CFG drive, select and attach the CONFIG.CFG file.

Provide a single line diagram of the installation with indication of the zone boundaries if possible.

## 10 SPECIFICATIONS

### 10.1 AF0500

#### Supply:

|              |                                                                                  |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Universal:   | 20 VA, 100 to 240 Vac (+10%, -15%) 50/60 Hz,<br>8 W, 110 to 250 Vdc (+10%, -20%) |
| Low Voltage: | 4 W, 24 to 48 Vdc (+10%, -20%)                                                   |

#### Optical Settings:

|                                  |                                                                                      |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| External Sensors:                | 4 Light sensors                                                                      |
| Sensor Types:                    | PGA-LS10, PGA-LS20, and PGA-LS30,<br>all with sensor check                           |
| Immunity Adjustment:             | Trip above 10 to 25 klux                                                             |
| Intentional Trip Delay Settings: | 0.5 to 200 ms<br>0.5 ms intentional delay results in a<br>maximum 0.8 ms total delay |

#### TRIP COIL Outputs:

|                            |                                                                                                    |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Type:                      | IGBT Switch                                                                                        |
| Configuration:             | Normally Open (Form A) isolated contact                                                            |
| UL Rating:                 | 120/240 Vac, 1800 VA, 0.75 A maximum continuous,<br>125/250 Vdc, 138 VA, 0.75 A maximum continuous |
| Supplemental Rating:       |                                                                                                    |
| Make/Carry 0.2 s:          | 30 A                                                                                               |
| Voltage Rating:            | 24 to 300 Vac, 24 to 300 Vdc                                                                       |
| Current Rating:            | 20 A for 2 s, 10 A for 5 s                                                                         |
| Control Voltage Alarm:     | <15 V                                                                                              |
| Control Voltage Test type: | Measurement of current through a 100 k parallel resistor                                           |
| Operating Mode:            | Shunt trip or undervoltage trip coil, configurable                                                 |
| Protection:                | 320 Vac MOV, thermally protected                                                                   |
| Isolation:                 | 1,000 Vac                                                                                          |
| Pulse Duration:            | 1 to 5 s, configurable                                                                             |
| On-State Voltage Drop:     | 2.5 V at 5 A, 25°C (77°F)<br>4.0 V at 10 A, 25°C (77°F)                                            |

#### Output Relays:

|                        |                                                                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ERROR Relay:           |                                                                            |
| Contact Configuration: | Change-over (Form C) isolated contact<br>Normally energized                |
| UL Rating:             | 5 A resistive, 150 Vac<br>5 A resistive, 30 Vdc<br>0.3 A resistive, 50 Vdc |

**Supplemental Contact Rating:**

|                   |                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Make/Carry 0.2 s: | 30 A                                            |
| Rating Code:      | B300, R300                                      |
| Break:            |                                                 |
| dc:               | 28 W Resistive                                  |
| ac:               | 1500 VA (PF=1.0)                                |
|                   | 360 VA (PF=0.4)                                 |
|                   | Subject to maximums of 5 A and 150 V (ac or dc) |

**Tripped Status Relay:**

|                        |                                         |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Contact Configuration: | Normally Open (Form A) isolated contact |
| UL Rating:             | 100 mA, 50 Vac/Vdc                      |
| Supplemental Rating:   |                                         |
| Contact Rating:        | 3 A Resistive, 50 Vac                   |
|                        | 3 A Resistive, 30 Vdc                   |

**Terminals:** Wire Clamping, 22-12 AWG (0.14 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>) copper conductors

**Torque:** 4 to 5.5 lbf·in (0.45 to 0.62 N·m)

**Local Interface:** USB 2.0 Full speed Mass storage device

**Communications Interface:**

|                |                                           |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Ethernet ports | 2 ports, with an internal Ethernet switch |
| Configuration: | 10/100 Mbps, Base TX, Isolated            |
| Protocol:      | Modbus <sup>®</sup> TCP                   |

**Internal Real-Time Clock:**

|          |                     |
|----------|---------------------|
| Battery: | CR1632 <sup>1</sup> |
| Life:    | Minimum 10 years    |

**Dimensions:**

|         |                 |
|---------|-----------------|
| Height: | 130 mm (5.1 in) |
| Width:  | 200 mm (7.9 in) |
| Depth:  | 54 mm (2.1 in)  |

