

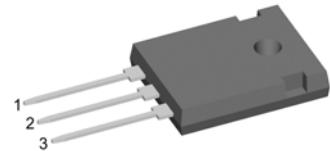
Thyristor

V_{RRM} = 1600 V
 I_{TAV} = 40 A
 V_T = 1,34 V

Three Quadrants operation: QI - QIII
1~ Triac

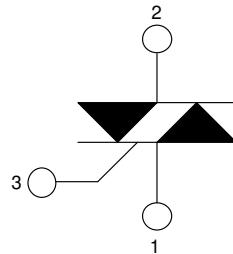
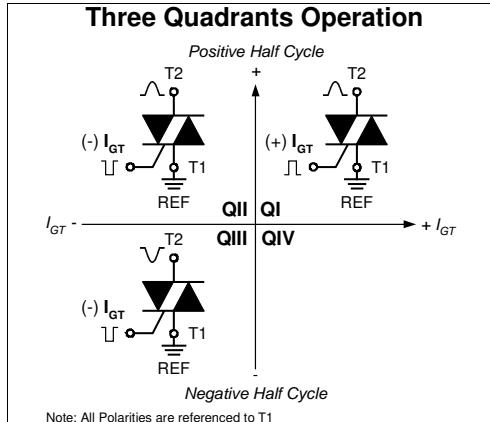
Part number

CMA80MT1600NHR



Backside: Isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Triac for line frequency
- Three Quadrants Operation - QI - QIII
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability of blocking currents and voltages

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: ISO247

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

Disclaimer Notice

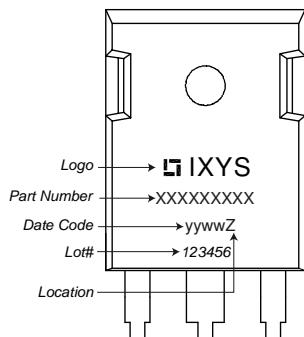
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Rectifier
Ratings

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1700	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1600	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1600 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1600 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		10 2	μA mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 40 A$ $I_T = 80 A$ $I_T = 40 A$ $I_T = 80 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1,36 1,70 1,34 1,78	V V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 95^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		40	A
I_{RMS}	RMS forward current per phase	180° sine			88	A
V_{TO}	threshold voltage	r_T slope resistance } for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0,89	V
					11,3	$m\Omega$
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0,65	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0,25	K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		190	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		380 410 325 350	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		720 700 530 510	A^2s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		14	pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 300 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^\circ C$		10 5 0,5	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation					W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 90 A$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0,2 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0,2 A; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 40 A$			150	$A/\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		500	$V/\mu s$
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1,7 1,9	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		± 70 ± 90	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		0,2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				± 1	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$ $I_G = 0,2 A; di_G/dt = 0,2 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		100	mA
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		70	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0,5 A; di_G/dt = 0,5 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	μs
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 40 A; V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s; dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s; t_p = 200 \mu s$			150	μs

Package ISO247			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				6		g
M_D	mounting torque		0,8		1,2	Nm
F_c	mounting force with clip		20		120	N
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air		terminal to terminal	2,7		mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$			terminal to backside	4,1		mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	$t = 1$ second $t = 1$ minute	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA		3600 3000	V V

Product Marking



Part description

C = Thyristor (SCR)
 M = Thyristor
 A = (up to 1800V)
 80 = Current Rating [A]
 MT = 1~ Triac
 1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 N = Three Quadrants operation: Q1 - QIII
 HR = ISO247 (3)

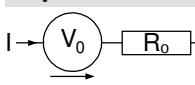
Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CMA80MT1600NHR	CMA80MT1600NHR	Tube	30	521828