**Shipping Weight:** 0.9 kg (2 lb)

**Mounting:** 35 mm DIN rail or surface mount

**Environment:**

|                        |                              |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Operating Temperature: | -40 to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F) |
| Storage Temperature:   | -40 to 70°C (-40°F to 158°F) |
| Humidity:              | 93% Non-condensing           |

**Altitude:**

|                            |                                             |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Below 2,000 m (6,500 ft):  | Normal Operation                            |
| Above 2,000 m (6,500 ft):  | 24 Vdc supply only, shunt trip only         |
| Above 4,000 m (13,000 ft): | Contact Littelfuse for further information. |

**10.2 EMC Tests**

Verification tested in accordance with IEC/EN60255-26:2013.

|                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 MHz Burst:                                | IEC 60255-22-1<br>± 1 kV differential mode (line-to-line)<br>± 2.5 kV common mode                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Electrostatic Discharge:                    | IEC 60255-22-2<br>± 6 kV Contact Discharge (direct and indirect)<br>± 8 kV Air Discharge                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Radiated RF Immunity:                       | IEC 60255-22-3<br>10 V/m, 80-1,000 MHz, 80% AM (1 kHz)<br>10 V/m, 1.4 to 2.7 GHz, 80% AM (1 kHz)                                                                                                                                                            |
| Fast Transient:                             | IEC 60255-22-4:<br>Class A: ± 4 kV (on AC mains)<br><br>ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1-2002 (Oscillatory and fast transients on input terminals)                                                                                                                        |
| Surge Immunity:                             | IEC 60255-22-5:<br>± 4 kV differential mode (on AC lines)<br>± 2 kV common mode (on AC lines)<br>± 2 kV differential mode (on DC lines)<br>± 1 kV common mode (on DC lines)<br>± 2 kV common mode (on I/O ports)<br>± 1 kV differential mode (on I/O ports) |
| Conducted RF Immunity:                      | IEC 60255-22-6<br>10 Vrms, 0.15-80 MHz, 80% AM (1 kHz)                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Power Frequency:                            | IEC 60255-22-7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Magnetic Field Immunity:                    | IEC 61000-4-8<br>30 A/m and 300 A/m, 50 Hz and 60 Hz                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Current Harmonics and Voltage Fluctuations: | IEC 61000-3-2 and IEC 61000-3-3<br>Class A                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Radiated and Conducted Emissions:           | CISPR 22:2008-09 / EN55022:2010<br>Class A                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Voltage Interruptions:                      | IEC 60255-11 and IEC 60255-29<br>100% Interrupts 3 x for<br>5 ms, 10 ms, 20 ms, 50 ms, 100 ms, 200 ms                                                                                                                                                       |

### 10.3 Environmental Tests

|                                   |                                                |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Cold:                             | IEC 60068-2-1:2007                             |
| Temperature:                      | -40°C                                          |
| Duration:                         | 16 hours                                       |
| Dry Heat:                         | IEC 60068-2-2:2007                             |
| Temperature:                      | 70°C                                           |
| Duration:                         | 16 hours                                       |
| Humidity:                         | 50% RH                                         |
| Damp Heat Cyclic:                 | IEC 60068-2-30:2005                            |
| Lower Temperature:                | 25°C                                           |
| Humidity Range:                   | 95 – 100 % RH                                  |
| Upper Temperature:                | 55°C                                           |
| Humidity Range:                   | 90 – 96 % RH                                   |
| Number of Cycles:                 | 2                                              |
| Vibration – Resonance Search:     | IEC 60068-2-6:2007                             |
| Frequency Range:                  | 2 - 100 Hz                                     |
| Frequency / Amplitude:            |                                                |
| 2 - 13.2 Hz:                      | ± 1 mm                                         |
| 13.2 – 100 Hz:                    | ± 0.7 g                                        |
| Sweep Rate:                       | Max. 1 octave/min.                             |
| Number of Axes:                   | 3 mutually perpendicular                       |
| Vibration – Endurance Sinusoidal: | IEC 60068-2-6:2007                             |
| Frequency Range:                  | 2 - 100 Hz                                     |
| Frequency / Amplitude:            |                                                |
| 2 - 13.2 Hz:                      | ± 1 mm                                         |
| 13.2 - 100 Hz:                    | ± 0.7 g                                        |
| Procedure:                        | Dwell on found resonances                      |
| Dwell conditions:                 | Q ≥ 2 : 90 minutes at each resonance frequency |
| Q < 2:                            | 90 minutes 30 Hz                               |
| Number of Axes:                   | 3 mutually perpendicular                       |
| Vibration – Shock, Seismic:       | IEC 60255-21-1                                 |

### 10.4 Safety

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Safety: | IEC 61010-1: 2010 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition +AMD 1:2016<br>Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for<br>Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use – Part I<br><br>UL508 Industrial Control Equipment |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## 10.5 Certification

Certification:

CSA



UL Listed



UL508 Industrial Control Equipment<sup>2</sup>  
Australia



CE, European Union



EMC directive 2014/30/EU: Certified after  
IEC/EN 60255-26:2013

Low voltage directive 2014/35/EU: Certified after  
IEC/EN 61010-1:2010 + AMD 1:2016



Surge Withstand:

ANSI/IEEE C37.90.1-2002 (Oscillatory and Fast  
Transient)



## 10.6 Sensors

|                          | <b>PGA-LS10</b>                                                | <b>PGA-LS20 and PGA-LS30</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Type:                    | Point sensor                                                   | Fiber-optic sensor                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Detection Zone:          | 180 x 360° (half sphere)                                       | 360° along fiber                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Output:                  | 0-35 mA                                                        | 0-35 mA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Electrical Cable:        | Shielded 3-wire 20 AWG (0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) electrical cable | Shielded 3-wire 20 AWG (0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ) electrical cable                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Factory Cable Length:    | 10 m (33 ft) electrical cable                                  | <b>PGA-LS20:</b><br>8 m (26 ft) active; 10 m (33 ft) total<br>(2 m (7 ft) shielded),<br>2 x 10 m electrical cable<br><b>PGA-LS30:</b><br>18 m (59 ft) active; 20 m (66 ft) total<br>(2 m (7 ft) shielded),<br>2 x 10 m (33 ft) electrical cable |
| Max. Elec. Cable Length: | 50 m (164 ft)                                                  | 50 m (164 ft)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Sensor Check:            | Built-in LED for visual feedback                               | Built-in LED for visual feedback                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Dimensions:              | 32 x 52 x 24 mm<br>(1.3 x 2.0 x 0.9 in)                        | Transmitter and Receiver:<br>32 x 56 x 19 mm<br>(1.3 x 2.2 x 0.7 in)                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Enclosure:               | IP 30                                                          | IP 30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## 10.7 Ordering Information

**AF0500-00-**☐☐

Options:

Blank - No Conformal Coating

CC - Conformal Coating

Accessories:

PGA-LS10 Point Sensor

PGA-LS20 Fiber-Optic Sensor, 8 m (26 ft) active length

PGA-LS30 Fiber-Optic Sensor, 18 m (59 ft) active length

PGA-0031 DIN-rail mounting brackets

PGA-1100 Diode Logic Unit

PGA-FLSH-00 Photo Flash for commissioning testing

PGA-FLSH-01 Photo Flash, CE and RoHS

## 10.8 Related Products

PGR-8800 Stand-alone Arc-Flash Relay with 6 sensor inputs, 1 trip coil output, with CT inputs for current inhibit

## 10.9 Warranty

The AF0500 Arc-Flash Relay is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five years from the date of purchase.

Littelfuse will (at Littelfuse's option) repair, replace, or refund the original purchase price of a AF0500 that is determined by Littelfuse to be defective if it is returned to the factory, freight prepaid, within the warranty period. This warranty does not apply to repairs required as a result of misuse, negligence, an accident, improper installation, tampering, or insufficient care. Littelfuse does not warrant products repaired or modified by non-Littelfuse personnel.

## NOTES:

<sup>1</sup> Battery is mounted in an internal socket and should be changed by qualified service personnel only. Contact your distributor for more information.

<sup>2</sup> The AF0500 Arc Flash Relay is currently listed as a protective relay (UL category NRGU) and complies with the UL508 Industrial Control Equipment standard. UL did not evaluate the functionality of the arc fault protection afforded by this product. A file review will occur when the requirements for investigation of arc detection and mitigation systems are developed and additional tests will be performed if required.

<sup>3</sup> AF0500 uses the open source component FreeMODBUS internally. For license, version, and source-code information please contact [opensource@littelfuse.com](mailto:opensource@littelfuse.com).