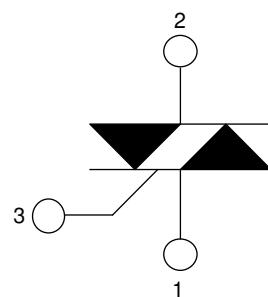
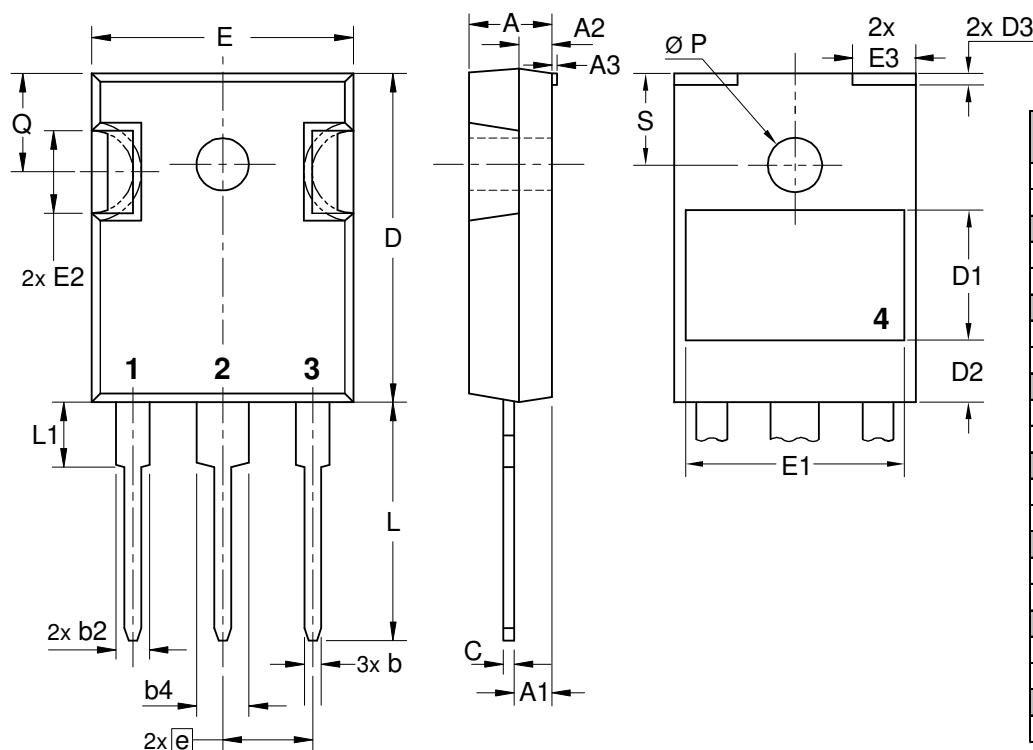
Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CMA80MT1600NHB	TO-247AD (3)	1600

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$

	Thyristor	
V_0		
$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0,89 V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	8,8 mΩ

Outlines ISO247


Thyristor

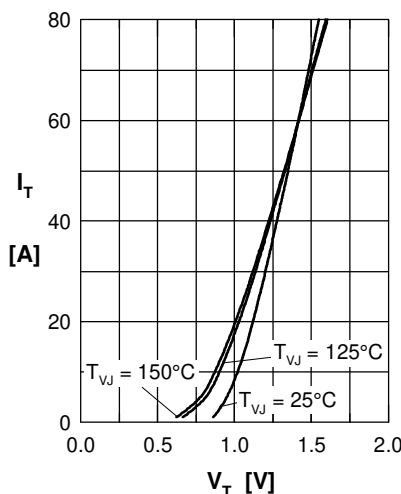


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

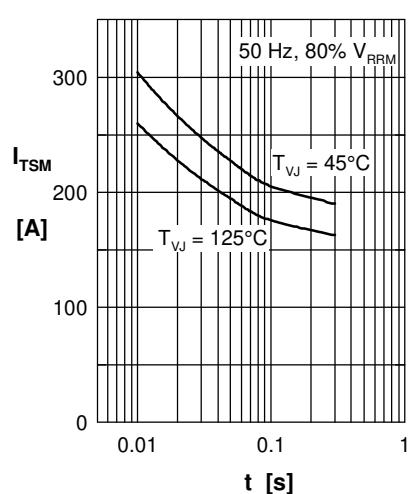


Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : duration

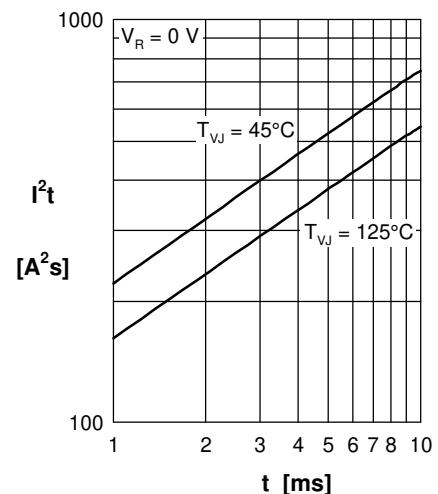


Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)