## APPENDIX A MODBUS TCP REGISTER MAP

| ADDRESS (BASE 1, PLC MODE)                                                      |      | PARAMETER TYPE | ACCESS[R/W] | DESCRIPTION                        | TERMINAL | VALUES                                                                                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEC                                                                             | HEX  |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| Analog Inputs, Engineering Units (200 - 204)                                    |      |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| 200                                                                             | C8h  |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| 200                                                                             | C8h  | Word           | R           | Number of light sensors on system. | na       | 4                                                                                                         |
| 201                                                                             | C9h  | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 1"                | 31-34    | Value on analog input - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit).                                 |
| 202                                                                             | CAh  | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 2"                | 35-38    | Value on analog input - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit).                                 |
| 203                                                                             | CBh  | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 3"                | 39-42    | Value on analog input - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit).                                 |
| 204                                                                             | CCh  | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 4"                | 43-46    | Value on analog input - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit).                                 |
| Analog Inputs, Engineering Units (Max Value Since Last MODBUS Read) (300 - 304) |      |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| 300                                                                             | 12Ch |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| 300                                                                             | 12Ch | Word           | R           | Number of light sensors on system. | na       | 4                                                                                                         |
| 301                                                                             | 12Dh | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 1 Max"            | 31-34    | Max value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| 302                                                                             | 12Eh | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 2 Max"            | 35-38    | Max value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| 303                                                                             | 12Fh | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 3 Max"            | 39-42    | Max value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| 304                                                                             | 130h | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 4 Max"            | 43-46    | Max value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| Analog Inputs, Engineering Units (Min Value Since Last MODBUS Read) (400 - 404) |      |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| 400                                                                             | 190h |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                           |
| 400                                                                             | 190h | Word           | R           | Number of light sensors on system. | na       | 4                                                                                                         |
| 401                                                                             | 191h | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 1 Min"            | 31-34    | Min value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| 402                                                                             | 192h | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 2 Min"            | 35-38    | Min value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| 403                                                                             | 193h | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 3 Min"            | 39-42    | Min value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |
| 404                                                                             | 194h | Word           | R           | Light on "Sensor 4 Min"            | 43-46    | Min value seen on analog input since last MODBUS read - raw engineering units (0-4056, about 9 lux/unit). |

| ADDRESS (BASE 1, PLC MODE)      |      | PARAMETER TYPE | ACCESS[R/W] | DESCRIPTION                        | TERMINAL | VALUES                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------|------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEC                             | HEX  |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                                   |
| Sensor Input Status (500 - 504) |      |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                                   |
| 500                             | 1F4h |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                                   |
| 500                             | 1F4h | Word           | R           | Number of light sensors on system. | na       | 4                                                                                                                 |
| 501                             | 1F5h | Word           | R           | Status of "Sensor 1"               | 31-34    | Bit 0=Not Detected, Bit 1=Detected, Bit2=Tripped, Bit3= Error (Lost - Has been detected, but is no longer there.) |
| 502                             | 1F6h | Word           | R           | Status of "Sensor 2"               | 35-38    | Bit0=Not Detected, Bit1=Detected, Bit2=Tripped, Bit 3= Error (Lost - Has been detected, but is no longer there.)  |
| 503                             | 1F7h | Word           | R           | Status of "Sensor 3"               | 39-42    | Bit 0=Not Detected, Bit1=Detected, Bit2=Tripped, Bit3= Error (Lost - Has been detected, but is no longer there.)  |
| 504                             | 1F8h | Word           | R           | Status of "Sensor 4"               | 43-46    | Bit0=Not Detected, Bit1=Detected, Bit2=Tripped, Bit3= Error (Lost - Has been detected, but is no longer there.)   |
| System Status (1100 - 1104)     |      |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                                   |
| 1100                            | 44Ch |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                                   |
| 1100                            | 44Ch | Word           | R           | Number of user-reading status.     | na       | 4                                                                                                                 |
| 1101                            | 44Dh | Word           | R           | Supply 1 Present                   | 1-3      | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1102                            | 44Eh | Word           | R           | Supply 2 Present                   | 28-30    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1103                            | 44Fh | Word           | R           | DC Supply Voltage                  | 28-30    | DC Supply Voltage (In Integer Volts)                                                                              |
| 1104                            | 450h | Word           | R           | Error                              | na       | Reading: 0=No errors; 1=Error - Refer To Error Flags Bitmap                                                       |
| Digital Inputs (1200 - 1207)    |      |                |             |                                    |          |                                                                                                                   |
| 1200                            | 4B0h |                |             |                                    |          | Inputs with (optional) cable monitoring                                                                           |
| 1200                            | 4B0h | word           | R           | Number of Inputs                   | na       | 7                                                                                                                 |
| 1201                            | 4B1h | word           | R           | Status of Input "RESET"            | 9-11     | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1202                            | 4B2h | word           | R           | Status of Input "INHIBIT 1"        | 12-16    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1203                            | 4B3h | word           | R           | Status of Input "TRIP 1"           | 13-16    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1204                            | 4B4h | word           | R           | Status of Input "C/B ON 1"         | 14-16    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1205                            | 4B5h | word           | R           | Status of Input "INHIBIT 2"        | 20-24    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1206                            | 4B6h | word           | R           | Status of Input "TRIP 2"           | 21-24    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |
| 1207                            | 4B7h | word           | R           | Status of Input "C/B ON 2"         | 22-24    | Reading: 0=Inactive; 1=Active;                                                                                    |

| ADDRESS (BASE 1, PLC MODE)              |      | PARAMETER TYPE | ACCESS[R/W] | DESCRIPTION                  | TERMINAL | VALUES                              |
|-----------------------------------------|------|----------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| DEC                                     | HEX  |                |             |                              |          |                                     |
| Digital and Relay Outputs (1300 - 1307) |      |                |             |                              |          |                                     |
| 1300                                    | 514h |                |             |                              |          | Status of Physical Outputs          |
| 1300                                    | 514h | Word           | R           | Number of Outputs            | NA       | 7                                   |
| 1301                                    | 515h | Word           | R           | Status on Relay "ERROR"      | 4-5-6    | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| 1302                                    | 516h | Word           | R           | Status on Relay "TRIPPED"    | 7-8      | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| 1303                                    | 517h | Word           | R           | Status of Output "C/B FAIL"  | 10-11    | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| 1304                                    | 518h | Word           | R           | Status of Output "TRIPPED 1" | 15-16    | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| 1305                                    | 519h | Word           | R           | Status of "IGBT TRIP 1"      | 18-19    | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| 1306                                    | 51Ah | Word           | R           | Status of Output "TRIPPED 2" | 23-24    | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| 1307                                    | 51Bh | Word           | R           | Status of "IGBT TRIP 2"      | 26-27    | Reading: 0=Open;<br>1=Closed;       |
| LED Status (1400 - 1426)                |      |                |             |                              |          |                                     |
| 1400                                    | 578h |                |             |                              |          | Status of LED                       |
| 1400                                    | 578h | Word           | R           | Number of LED's              | NA       | 26                                  |
| 1401                                    | 579h | Word           | R           | Supply 1                     | 1-2      | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1402                                    | 57Ah | Word           | R           | Error                        | 4-5-6    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1403                                    | 57Bh | Word           | R           | Tripped                      | 7-8      | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1404                                    | 57Ch | Word           | R           | Reset                        | 9        | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1405                                    | 57Dh | Word           | R           | C/B Fault                    | 10       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1406                                    | 57Eh | Word           | R           | Inhibit 1                    | 12       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1407                                    | 57Fh | Word           | R           | Trip 1                       | 13       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1408                                    | 580h | Word           | R           | C/B On 1                     | 14       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1409                                    | 581h | Word           | R           | Tripped 1                    | 15       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1410                                    | 582h | Word           | R           | Trip 1 Red                   | 18-19    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1411                                    | 583h | Word           | R           | Trip 1 Green                 | 18-19    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1412                                    | 584h | Word           | R           | Inhibit 2                    | 20       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1413                                    | 585h | Word           | R           | Trip 2                       | 21       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1414                                    | 586h | Word           | R           | C/B On 2                     | 22       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1415                                    | 587h | Word           | R           | Tripped 2                    | 23       | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1416                                    | 588h | Word           | R           | Trip 2 Red                   | 26-27    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1417                                    | 589h | Word           | R           | Trip 2 Green                 | 26-27    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1418                                    | 58Ah | Word           | R           | Supply 2                     | 29-30    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1419                                    | 58Bh | Word           | R           | Sensor 1 Red                 | 31-34    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1420                                    | 58Ch | Word           | R           | Sensor 1 Green               | 31-34    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |
| 1421                                    | 58Dh | Word           | R           | Sensor 2 Red                 | 35-38    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing |