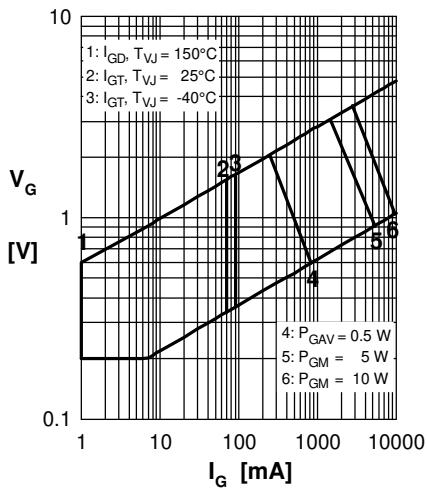


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

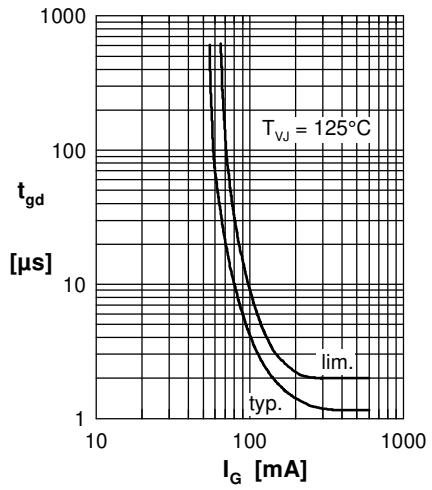


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd}

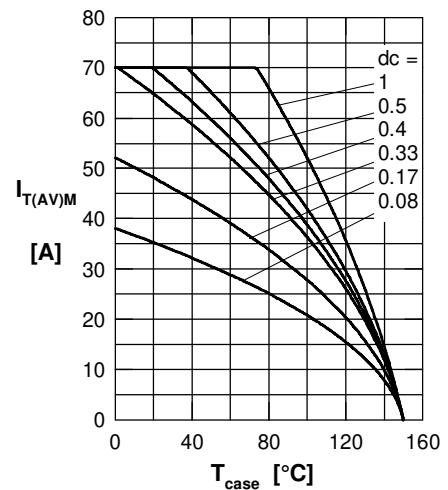


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

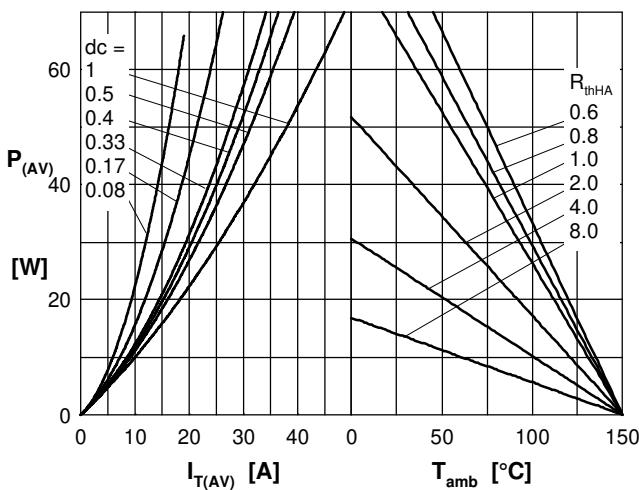


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
Fig. 7b Power dissipation versus ambient temperature

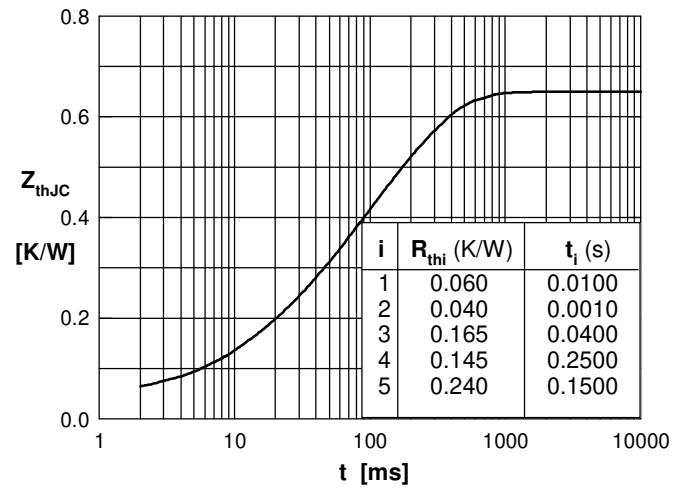


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case