| ADDRESS (BASE 1, PLC MODE)  |      | PARAMETER TYPE | ACCESS[R/W] | DESCRIPTION                       | TERMINAL | VALUES                                                                 |
|-----------------------------|------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEC                         | HEX  |                |             |                                   |          |                                                                        |
| 1422                        | 58Eh | Word           | R           | Sensor 2 Green                    | 35-38    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing                                    |
| 1423                        | 58Fh | Word           | R           | Sensor 3 Red                      | 39-42    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing                                    |
| 1424                        | 590h | Word           | R           | Sensor 3 Green                    | 39-42    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing                                    |
| 1425                        | 591h | Word           | R           | Sensor 4 Red                      | 43-46    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing                                    |
| 1426                        | 592h | Word           | R           | Sensor 4 Green                    | 43-46    | Bit 0=Off, Bit 1=On, Bit 2=Flashing                                    |
| <b>Alarms (1500 - 1526)</b> |      |                |             |                                   |          |                                                                        |
| 1500                        | 5DCh |                |             |                                   |          | Internal flags from the last event - describes where a trip came from. |
| 1500                        | 5DCh | Word           | R           | Number of status flags available. | NA       | 26                                                                     |
| 1501                        | 5DDh | Word           | R           | Sensor 1 Fault                    | 31-34    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1502                        | 5DEh | Word           | R           | Sensor 2 Fault                    | 35-38    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1503                        | 5DFh | Word           | R           | Sensor 3 Fault                    | 39-42    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1504                        | 5E0h | Word           | R           | Sensor 4 Fault                    | 43-46    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1505                        | 5E1h | Word           | R           | Supply 1 Off                      | 1-3      | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1506                        | 5E2h | Word           | R           | Supply 2 Off                      | 28-30    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1507                        | 5E3h | Word           | R           | Supply 1 Out Of Spec              | 1-3      | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1508                        | 5E4h | Word           | R           | Supply 2 Out Of Spec              | 28-30    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1509                        | 5E5h | Word           | R           | Internal I/O supply Error         | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1510                        | 5E6h | Word           | R           | Internal Sensor Supply Error      | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1511                        | 5E7h | Word           | R           | CB 1 Feedback Error               | 14       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1512                        | 5E8h | Word           | R           | CB 2 Feedback Error               | 22       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1513                        | 5E9h | Word           | R           | Trip Coil 1 Fault                 | 18-19    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1514                        | 5Eah | Word           | R           | Trip Coil 2 Fault                 | 26-27    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1515                        | 5EBh | Word           | R           | Trip Coil 1 Unpowered             | 18-19    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1516                        | 5ECh | Word           | R           | Trip Coil 2 Unpowered             | 26-27    | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1517                        | 5EDh | Word           | R           | FW Unspecified Fault              | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1518                        | 5EEh | Word           | R           | FW Drive Not Ready                | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1519                        | 5EFh | Word           | R           | FW File Not Found                 | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1520                        | 5F0h | Word           | R           | FW Image Wrong Product Name       | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1521                        | 5F1h | Word           | R           | FW Image No signature Found       | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1522                        | 5F2h | Word           | R           | FW Image Wrong Size               | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |
| 1523                        | 5F3h | Word           | R           | FW MD5 File Not Found             | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active                                          |

| ADDRESS (BASE 1, PLC MODE) |      | PARAMETER TYPE | ACCESS[R/W] | DESCRIPTION                    | TERMINAL | VALUES                        |
|----------------------------|------|----------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| DEC                        | HEX  |                |             |                                |          |                               |
| 1524                       | 5F4h | Word           | R           | FW Error MD5 Fault             | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active |
| 1525                       | 5F5h | Word           | R           | Ethernet Peer To Peer Alarm    | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active |
| 1526                       | 5F6h | Word           | R           | Trip Condition While Inhibited | NA       | Reading: 0=Inactive, 1=Active |

## APPENDIX B INSTALLATION LOG SHEET

| GENERAL INSTALLATION SETTINGS      | MIN                  | DEFAULT                | MAX    | UNIT | COMMENTS                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Date Installed                     |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Operator                           |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Comment 1                          |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Comment 2                          |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>GENERAL</b>                     |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| System Name                        |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Description Of This Unit           |                      | AF0500 Arc-Flash Relay |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Date And Time                      |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Synchronize To PC Clock            |                      | Disabled               |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                           |
| <b>LIGHT SENSORS</b>               |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Common Settings                    |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Light Immunity Lower Limit         | 10                   | 10                     | 25     | klux | _____ klux                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Arc Detection Time Before Tripping | 0<br>(Effective 0.8) | 1                      | 20,000 | ms   | _____ ms                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Light Sensor 1                     |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Sensor Status                      |                      |                        |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Present<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Detected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Missing<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Tripped |
| Sensor Description                 |                      | Sensor 1               |        |      | _____                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Change Configuration               |                      | No Change              |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> No Change<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Expected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Expected                                                |
| Light Sensor 2                     |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Sensor Status                      |                      |                        |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Present<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Detected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Missing<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Tripped |
| Sensor Description                 |                      | Sensor 2               |        |      | _____                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Change Configuration               |                      | No Change              |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> No Change<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Expected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Expected                                                |
| Light Sensor 3                     |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Sensor Status                      |                      |                        |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Present<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Detected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Missing<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Tripped |
| Sensor Description                 |                      | Sensor 3               |        |      | _____                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Change Configuration               |                      | No Change              |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> No Change<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Expected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Expected                                                |
| Light Sensor 4                     |                      |                        |        |      |                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Sensor Status                      |                      |                        |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Present<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Detected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Missing<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Tripped |
| Sensor Description                 |                      | Sensor 4               |        |      | _____                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Change Configuration               |                      | No Change              |        |      | <input type="checkbox"/> No Change<br><input type="checkbox"/> No Sensor Expected<br><input type="checkbox"/> Sensor Expected                                                |



| GENERAL INSTALLATION SETTINGS                | MIN | DEFAULT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | MAX | UNIT    | COMMENTS                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>COMMON CONTROL BLOCK</b>                  |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Nothing To Configure                         |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>ZONE 1</b>                                |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Zone 1 / TRIP 1 Trips On                     |     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 1<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 2<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 3<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 4<br><input type="checkbox"/> CB Feedback Failure |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 1<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 2<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 3<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 4<br><input type="checkbox"/> CB Feedback Failure |
| Trip Input                                   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Enabled                                      |     | Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                                                                       |
| CB ON Input                                  |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Enabled                                      |     | Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                                                                       |
| Function                                     |     | CB is conducting power when input is floating.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> CB is conducting power when input is pulled low.<br><input type="checkbox"/> CB is conducting power when input is floating.                                                                     |
| Trip Output                                  |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Circuit Breaker Type                         |     | Shunt Coil (Trips When Powered)                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Shunt Coil (Trips When Powered)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Undervoltage Coil (Closed While Powered)                                                                                            |
| Circuit Breaker Pulse Time                   | 1   | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 5   | seconds |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Report An Error If Trip Coil Is Not Detected |     | Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>ZONE 2</b>                                |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Zone 2 / TRIP 2 Trips On                     |     | <input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 1<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 2<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 3<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 4<br><input type="checkbox"/> CB Feedback Failure |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 1<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 2<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 3<br><input type="checkbox"/> Light Sensor 4<br><input type="checkbox"/> CB Feedback Failure |
| Trip Input                                   |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Enabled                                      |     | Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                                                                       |
| CB ON Input                                  |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Enabled                                      |     | Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                                                                       |
| Function                                     |     | CB is conducting power when input is floating.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> CB is conducting power when input is pulled low.<br><input type="checkbox"/> CB is conducting power when input is floating.                                                                     |
| Trip Output                                  |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Circuit Breaker Type                         |     | Shunt Coil (Trips When Powered)                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Shunt Coil (Trips When Powered)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Undervoltage Coil (Closed While Powered)                                                                                            |
| Circuit Breaker Pulse Time                   | 1   | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 5   | seconds |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Report An Error If Trip Coil Is Not Detected |     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Enabled <input type="checkbox"/> Disabled                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>COMMUNICATION</b>                         |     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |     |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| TCP IP Address                               |     | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Manual Fixed IP                                                                                                                                                                                            |     |         | <input type="checkbox"/> Manual Fixed IP<br><input type="checkbox"/> Automatic (DHCP)<br><input type="checkbox"/> Automatic (AUTO IP)                                                                                    |
| Manual IP Address                            |     | 192.168.0.99                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |     |         | ____.____.____.____                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| TCP/IP Subnet Mask                           |     | 255.0.0.0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |     |         | ____.____.____.____                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| TCP/IP Default Gateway                       |     | 192.168.0.1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |         | ____.____.____.____                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

| GENERAL INSTALLATION<br>SETTINGS                                       | MIN | DEFAULT | MAX | UNIT | COMMENTS |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------|-----|------|----------|
| <b>ADVANCED</b>                                                        |     |         |     |      |          |
| Possibility To Reset Configuration<br>And Drives – No Setup Parameters |     |         |     |      |          |
| <b>ALARMS</b>                                                          |     |         |     |      |          |
| Shows Currently Standing Alarms                                        |     |         |     |      |          |

## APPENDIX C REDUNDANT TRIP CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

This section details what inputs and outputs are active when the redundant path is activated due to the CPU not running. An independent hardware watchdog stops blocking a hardware path from the trip detection circuits and directly to the outputs.

In this scenario the software is by definition not running, therefore the following functionality is inactive:

- Any programmed delays – everything is directly connected with no intentional delay
- Sensor presence check and health indication
- Any services on the network interface
- USB configuration and log access
- Inhibit functions
- C/B ON and C/B FAIL functions (therefore upstream circuit breaker function won't work)
- LED's will stay in the configuration they had when the software stopped running. Flashing will not work, so LED's which were flashing may be either fully on or off.

Tripping from light and inputs signals will work due to the redundant hardware, but with a simpler setup according to the table below. The ERROR relay will be in the correct state, indicating a unit error. Greyed out inputs and outputs are not read or driven.

| Output Input | TRIP COIL 1 (NOTE 1) | TRIPPED Output 1 | TRIP COIL 2 (NOTE 1) | TRIPPED Output 2 | TRIPPED Relay | C/B FAIL Output | ERROR Relay |
|--------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------|
| INHIBIT 1    |                      |                  |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| TRIP 1       | X                    | X                |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| C/B FB 1     |                      |                  |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| INHIBIT 2    |                      |                  |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| TRIP 2       |                      |                  | X                    | X                |               |                 | X           |
| C/B FB 2     |                      |                  |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| RESET        |                      |                  |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| RESET Button |                      |                  |                      |                  |               |                 | X           |
| SENSOR 1     | X                    | X                | X                    | X                |               |                 | X           |
| SENSOR 2     | X                    | X                | X                    | X                |               |                 | X           |
| SENSOR 3     | X                    | X                | X                    | X                |               |                 | X           |
| SENSOR 4     | X                    | X                | X                    | X                |               |                 | X           |

**NOTE 1:** When SW runs these outputs are pulsed – When controlled via redundant HW, they are held statically as long as the sensor reports light over the threshold, only protected by a thermal protection circuit (IGBT will disable when too hot).

**NOTE 2:** All light sensor inputs trip both TRIP COILS – normal zone setup is not respected.

## APPENDIX D

### AF0500 REVISION HISTORY

| MANUAL RELEASE DATE | MANUAL REVISION | HARDWARE REVISION<br>(REVISION NUMBER ON<br>PRODUCT LABEL) | FIRMWARE REVISION |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| December 8, 2017    | 0-E-120817      | 1                                                          | 1.00.01           |
| April 8, 2016       | 0-D-040816      |                                                            |                   |
| September 16, 2015  | 0-C-091615      |                                                            |                   |
| June 1, 2015        | 0-B-060115      |                                                            |                   |
| March 2, 2015       | 0-A-030215      | 0                                                          | 1.00.00           |

### MANUAL REVISION HISTORY

#### Revision 0-E-120817

##### Section 5

Updated several application figures.

##### Section 10

Updated certification details.

#### Revision 0-D-040816

##### Section 4

Fig. 7 updated.

##### Section 7

Section 7.5 added.

#### Revision 0-C-091615

##### Section 4

Sensor installation and removal notes added.

#### Revision 0-B-060115

##### Section 4

Fig. 4 updated.

##### Section 5

Figs. 10, 11, 12, and 14 updated.

COM terminal note added to Section 5.4.

Coil note added to Section 5.6.

##### Section 6

Supply voltage updated in Section 6.1.2.

##### Section 7

Screen examples added.

##### Section 10

CSA certification added.

CE EMC standards updated.

Output relay specifications updated.

##### Appendix C

Table updated.

#### Revision 0-A-030215

Initial release.

**HARDWARE REVISION HISTORY****Hardware Revision 1**

Minor production changes.

**Hardware Revision 0**

Initial release.

**FIRMWARE REVISION HISTORY****Firmware Revision 1.00.01**

PCB ID updated.

**Firmware Revision 1.00.00**

Initial release.

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